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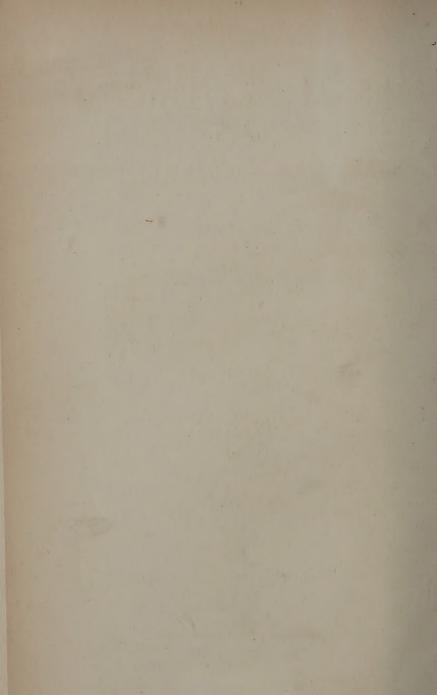


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"MISSALE GOTHICUM"

A GALLICAN SACRAMENTARY

MS. VATICAN. REGIN. LAT. 317.

EDITED

WITH INTRODUCTION,
DIPLOMATIC AND LITURGICAL NOTES

RV

H. M. BANNISTER, M.A., D.LITT.

Pembroke College, Oxford.

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PREFACE.

If an apology be considered necessary for a fresh edition of a manuscript which has already been printed several times, it lies in the facts that, so far as can be ascertained, no editor has seen the ms. itself since it was first published in 1680, and that since its last edition by Neale and Forbes, more than half a century ago, very marked progress has been made both in palæographical and liturgical research.

All liturgical studies must now be based on the text of the ms. and not on printed editions, and it is only when the ms. itself has been thoroughly investigated, and by means of photography made accessible to students of all countries, that we are enabled to judge of its date and *scriptorium*, matters of the very first

import for any deductions that can be drawn from it.

In the liturgical field, in addition to the lately discovered evidence of such kindred Eastern materials as are contained in the "Peregrinatio Silviae" and the Sacramentary of Serapion, which disclose the fourth-century ritual of Palestine and Egypt, we can now study in facsimile the two most valuable Irish liturgica, the Stowe Missal and the Bangor Antiphonary; that of the so-called Bobbio Missal is already in type; we have the text of one of the oldest Ambrosian missals; the Mozarabic liturgy is now, thanks to the two works of Dom Férotin, revealed from manuscript sources, whilst scientifically critical editions of the Leonianum, the Gelasianum and the Gregorianum are now accessible to all.

With the facsimiles or editions of nearly a dozen sacramentaries or missals opened to us during the last fifty years, all of them throwing light on the text before us, it has seemed that the time has come to render available to liturgical students and others a manuscript of the highest interest as the oldest and nearly perfect Sacramentary of the Church in the West.

The need of a fresh edition of the ms. has been frequently urged; thus L. Delisle, *Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes*, xxxvii (1876), p. 479, says that the old editions, though "bien suffisantes pour les études liturgiques, laissent beaucoup à désirer quant à l'exactitude littérale," and in his *Mémoire sur d'anciens Sacramentaires*, Paris, 1886, p. 71, speaks of them as not giving "une idée exacte de la barbarie orthographique du manuscrit";

whilst in an article in Mémoires de la Société Éduenne, viii (1879), p. 479, he writes: "Il serait donc utile que ce precieux ms. fut publié de nouveau par un éditeur competent et soigneux, qui conservât au texte l'étrange saveur mérovingienne du ms." More recently Dom Cabrol, Introduction aux Études liturgiques, Paris, 1907, p. 24, n1, speaking of the early Gallican and other Sacramentaries, concludes: "ils attendent encore une réédition soignée," and on p. 132, referring to the past editions: "Ces éditions sont souvent insuffisantes. On se faisait à cette époque cette fausse idée que l'on pouvait combiner les textes liturgiques, c'est-à-dire qu'étant donnés trois ou quatre manuscrits similaires, on faisait un choix plus ou moins arbitraire, au lieu d'éditer le texte avec les variantes suivant les méthodes de la philologie moderne." Later still the Séminaire historique of the University of Louvain, 1912, demands: "Ce qu'il faut maintenant, semble t'il, c'est la réédition critique des textes imprimés, la recherche et l'enregistrement des détails et, avant tout, l'édition des manuscrits des sacramentaires importants."

The promised publication for the Vatican library of a phototypic edition of our manuscript, which is one of their greatest treasures, simplifies the work of the present editor; some ten years ago he felt very strongly that an endeavour should be made to represent in type as closely as was possible the various scripts and the coloured designs of the ms., and that with this object in view it would be necessary to employ various sizes and sorts of type to match in some way the size and the colours of the original script. The expense, however, was found to be fatal to such a scheme; hence the willingness of the Vatican library authorities to meet the need by a photographic edition was as acceptable as it was generous. Even this, however, will not absolve us from the necessity of giving a detailed account of the colours employed on every page, which photography at present cannot well reproduce.

As to the liturgical notes on the text, those in the edition of Neale and Forbes were much fuller and better than those of their predecessors; but their edition has long been out of print, and is now very difficult to procure. Their notes, however, are so valuable that no scruple has been felt in reproducing nearly all of them, naturally with corrections where needed, and with additions. The present work, which might be called a second edition of Neale and Forbes, if it confined itself to a collection of liturgical notes, goes, however, as will be seen, very much further

in its scope.

As to the title which the present work should bear, it is with many misgivings that the editor retains, even between inverted

commas, that of *Missale Gothicum*, for it is not a Missal, but a pure Sacramentary, and the word Gothic in its time has borne many different meanings; at any rate, it was so called about five centuries ago, when someone inserted this title at what was then, and is still, the first page of the ms. One cannot say what he intended by it; it may, like other expressions—e.g., "longobardicum"—have simply meant that to him *Gothicum* was synonymous with "ignotum," or he may have known by tradition something of its history and labelled it *gothicum* (*visigothicum*), a title for which there would be authority if, as was supposed, it was written in or near Narbonne when under Visigothic rule. *Cf.* Mabillon, *De liturg. gallic.*, 1685, p. 175: "ut non temere *Gothicum* dixerit, quisquis sit ille, qui recentiorem titulum codici apposuit." Whether the line subsequently drawn through the words was intended as a correction it is impossible to say.

The title was retained in the *Bibliotheca Patrum*, ed. M. de la Bigne, Paris, 1575, Vol. III, c. 147, "vetustissimum manuscriptum gotticum missale," but Cardinal Bona, in comparing its contents with those of the Gothic or Mozarabic Missal of Cardinal Ximenius, calls our ms. "missale gallicanum." Tomasi, the first editor of the "Gothicum," though he retained the title "Missale Gothicum," added that of "sive Gallicanum vetus" in the title page and at the head of his *Index Capitulorum*, p. 396. This was unfortunate, as in the same work he applies the latter title to ms. Palat. lat. 493, and the confusion has lately been increased by the latter title alone being applied to our ms. in *Specimina codicum Latinorum Vaticanorum*, Bonnae, 1912, tab. 18, "Missale quod per-

peram Gothicum, verius Gallicanum vetus vocatur."

Mabillon was of opinion that "Gothicum" was the title which should be applied to the Liturgy of Spain and "Gallicanum" to that of France; he therefore chose a different second title for our ms., viz., "seu Gothico-Gallicanum," as he believed it to have been copied for Narbonne in the time of the Visigothic occupation: "nempe apud Septimanos vel Novempopulanos," De liturgia gallicana, 1685, p. 175. This title was retained by Gavantus, Thesaurus sacrorum rituum, published in 1749.

Muratori, in re-editing Tomasi, retains his two titles; Neale and Forbes, on the other hand, follow Mabillon in adding "seu Gothico-Gallicanum," a title which still finds upholders—e.g., Dr. K. A. Heinrich Kellner, *Heortology*, English edition, London,

1908, passim.

¹ Pellechet and Delisle ascribe this addition to the fifteenth century; Ehrensberger, a less competent palæographer, to the seventeenth. The title, "Missa Romana," which is now prefixed to the ms. of the "Gallicanum vetus," is of much later date (seventeenth or even eighteenth century), made when the ms. was in the possession of the Vatican library, possibly in order to distinguish it from the "Missale Gothicum."

Until the time comes when the literary world will be content with the press-mark of the ms., the title of "Missale Gothicum" is the only one which should be used; "On est bien obligé de le maintenir, encore qu'inexact" says Dom Wilmart, Revue bénédictine, xxix (1912), p. 381. At any rate, it has older authority than that of "Gelasianum" as applied by Muratori for the first time in 1748 to the Sacramentarium romanae ecclesiae, which he then re-edited.

But of a truth such traditional, but misleading or inaccurate, titles as Mozarabic, Gelasian, Gregorian, etc., are very hard to abolish: they have come to stay and die hard. Did the editor consult his own feelings, he would be content to describe this work as an edition of ms. Vatic. Regin. lat. 317.

It only remains to thank most sincerely the four members of the Henry Bradshaw Society, who throughout the progress of this work have ungrudgingly given their assistance; our Vice-President, Fr. Ehrle, for providing all those privileges which have made the Vatican library the Mecca of scholars for so many years, for falling in with all the suggestions and wishes of the Society and for that genial sympathy and encouragement which has continuously cheered on the editor; our other Vatican Vice-President, Mgr. Giovanni Mercati, has been equally kind; no appeal has ever been made in vain to his great stores of liturgical knowledge, and the editor is specially indebted to him for countless suggestions on the text, which occupied a large portion of his summer vacation of 1914.

It is deeply to be regretted that Mr. Edmund Bishop, one of our Vice-Presidents, passed away before the publication of this work, of which he was more or less the sponsor, for its inception is really due to his urgent demand for it: his advice and criticism were never sought in vain on the subject which was very near his

heart.

No volume of the H. B. S. publications fails to recall the valued assistance of our Chairman, Dr. J. Wickham Legg, and of our Hon. Secretary, the Rev. H. A. Wilson: without the urgent entreaties of the former this work would never have been begun; without the constant encouragement and revision of the latter, it would never have been finished.

H. M. B.

OXFORD, *Nov.* 23, 1916.

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Symbol.	Cited by	
		I. Gallican.
Mo.	missa and page	1. Lateinische und griechische Messen aus dem zweiten bis sechsten Jahrhundert (Karlsruhe Hof und Landesbibliothek, ms. Aug. ccliii). Franz Joseph Mone. 4°, Frankfurt am Main,
P.L.	col.	1850. [Reprinted in Migne, P.L., cxxxviii, col. 863–882, and in Neale and Forbes, vide infra, pp. 1-31. A more accurate account of the various missae is given by Dom Wilmart, R.B., xxvii (1911), pp. 377–390.]
Go.		2. "Missale Gothicum" (ms. Vatic. Regin. lat.
Th.	page	317, saec vii/viii); cited from: Codices sacramentorum nongentis annis vetustiores, nimirum Libri III. Sacramentorum Romanæ Ecclesiæ. Missale Gothicum, sive Gallicanum Vétus. Missale Francorum. Missale Gallicanum Vetus. Primum prodeunt. Cura et studio Ioseph Mariæ Thomasii Congreg. Clericorum Reg. Presbyteri. 4°, Romæ, 1680; pp. 263–397.
Mab.	page	De liturgia gallicana Libri III. in quibus veteris missae, Quæ ante annos mille apud Gallos in usu erat, forma ritusque eruuntur ex antiquis monumentis, Lectionario Gallicano hactenus inedito, & tribus Missalibus Thomasianis, quæ integra referuntur Opera et studio Domni Johannis Mabillon, Presbyteri & monachi Ord. S. Benedicti è Congregatione S. Mauri. 4°, Luteciæ Parisiorum, 1685; pp. 188–300. [Reprinted, with the same pagination for Go., 4°, Parisiis, 1729 and in Migne, P.L., lxxii, col. 225–318.]
Mur.	col.	Liturgia Romana vetus tria sacramentaria complectens, Leonianum scilicet, Gelasia- num, et antiquum Gregorianum, edente

Symbol.	Cited by	
		I. GALLICAN—contd.
	-	Ludovico Antonio Muratorio
Vez.	page	Aretiis, 1767–1773; vol. iii, col. 197–438.] Venerabilis viri Josephi Mariæ Thomasii Cler. regul. S.R.E. Cardinalis opera omnia ad mss. codd. recensuit notisque auxit Antonius Franciscus Vezzosi C. R.; 7 vol., 4°, Romæ, 1747–1754; vol. vi (1751),
N.F.	page	pp. 231–340. The ancient liturgies of the Gallican Church; now first collected, with an introductory dissertation, notes, and various readings, together with parallel passages from the Roman, Ambrosian and Mozarabic Rites; by J. M. Neale, M.A., Warden of Sackville College; and G. H. Forbes. 8vo, Burntisland, 1855 (pp. 32–150).
G.V.		3. Missale Gallicanum vetus (ms. Vatic. Palat. lat. 493; saec. viij); cited from:
Mur.	col.	Muratori, Liturgia Romana vetus, op. cit., vol. ii, col. 697–760; [Reprinted, Aretiis, 1771; vol. iii, col. 499–602.] Originally published by Thomasius, op. cit., pp. 433–492; thence in Thomasii opera, ed. Vezzosi, op. cit., vol. vi, pp. 369–416. Also in Mabillon, De liturg. gallic., op. cit.; pp. 329–378; reprinted with same pagination, ed. Paris, 1729.

Bo. Mur.	col. no. of section	I. Gallican—contd. Neale and Forbes, op. cit., pp. 151-204. Migne, P.L., lxxii, col. 339-382. 4. "Sacramentarium Gallicanum" or "Bobiense" (ms. Paris, B.N. lat. 13246; saec. viii), cited from: Muratori, Lit. Rom. vet., op. cit., vol. ii, col. 775-968; [Reprinted, ed. Aretiis, 1771, vol. iii, col. 617-926], and from The transcript of the ms., now in type, made for Dr. J. Wickham Legg. Originally published in: Museum Italicum seu Collectio veterum scriptorum ex bibliothecis Italicis eruta a D. Johanne Mabillon & D. Michaele Germain presbyteris & monachis Benedictinæ Cong. S. Mauri. 2 vol., 4°, Luteciæ Parisiorum, 1687 (vol. i, pars 2, pp. 278-397). [Reprinted, ed. Paris, 4°, 1724, same pagination, and in Migne, P.L., lxxii, col. 451-580.] Also, incomplete, in Neale & Forbes, op. cit., pp. 205-368.
Lect. Lux.		5. Lectionarium Luxoviense (ms. Paris, B.N., lat. 9427; saec. vii/viij), ed. Mabillon, De liturg. gallic., op. cit., pp. 97–173. [Reprinted in Migne, P.L., lxxii, col. 171–216.]
Kal. Lux.		 Kalendarium Luxoviense (ms. Paris, B.N., lat. 14086, ff. 1-6, saec. viij), ed. Martene & Durand, Thesaurus novus anecdotorum, vol. iii, fol. Paris, 1717, col. 1591-4. Benedictional; ms. Munich, clm. 6430; saec. viii & ix, copied for Freising from an Autun exemplar of saec. vii ex.; cited from R.B. xxix (1912), p. 168 sq.

Symbol.	Cited by	
		II. Mozarabic.
Lib. Ord.	page	1. Monumenta ecclesiae liturgica, vol. v. Le Liber Ordinum Dom Marius Férotin, 4º, Paris, 1904.
L.M.S.	no. of section	2. Monumenta ecclesiae liturgica, vol. vi. Le Liber Mozarabicus Sacramentorum (ms. Toledo, 35, 3; saec. x/xi) et les mss. moz- arabes. D. Marius Férotin, fol., Paris, 1912.
Miss. Moz.	p., lin.	3. Missale mixtum secundum regulam beati Isidori dictum Mozarabes, præfatione, notis,
	col., lin.	et appendice ab Alexandro Lesleo, S. J. sacerdote ordinatum. 4°, Romae, 1755. [Reprinted in: Missale Gothicum secundum regulam beati Isidori Hispalensis episcopi jussu Cardinalis Francisci Ximenii de Cisneros in usum Mozarabum prius editum, denuo opere et impensa Cardinalis Francisci Antonii Lorenzanæ recognitum et recusum, fol. Romæ, 1804; and in Migne, P.L., lxxxiv, col. 109–1036.]
		III. CELTIC.
		1. The Antiphonary of Bangor (ms. Milan, Ambros. C. 5 inf., saec. vij ex.); ed. F. E. Warren; 2 vol., 4°, London, 1893, 1895 (Henry Bradshaw Society, vols. iv, x).
Stowe.	fol. of ms.	2. The Stowe Missal (ms. Royal Irish Academy, D, II, 3, saec. ix in.); ed. Sir G. F. Warner; 2 vol., 4°, London, 1906; 1915; (Henry Bradshaw Society, vols. xxxi, xxxii).
C.C.C.O.	page	3. The ms. Irish Missal Corpus Christi College, Oxford (ms. 504, saec. xiii), F. E. Warren, B.D., 8°, London, 1879. (The ms. is in the main of the Roman class, but is included here as containing variations and forms which may be attributed to Irish influence.)

Symbol.	Cited by	
		III. CELTIC—contd.
L.C.C.	page	4. The Liturgy and Ritual of the Celtic Church. F. E. Warren, B.D., 8°, Oxford, 1881.
		IV. Ambrosian.
Bi.	page	1. Monumenta sacra et profana, opera collegii doctorum bibliothecae Ambrosianae. Vol. viii, Mediolani. (ms. Ambros. A 24 bis inf.; ms. missal of Biasca, saec. ix ex.); not yet published; cited from proof sheets, so far as printed, kindly supplied by Dr. J. Wickham Legg.
Be.	no. of collect	2. Ad utramque I. P. Migne Patrologiam Supplementum sive Auctarium Solesmense; Series liturgica, Tomus I. Veterum Ambrosi- anæ liturgiæ Monumentorum, etc. Vol. I, fasc. I. Codex sacramentorum Bergomensis. (saec. ix ex.); 4°, Solesmis, 1900.
Amb. iv.	col., lin.	3. Monumenta sacra et profana, etc., cit. supra, vol. iv. Missale Ambrosianum duplex cum critico commentario continuo ex manuscriptis schedis Ant. M. Ceriani ediderunt A. Ratti, M. Magistretti. 4°, Mediolani, 1913.
P.A.	page	4. Liturgica Latinorum Iacobi Pamelii canonici Brugensis digesta, 2 vol., 4°, Coloniae Agrippinae, 1571 (vol. i, pp. 293–457. Ambrosianae missae ritus et ordo). [Reprinted, with same pagination, as: Missale ss. patrum latinorum sive Liturgicon latinum Jacobo Pamelio. 2 vol., 4°, Coloniae, 1609; and as: Rituale patrum latinorum sive Liturgicon latinorum, 2 vol., 4°, Coloniae, 1675.]
Gb. (Amb.)	page	5. Monumenta veteris liturgiae Alemannicae Martinus Gerbertus, 2 vol., 4°, typis San-Blasianis, 1777–1779, "ex codice ambrosiano."

Symbol.	Cited by	
		V. Roman.
Ln.		r. "Sacramentarium Leonianum" (ms. capit. Veronen., lxxxv, saec. vij): cited from:
Mur.	col.	Murator, Lit. Rom. vetus, op. cit., vol. i, col. 289–484; [reprinted, Aretiis, 1771, vol. i, col. 481–780].
F.	p., lin.	Charles Lett Feltoe, B.D., 8°, Cambridge, 1896.
		Originally published in: Josephus Blanchinus. Codex sacramentorumRomanae ecclesiae, in Anastasii Bibliothecarii de vitis Romanorum pontificumsub auspiciis Clementis XII, 4 vol., fol., Romae, 1718-35 (vol. iv, pp. xii-lvii); afterwards in: Sancti Leonis magnioperacurantibus Petro et Hieronimo fratribus Balleriniis, 3 vol., fol., Venetiis, 1753-7 (vol. ii, col. 1-160); [Reprinted hence in: Migne, P.L., lv, col. 21-158.] Codex liturgicus ecclesiae universae
Fr.		2. Missale Francorum (ms. Vatic. Regin. lat. 257, saec. viij); cited from:
Mur.	col.	Muratori, Lit. Rom. vetus, op. cit., vol. ii, col. 661–694, [reprinted, Aretiis, 1711, vol. iii, col. 439–496]. Originally published in: Thomasius, op. cit., pp. 398–431; thence in Thomasii opera, ed. Vezzosi, op. cit., vi, pp. 341–68. also in Mabillon, De liturg. gallic., op. cit. and ed. Paris, 1729, pp. 301–28; thence in Migne, P.L., lxxii, col. 317–40.
Gl.		3. Sacramentarium Gelasianum (ms. Vatic. Regin. lat. 316; saec. viij med.), cited from:

Symbol.	Cited by	
		V. Roman—contd.
Mur.	col.	Muratori, Lit. Rom. vetus, op. cit., vol. i, col. 493-776; ed. Aretiis, 1771, vol. i, col. 1-444; [reprinted thence in Migne, P.L., lxxiv, col. 1055-1244].
Gl. (W).	page	Liber sacramentorum Romanae ecclesiae, H. A. Wilson, M.A., 8°, Oxford, 1894; edited from:
V. R.		ms. Vatic. Regin. lat. 316, saec. viii med., ms. Zurich, Kantonalbibliothek, ms. Rheinau 30, saec. viii,
S.		ms. St. Gall. 348; saec. viij. (Originally published by: Thomasius, op. cit., pp. 13-262 (Thomasii opera, ed. Vezzosi, op. cit., vi, pp. 3-229); also in Codex liturgicus
Gb.	page	Monumenta veteris liturgiae Alemannicae, Martinus Gerbertus, 2 vol., 4°, typis san- Blasianis, 1777–9.
Re. (Ch.)	page	Sacramentarium Remense. U. Chevalier. Bibliothèque liturgique, vol. vii. Sacramentaire et Martyrologe de l'Abbaye de Saint-Remy, 8°, Paris, 1900 (ms. A.D. 798–800).
Re. (Ben.)	col.	S. Gregorii Papæ I Opera omnia studio et labore monachorum ordinis S. Benedicti è congregatione Sancti Mauri. Vol. iv, fol., Parisiis, 1705 (vol. iii, col. 625–648); i.e. ms. Rheims 418 (450), saec. xi, Cod. S. Theoderici Remensis; thence in Migne, P.L., lxxviii, col. 608–628.
Gg. Mur.	col.	4. Sacramentarium Gregorianum; cited from: Muratori, Lit. Rom. vetus, op. cit., vol. ii, col. 1–508 (ed. Aretiis, 1771, vol. ii, col. 491–1118),
Gg. (W).	page	and from: The Gregorian Sacramentary under Charles the Great. H. A. Wilson, M.A., 8°, London,

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R. O. C. Me,	page	V. Roman—contd. 1915 (Henry Bradshaw Society, vol. xlix); edited from: ms. Vatic. Regin. lat., 337, saec. ix 1/2, ms. Vatic. Ottob. lat. 313, saec. ix 2/2, ms. Cambrai 164 (159), c. A.D. 811/2. Divi Gregorii papæ I liber Sacramentorum ex missali ms. Sancti Eligii Bibliothecæ Corbeiensis (ms. Paris, B.N., lat. 12051, saec. x). Fr. Hugo Menardus 4°, Paris, 1642; [reprinted in S. Gregori Opera omnia studio et labore mona chorum ordinis S. Benedicti op. cit. vol. iii, col. 1—240 and in Migne, P.L., lxxviii col. 25—264.] Liturgicon ecclesiae Latinae Iacobi Pamelii cit. supr., 4°, Coloniae Agrippinae, 1571 vol. ii, pp. 177—387. Sacramentorum libr tres: quorum primus est divi Gregorii (ms. Cologne 88 or 137, saec. ix ex.); [re printed, with same pagination, Coloniae, 1600 and 1675]. also in Tomus secundus operum D. Gregori papae fol. Antuerpiae, 1672, and in Migne, P.L., cxxi, col. 797—926. Angelo Rocca; Sancti Gregorii magni operum fol. Romae, 1588—93. Tom v (1593), pp. 49—206; (ms. Vatic. lat. 3086 c. A.D. 1000).
P.G.	page	
		VI. MISCELLANEOUS.
Cerne.	page	Mr. Edmund Bishop's notes in The Prayer Book of Aedeluald the bishop, commonly called the Book of Cerne. A. B. Kuypers. 4°, Cambridge, 1902.
Lf.	page	The Leofric missal F. E. Warren, B.D., F.S.A., 4°, Oxford, 1883 (ms. Bodley 579, saec. xi 2/2).

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		VI. MISCELLANEOUS—contd.
Jum,	page	The Missal of Robert of Jumièges, H. A. Wilson, M.A., 8°, London, 1896; (Henry Bradshaw Society, vol. xl; ms. Rouen Y. 6, saec. xi in.).
Egb.	p a ge	The Pontifical of Egbert, ms. Paris, B.N., lat. 10575; saec. x med.; Surtees Society, vol. 27.
Æ.	page	The Benedictional of Saint Æthelwold saec. x, edited for the Roxburghe Club, Oxford, 1910.
Rob.	page	The Benedictional of Archbishop Robert, edited by H. A. Wilson, M.A., 8°, London, 1902; (Henry Bradshaw Society, vol. xxiv; ms. Rouen, Y. 7; saec. x ex.).
Cant.	page	The Canterbury Benedictional; ms. B.M., Harl. 2892; saec. xi.; (Henry Bradshaw Society, vol. li).
Ram.		The Benedictional of Canterbury, formerly attributed to Ramsey, ms. Paris, B.N., lat. 987; saec, x ex. and xi.
R.B. J.T.S. H.A.W. G.M.	page page	Articles in Revue bénédictine. Articles in the Journal of Theological Studies. Notes by the Rev. H. A. Wilson. Notes by the Rev. Monsig. G. Mercati.

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M. Gerbert. Vetus liturgia Alemannica, etc., 2 vol., 4°, Sanblasien, 1776 (Pars i, disq. ii, p. 71).

P. Augustini Krazer De apostolicis necnon antiquis ecclesiæ occidentalis liturgiis, etc. 8°, Augustae Vindeliciorum, 1786; pp. 60–63.

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INTRODUCTION.

I. PREVIOUS EDITIONS.

THE "Missale Gothicum" was not edited as a whole before 1680; but before that date the manuscript had attracted attention, and some parts of its text had been printed.

(1) The text of the Missa in caena domini was published in the sixth volume of the Bibliotheca Patrum, edited by

Margarin de la Bigne (Paris, 1575), p. 155.

(2) Cardinal Bona (Rerum Liturgicarum libri duo, 4to, Romae, 1671, pp. 77 sqq.), after describing the main features of the Gallican rite, mentions two manuscripts in Rome as exemplifying that rite. One of these was "Missale Gothicum," which he had examined in the Queen of Sweden's Library; the other was the "Missale vetus Gallicanum" (MS. Vatic. Palat. 493). He prints two masses (those for the feasts of St. Stephen and St. Martin) from the former, comparing them with the masses of the Mozarabic missal.

The readings of the *Bibliotheca Patrum* and of Bona are noted in an appendix to the text in the present volume.

It was probably Bona's mention of the manuscript which drew to it the attention of GIUSEPPE MARIA TOMASI, its first editor. He transcribed the whole of the text, and published it, together with other early Sacramentaries, in his *Codices Sacramentorum nongentis annis vetustiores* (4to, Romae, 1680), pp. 263-397.

Tomasi's edition is a very careful one, with very few misprints: but it has few notes, and was only intended as a text for future study. He aimed at a reproduction of the actual text of the manuscript, save for the correction of errors "qui fastidium magis facerent. quam fidem," retaining in general the "barbarisms and solecisms" of the original, especially those which might be

emended in more ways than one: and he appended at the end of his work a "recensionem ad fidem Exemplarium," after a collation of his printed text with the manuscripts he had employed, showing the actual form of the manuscript text where he had found that his own text was inexact. The corrections for the "Missale Gothicum" in this list are fourteen in number. They do not exhaust the whole number of errors of transcription; but Tomasi's work was of a higher standard than that of most editors of his day.

The next editor was JEAN MABILLON, who published in his work entitled *De Liturgia Gallicana libri tres* (4to, Paris, 1685), together with the Luxeuil Lectionary, which he had himself discovered, the three Gallican texts which Tomasi had issued in 1680. The reason he alleges is the scarcity of copies of Tomasi's edition, and the need of the texts for the study of his own work. He added some marginal notes and made numerous emendations in Tomasi's text.

Of the quality of Mabillon's work, the later editors, Neale and

Forbes, say:—

"We cannot here withhold our tribute of admiration for the skill which he displayed in amending the very faulty text which the Italian had given with scarcely any alteration from the ms. Almost all the numerous errors which are to be found noted in the margin of the present edition as occurring in it, have been corrected by the diligence of the learned Benedictine; though it would certainly have been more satisfactory had he not done so sub silentio; and the more so, because many of the readings which he has altered, rather proceed from the infima latinitas of the time, than from mistakes of the copyist."

This opinion is on the whole well justified, but it must be acknowledged that Mabillon's emendations are not always felicitous; nor is his text by any means free from misprints. It may be added that he sometimes follows Tomasi in manifest mistakes, and that he has taken no account of the *recensio*. It seems quite clear that he had not examined the manuscript afresh, and that he depended mainly upon his own ingenuity for

the improvement of Tomasi's text.

The edition of LUDOVICO ANTONIO MURATORI is contained in the second volume of the work to which he gave the somewhat misleading title of *Liturgia Romana vetus*, published at Venice

¹ The Ancient Liturgies of the Gallican Church, 8vo, Burntisland, 1855, p. v. See also p. 232, note d.

(2 vols., fol.) in 1748. It is practically a printer's edition, reproducing Tomasi's text with a very small number of amendments and some additional errors. In two of his corrections he agrees with Mabillon; but these are not of such a kind as to suggest dependence on Mabillon's edition, which it seems most likely that Muratori did not use. He prints the corrections of Tomasi's recensio as footnotes to the text, sometimes omitting altogether the "l." of Tomasi's table, sometimes expanding it as "Var. lect. leg," but without other explanation. It is perhaps to be regretted that this edition, the least correct of all, should be that which is best known and most frequently cited.

The task of editing the collected works of Tomasi had been undertaken, before Muratori's work appeared, by ANTONIO FRANCESCO VEZZOSI.2 The first volume was issued in 1747, the sixth, which contained the new edition of the *Codices* Sacramentorum, in 1751. Vezzosi complains of the hasty character of Muratori's work; but his own seems also to have been somewhat hurried, and shows signs of this in misprints and omissions. In dealing with the Gelasianum he had before him a copy of Tomasi's edition, with Tomasi's autograph corrections and additional notes3; but for the "Missale Gothicum" he seems to have had no similar material. He took account, however, of the readings recorded in Tomasi's recensio, placing them at the foot of the text, parted by a rule from his own additional notes. He states that he collated the manuscript of the *Gelasianum*; but he makes no similar claim with regard to the "Missale Gothicum," and there seems to be no reason to think that he examined this manuscript at all. He made use of Mabillon's edition, and occasionally accepts his emendations, sometimes without acknowledgment; more frequently he cites them without accepting them; more often still he ignores them altogether, sometimes carelessly. When he ventures on a suggestion of his own, as against Mabillon, he is frequently

The 72nd volume of Migne's *Patrologia Latina* (1849) contains (col. 225–318) a reprint of Mabillon's edition: "Missale Gothicum seu Gothico-Gallicanum."

¹ This work was reprinted in 3 vols. 4to, published at Arezzo in 1771. It is also included in the collection of the works of Muratori published at Naples in 1757-64, and at Arezzo in 1767-73.

and at Arezzo in 1767-73.

² An earlier attempt, made by Giuseppe Bianchini, had for its result a single volume (fol., Romae, 1741). This did not include the "Missale Gothicum."

³ This is now in the Biblioteca Angelica at Rome (H. 12. 4).

The last and by far the best edition is that of J. M. NEALE and G. H. FORBES, in *The Ancient Liturgies of the Gallican Church*, 8vo, Burntisland, 1855 (pp. 32–150). This work was issued in parts, printed at Mr. Forbes' press, under his own supervision, and was, unhappily, never completed; but the "Missale Gothicum" was finished in the second of the three parts actually published.

By far the larger share of the work was due to Mr. Forbes, an author whose services to liturgical studies are too little known or remembered; he was, to quote Mr. Edmund Bishop (*Book of Cerne*, p. 236), "facile princeps among those who have dealt with

the Western Liturgy in the last century."

Unfortunately, the editors did not see either the original manuscript or Tomasi's own edition. They describe frankly the mode

in which their text was constructed:

"The text has been formed by a careful collation of the editions of Vezzosi, Mabillon, and Muratori. When the first and third of these agree in differing from Mabillon, the reading [i.e., that of Vezzosi's text] has been given as that of the ms. But in the few instances in which Muratori agrees with Mabillon, it has been supposed to be a change of Vezzosi's, and is marked

accordingly."

From what has been said above, it will be seen that this method could not be relied upon to produce a text accurately agreeing with the original; and the editors were misled as to the real character of the annotations taken by Vezzosi from Tomasi's recensio, supposing them to be suggestions or conjectural emendations of Vezzosi or of Tomasi. But Mr. Forbes brought his own critical powers to bear on the emendation of the text, and did so with considerable effect. In forty-six places the editors do not accept the corrections proposed by Mabillon, and give one of their own: in sixty other places they suggest a reading where Mabillon has left Tomasi's text unaltered; and in the majority of these cases it will be felt that they have right on their side. In a good many cases they are content to leave the text unamended, taking note of the apparent corruption, but proposing no solution of their own.

But the chief value, perhaps, of this edition lies in the parallel passages supplied from the Roman, Ambrosian and Mozarabic rites, and in the attempt to shew, by the type employed, what belonged peculiarly to the Gallican rite, and consequently what Gaul had borrowed from Rome, and how far the Mozarabic was the ancestor of the Gallican.

As explained in the Preface, an effort has been made to incorporate in the present work the really valuable results of this edition.

Monsignore Luigi Marchesi, in his work entitled *La liturgia gallicana ne' primi otto secoli della chiesa* (2 vols., 8°, Roma, 1867), has reprinted (Vol. I, pp. 18–70) the text of Muratori, from the Arezzo edition of 1771.

Lastly, certain portions of the text have been published from the manuscript by modern editors:

(1) The masses of St. Leodegarius and St. Symphorianus (Nos. 425-431, 414-418), by M. Pellechet in *Notes sur les livres liturgiques des diocèses d'Antun, Chalon et Mâcon*, Paris-Autun, 1883 (pp. 310-313, 462-4): the first contains twelve, the second nine errors of transcription.

(2) The mass of St. Maurice (Nos. 419-424), by l'Abbé M. Besson, in *Antiquités du Valais*, 4to, Fribourg (Suisse), 1910 (pp. 58 sq., pl. xxvii), with three slight errors.

(3) The Horacio post sanctus (No. 185) and the Benedictio populi for the Nativity of St. John Baptist (No. 373) were published by L. Delisle in vol. xxxvii of the Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes (1876), pp. 479, 480, with a single error ("exortamur" for "exoramus") in the former: these have been reprinted in Dom Cabrol's Dictionnaire d'Archéologie chrétienne et de Liturgie, vol. i, col. 3211.

2. PRESENT EDITION.

Were the text of the "Missale Gothicum" one of which other manuscripts were extant, modern scholarship would demand that the editor of any new edition of it should not only have made a complete recension by a careful examination of all, or at least of the earliest and more important of them, but that he should also have sufficiently and successfully amended the text wherever a corrupt passage still remained after the work of recension was complete. In our case, however, though other Sacramentaries occasionally provide portions of the text, there is for its greater part no other manuscript available as a means of comparison; hence another principle has to be followed, viz., that the edition should be an exact and accurate reproduction of the ms., phototypical if possible, in order that scholars may judge for themselves what the original scribe or scribes intended to represent.

Two hundred or three hundred years ago, before palæography had really come into being, disquisitions or notes on the text, prefaces and introductions were demanded and supplied, whilst

the text of the ms. was comparatively disregarded; exactly the converse is the custom of to-day. What one wants now is a

faithful reproduction of the text.

The work of the previous editors of the "Gothicum" is first class, so far as their prefaces, etc., go; but as to the text, there still seems room for another edition which will fill up some of their lacunae and complete the parallel passages provided by the latest editors by the results of studies made in the last fifty years. None of them transcribes that part of the text which is written in Tironian notation, and there are frequently errors in Tomasi's transcription of the passages written in Merovingian minuscule; no notice has hitherto been taken of the early marginal corrections, whether by the original or a later hand, which alter the reading of the text, nor of the dots which were inserted in the ms. to delete letters or words. Cf. pp. 74, n. 3; 85, n. 4; 87, n. 3; 90, n. 1.

As to the best method of reproducing an ancient ms, editors have hitherto followed one of two courses: the earlier ones corrected the ms, or the mss, before them in order to bring them into line with the then current ideas of classical orthography, irrespective of the date and nationality of the scribe. It was according to this system that the earliest editions of liturgica were produced in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. A very different method is now in vogue, of which examples may be seen in Dom Morin's Liber comicus and Dom Kuyper's Book of Cerne; here the printed text reproduces the manuscript exactly, letter for letter, word for word, with words and syllables run together as in the ms.—e.g., in the former work: "a facifiliorum srahel quostatuerunt." For the reader, however, this involves at times a tedious unravelling of the text, for which all are not competent. In the Gothicum, f. 177, l. 13 would appear without a break: "rigeatecorda credencium." On this Dom

There seem two intermediate courses open, viz., either

may be consulted with interest.

(1) To relegate to the notes the manifest errors of the copyist and to print as the text an intelligible version of it; for this method, cf. some volumes of U. Chevalier's *Bibliothèque liturgique*. Such a procedure, unfortunately, frequently results in an amalgam of classical and mediæval Latin, and leaves the reader in ignorance of the actual words of the ms.; or

Wilmart's experimental edition of two pages of the "Bobbio" missal in Revue Charlemagne, vol. ii, pp. 1-16, Paris, 1912,

(2) To adopt the system of the present edition, which, whilst it retains the *ipsissimae litterae* of the copyists and inserts nothing in the text which is not found in the manuscript, divides the letters into words wherever the scribe has run them together

and fills out all his abbreviated forms, yet, wherever the text is unusually difficult and liable to misinterpretation, inserts the necessary correction in the footnotes or explains it elsewhere.

This system has not been adopted without much consideration; one remembers the request made by Dom Férotin (whose death is an immense loss to all liturgiologists) in *Le Liber Ordinum*, etc., Paris, 1904, pp. xxxv, xxxvi, that all future editions of liturgical texts should be rigorously palæographical in order to bring the reader face to face with the ms. itself; but as, for sufficient reasons there given, he allowed himself a certain license, the present editor feels that he cannot be blamed if now, for similar reasons, he follows his example.

An endeavour has here been made to represent, as accurately as can be, so far as type can reproduce manuscript, the "Missale Gothicum" in the form in which it left the hands of its scribes, and to preserve its natural physiognomy; though at times it is almost impossible to say whether the earliest additions to or corrections of its text were made by the original copyist or were

inserted by some later reviser.

The spelling of the text follows that of the manuscript with the greatest possible accuracy; e.g., the interchange of e and i, of o and u, etc., and the use of the accusative case instead of the ablative after certain prepositions,1 except where the word retained in the text might easily lead to a misinterpretation of its meaning, e.g., "legandi" for "ligandi," p. 98, l. 42, or where it might be difficult for a reader, not conversant with the orthography of that date, readily to infer the word intended. In these cases, an obelus (†), to denote some peculiarity in the spelling or grammar of the text, has been introduced as sparingly as possible; there is scarcely a line where it could have been avoided were one to apply it rigorously to all the peculiarities of the basso latino of the period; at times the use of the obelus was necessary, e.g., on p. 41, l. 8, "introibit," without it, might easily be taken for the future instead of the perfect tense. The text of the edition has, however, been so frequently compared with the ms. that the reader may feel assured that the bad spelling is in every case the aberration of the scribe or his forbear and not the error of the printer or the carelessness of the editor.

Letters or words omitted by the scribes are inserted within square brackets []; on p. 6, ll. 33, 34; p. 12, ll. 28-31; p. 20, l. 18; p. 140, ll. 26 sqq., and p. 141, the words or letters now

¹ The faulty use of the ablative for the accusative has frequently been remedied by the insertion of m in square brackets.

illegible in the ms. have been restored after comparison with parallel passages and reference to the earliest edition which was made at a time when the letters were clearer; they are here

placed within round brackets ().

According to the custom of editions of the Henry Bradshaw Society, the sign / represents the beginning of each page of the ms. and the number of the folio has been placed as near to this mark as may be, with regard to the due spacing of the lines; hence the / has to be considered as well as the [fo. x.] in determining the page of the ms.

In the transcription no notice has been taken of the suprascript n after q, which is of frequent occurrence; all other letters

suprascript are recorded in the footnotes.

The sacred names which appear in the ms., as ihs, etc., xps,

etc., are here represented by Iesus, etc., Christus, etc.

Only the very few punctuation marks inserted in the ms. by the original scribes are here reproduced; those added by correctors are omitted. The absence of such marks of punctuation in the original is, however, atoned for by the occurrence throughout the ms. of longer or shorter spaces between the words,1 and, in the pages written by the first scribe, by the employment of coloured initial letters. The intention of both these conventions evidently was to divide up the text for the practical use of the officiant and for the recognized rules of his musical recitative. In addition to these, early punctuation marks have been inserted throughout for a similar purpose. In all such cases the beginning of the clause after them is here shewn by the use of a small capital letter. The reproduction of these intervals and of these capital letters will enable the reader of the present text, as it did the reader of the ms., to recite without difficulty, and with the necessary pauses, the texts of the collects and prefaces.

The stops, puncta, placed in the ms. before and after contracted words are naturally not retained in the text when the

words have been expanded.

The ms. teems with grammatical errors, which may be due to the ignorance or the carclessness of the scribes, or may be simply the reproduction of the barbarous orthography of the seventh century; the latter should, of course, only affect masses composed at that time, such as those of St. Leodegarius and possibly the Rogation days. These will be, it is trusted, sufficiently registered when the orthography of the ms. is described in the third volume.

¹ This practice does not appear to have arisen until about A.D. 600; cf. the Lyons Origen, MS. 443 (372), where spacing takes the place of punctuation signs.

Another difficulty, which has been pointed out by Mgr. Mercati, arises from the frequent occurrence of words apparently pleonastic, which were probably inserted in the margin of older copies of the Sacramentary as equivalent or alternative suggestions, and which subsequently made their way into the text; e.g., p. 10, l. 21, "fidei calore uel munere"; p. 100, ll. 13, 14, "ieiuni uel qualibet maceracione confecti"; p. 74, l. 10, "spiritus"; p. 86,

1. 30, "corporis."

As to the establishment of the words of the text, in passages where there is no other ms. available for comparison, it has not been at times easy to decide what the composer of a collect or its transcriber really meant; one has had to try to enter into the mind of seventh-century writers and into their methods of orthography. As to what should subsequently be inserted in the footnotes by way of explanation or correction of the text, the editor has had the invaluable assistance of two scholars who are versed in the liturgical compositions of that date, viz., Mgr. Giovanni Mercati of the Vatican Library, one of our Vice-Presidents, and our Secretary, the Rev. H. A. Wilson, whose experience has been proved by his editions of the "Gelasianum" and the "Gregorianum." Wherever these two differed from each other, the responsibility for the notes must fall on the editor's shoulders, but a more detailed explanation has in each case been given in the liturgical notes.

How best to deal with all the previous "emendations" of the text was no easy matter. Wherever the latinity has been altered by previous editors to conform to the standard of classical orthography, there is no need to refer to it. Thus the text of Tomasi reproduces that of the manuscript unless it clashes with the seventeenth-century idea of Latin. To quote Tomasi himself at the end of his preface: "Quem admonitum volumus integra nos fide, ut par est, ipsa mm.ss. Exemplaria exhibere, iis tantum sublatis erroribus, nec tamen omnibus, qui fastidium magis facerent, quam fidem: cujusmodi sunt medillam, concide, antestes, etc., qui non tantum scriptoris, quantum linguæ Latinæ vitio, quæ tum communis erat et vulgaris, sed iam Barbarorum commixtione fœdata, sunt adscribendi; reliquos verò barbarismos et solœcismos, maximè qui multifariè restitui possent, de industria retinuimus"; in other words, as Delisle (op. cit., p. 68) says: "Tommasi suivant les usages de son temps n'a pas cru devoir conserver les irrégularités orthographiques d'un ms. mérovingien." Mabillon's corrections were inserted in the text of his edition sub silentio; in that of Neale and Forbes they are rightly relegated to the margin.

In the diplomatic footnotes of the present edition, the readings

of all the previous editors (if they are merely suggestions, they are here marked by a note of interrogation) have been inserted as a record of past history and will save the need of referring to their editions. All the various readings hitherto proposed are here recorded in chronological order; when all the editors agree as to the reading, it is shewn by the word <code>om[nes]</code>; this usually occurs in such scribal or dialectical errors as "putoque" for "potuque," p. 3, l. 15; "laeti[ti]ae, p. 5, l. 22. As a rule where the signs "Mab., N.F." occur after a variant, that may be taken as the latest and the accepted reading, the present editor being content to accept their joint suggestion; where, however, the variant proposed seems clearly impossible (it may be the fault of the printer), he has ventured to add a note of exclamation.

The new suggestions in the present edition number about 150; of these about 40 are merely tentative readings and are marked with a mark of interrogation; the remaining 110 are more serious attempts to provide a reading which will best correspond with the intention of the composer or of the scribe of the text. These suggested readings must not be taken as representing the *ipsissima verba* of the original text, but as helping to indicate what was in the mind of the original composers, whether the faults of the text as we now have it are due to them or to subsequent copyists.

3. HISTORY OF THE MANUSCRIPT.

The manuscript bears no press mark and no indication of any previous possessor. That it once formed part of the Library of Fleury was first stated by Dom Mabillon in his preface to De liturgia gallicana, p. sign. ī iiiivo, etc.: "Unde autem hæc supellex sive Petavio sive Bongarsio provenerit, modo exponendum. Uno verbo dico, fere omnis ex Bibliotheca Floriacensi." This provenance is accepted by Le Brun, Explication de la Messe. . . . Paris, 1716-20, vol. iii, diss. 4, art. 2; by P. Aug. Krazer, De apostolicis . . . liturgiis etc., p. 61, and by A. de Charmasse in Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes, xl (1879), pp. 140, 141. The book, however, does not appear in the ninth-century list of mss. then at Fleury (Bern, ms. 3), unless it is one of the three "missales libri tres" registered under No. 61 of that list, and there is no trace of it in the inventory of that abbey made in the year 1552, Paris B.N., ms. lat. n. a. 137, pp. 9-26 (Catalogue général des Bibliothèques de France, Départements, Tom. xii, p. x sq.), but the latter list does not include any strictly liturgical mss. The earliest known record of it is that parts of it were

transcribed for the *Bibliotheca patrum*, etc., of Paris before 1575, presumably in France; but no hint is there given as to where it

was then kept.

Undoubtedly many of the "Reginenses" mss. now in the Vatican Library came from Fleury, and it is quite possible that ours did; but of this we have no proof whatever; Dom Wilmart (R. B., xxix (1912), p. 381) asserts: "C'est une erreur que je sache, de le faire passer ensuite par Fleury." Allowing that the "Gothicum" was once there, its later history is not a difficult one, for the fate of the mss. of that abbey is well known. Mabillon, loc. cit., ascertained from Jacques de Givés, an Orleans lawyer, that when the abbey was sacked by the Calvinists in 1562 the greater part of its liturgical mss. got into the hands of Pierre Daniel of Orleans, the "bailli" of the abbey, who intended to restore them to the abbot in commendam, Cardinal de Châtillon. He failed, however, to do so, and at his death in 1604 they were bought by two citizens of Orleans, Jacques Bongars, and Paul Petau, councillor of the Paris parliament, and divided between them.

The fate of those which were purchased by Bongars will be noticed further on; Paul Petau's share passed on his death in 1614 to his son Alexander, and the greater part of them (1500 mss.) were sold by him in 1650 to Isaac Vossius for the Oueen of Sweden, who carried some to Stockholm and some to Rome. Though L. Delisle, Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes, vol. xxxvii (1876), p. 477, and Mémoire sur d'anciens sacramentaires, cit. sup., p. 69, asserts, on the authority of Morinus and Bona, op. cit.: "Quem olim fuisse aiunt amplissimi viri Petavii senatoris Parisiensis," that our ms. "vient de la bibliothèque de Petau" and L. Traube, Vorlesungen, etc., München, 1909, p. 237, states: "Im 17 Jahrhundert in der Sammlung von A. Petau," it cannot with certainty be identified with any of the four Sacramentaries which belonged to the younger Petau; the loss of the original binding and fly leaves makes it impossible to produce an absolute proof; these Sacramentaries figure as Nos. 143, 627, 632, and 702 (or 706) in his catalogue of A.D. 1640 (ms. Paris B.N., fr. 2624, f. 27v), whilst in his last enumeration previous to the sale in 1650 (ms. Paris B.N., fr. 9372, f. 4), they appear as Nos. 540, 625, 626, and 767; our ms. may be 626 of this inventory. The absence of the signatures of Daniel and of the two Petaus is not necessarily a proof that the ms. did not belong to them.1

But we are sure that our ms. was in the library of the Queen

¹ Paul Petau apparently marked his mss. with a letter of the alphabet and a number.

of Sweden at Rome, where it was seen by Holstenius, the Vatican librarian, and subsequently by Cardinal Bona, who, in the first edition of his *Rerum liturgicarum libri duo*, Rome, 1671, p. 85, thus describes it: "Dum enim vetustos Codices perquiro, factum est Dei nutu ut duos antiquissimos repererim Unus ex his codicibus extat in Bibliotheca Serenissimæ Suecorum Reginæ [here follow the words in the first and second edition, but deleted by Bona himself in his copy of the 1671 edition in preparation for a revised edition: 'quo diu uti licuit benignitate V. Cl. Benedicti Mellini ejus Bibliothecæ præfecti'.] ante annos nongentos scriptus, ut periti censent, literis quadratis et majusculis, signatus numero 626, quem olim fuisse aiunt amplissimi viri Petavii Senatoris Parisiensis."

Tomasi transcribed the ms. when it was in this library; in his preface he speaks of the liberality which gave him access to it, "cujus benignitate publici juris fieri licuit." Its number in the

Oueen's Library was 1456.

When Vossius, her librarian, went through her mss. in 1656, he inserted in some of them the letters N.P. (Non Petavianum), to shew that the Queen had got the ms. from elsewhere. The absence of these letters in our ms. is a slight indication that it

came from the Petau collection.

After the Oueen's death in 1689, her manuscripts were sold by her heirs to Pope Alexander VIII. (Ottoboni), and the majority of them were passed on by him in 1690 to the Vatican Library as Biblioteca Alessandrina. We know, however, from Scheelstrate, one of the Vatican librarians at that time, that some of them were distributed elsewhere; that whilst 2111 came into the library, 72 were given to the Vatican Archivio, and 100 were given to his nephew Cardinal Pietro Ottoboni for the private library of the family; cf. Leon Dorez, Revue des bibliothèques, Vol. ii (1892), p. 136. If we are to believe Le Brun, Explication de la Messe, Paris, 1716-20; vol. iii, diss. 4, art. 2, p. 234, who says that the "Missale Gothicum" "est à présent dans la bibliothèque du cardinal Ottoboni," our ms. was included in the third class; but he gives no press mark, and the manuscript does not appear in the list of those that were left by Alexander VIII. to his family. Le Brun had apparently seen it there, for he refers to the fact that "une ancienne main inconnue, mais beaucoup plus récente que le ms., l'avoit intitulé 'missale gothicum'"; it is, however, quite possible that this is merely the French translation of Cardinal Bona's statement, cited

It was not until the papacy of Benedict XIV. that these 100 mss. were purchased and transferred to the Vatican library, where our ms. is now known as Vatic. Regin. lat. 317.

It would be interesting to be able to justify the statement in Mabillon's preface, op. cit. p. sign. \bar{o}^{vo} : "Hinc conjicere licet, tria hac Missalia ['Gothicum,' 'Francorum,' 'Gallicanum vetus'] ex Floriacensis Bibliothecæ distractione Romam tandem appulisse, atque duplici via istuc commigrasse cum aliis ejusdem Bibliothecæ libris," which is still further magnified into "toute la bibliothèque de saint Benoit (Fleury) a été incorporée dans celle du Vatican" in Voyage littéraire de deux religieux bénédictins, Paris, 1717, p. 66, and into the more recent assertion of Septier, Manuscrits de la Bibliothèque du Vatican par ce moyen réunit la presque-totalité des mss. de Fleury sur Loire, que Jacques Bongars et Paul Petau s'étoient partagés à la mort de Pierre Daniel."

Unfortunately, however, Mabillon was misinformed as to the fate of Bongars' share of the Fleury mss., which led him to say that they were taken by Bongars to Strassburg, where he usually resided, that after his death in 1612 they were purchased by Frederick V., the Elector Palatine, on the advice of his librarian, John Gruter, and that after the sack of Heidelberg in 1622 they were among the mss. ("sum de praeda" is the word in the bookplate of the most valuable ones) sent by Maximilian I. to Rome in 1623 as a present to Gregory XV. (As a matter of fact, Bongars' mss. did get to Heidelberg, but not the Castle.)

Mabillon's account has been accepted by the editors of Gallia Christiana, Krazer, Champollion, Silvestre and others; later investigations have, however, failed to find any confirmation of it: "Es ist ein wiederholte aber durchaus unbegründete Behauptung deren Erfinder Mabillon ist" (Hermann Hagen, Zur Geschichte der philologie, etc., Berlin, 1879, p. 59); "il n'y a pourtant rien de moins exact" (A. Paulin Paris, Les Manuscrits françois de la Bibliothèque du Roi, Paris, vol. iv (1841), p. 53). The whole of Bongars' mss. passed into the hands of Jacques Gravisset, son of Bongars' friend, René Gravisset; they were kept at Heidelberg in the house of Lingelsheim until he could use them, and were by him left in 1632 to the city of Berne, where they still remain; cf. Hermannus Hagen, Catalogus codicum Bernensium (Bibliotheca Bongarsiana), Bernae, 1875.

The following table will shew the ascertained provenance of the six ancient Sacramentaries now in the Vatican library with,

if known, their respective press-marks:—1

¹ Thanks are due to Mgr. S. Legrelle of the Vatican library for much of this information.

	A. Petau (A.D. 1650).	Queen oj' Sweden (1650–1689).	Vatican.
I. "Gothicum," "Petau," Bona ¹	? 626	1456	Reg. 317
2. "Francorum," "Petau," Morinus ²	? 540	? 1457	Reg. 257
3. "Gelasianum," "Petau," Morinus	. ? 625	1455	Reg. 316
4. "Gregorianum R." in ? Paris, 1630-66	"non Petavi- anum" Vossius	1454	Reg. 337
5. "Gregorianum O." in ? Paris, saec. xvj	? 767	1275	Ott. (2, 327) 313
6. "Gallicanum Vetus," Heidelberg ³	_		Pal. 493

In other words, none of these six mss. can be proved to have come from Fleury; No. 6 certainly did not. Three or four may have belonged to the elder Petau.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE MANUSCRIPT.

The material of the manuscript is a very fige thin vellum of a colour more yellow than usual; it is remarkably free from imperfections with the two exceptions of ff. 26 and 30, the holes in which were not considered too large to make the sheets unserviceable when they were delivered to the scribes. It is due to the fineness of the vellum that in several places it is cracked or cut in horizontal lines; some of the sheets were in this state when they were written on, for the scribes have deliberately avoided writing on these cracks. A few of the leaves are worn and darkened by age and use, especially the first and the last, some words in the latter not being now decipherable. The first four gatherings and one or more gatherings at the end of the volume have been missing for a very long time, certainly for four centuries,

¹ Bona, p. 85: "quem olim fuisse aiunt amplissimi viri Petavii Senatoris Parisi-

ensis."

J. Morinus, De Penitentia, etc., Paris, 1651, Codicum descriptio, p. 52:

Dominus Petavius Senator Parisiensis, qui perhumanè illum nobis dedit utendum"; similarly De sacris ecclesic ordinationibus, Paris, 1655, pp. 261, 267. It is unfortunate that neither Bona nor Morinus gives the Christian name of Petau; both father and son were senators in the Paris Parliament. But as Morinus was born in 1591, it is improbable that he saw the ms. in the library of the elder Petau; Bona, who was born in 1609, certainly did not. We must therefore conclude that they refer to Alexander Petau, though he is not known to have added considerably to his father's

³ Tranbe, in Dr. Buru's Faesimiles of the Creeds, H.B.S. xxxvi (1909), p. 31, suggests that the "Gallicanum vetus" got from Burgundy to Lorsch in the ninth century by way of one of the cloisters that had relations with Germany.

and the condition of the last page suggests that even before then the ms. had no cover.

The rest of the ms. is in a splendid state of preservation: practically the whole of the text is legible, although here and there it has required much patience and the help of the bright Italian sun to decipher what even the first editor failed to read. Unfortunately in the pontificate of Pius IX. the ms. underwent "restoration"; its original binding was thrown away and most of the leaves, in the mistaken hope that they would thus be better preserved, were covered with a very thin transparent tracing paper, which has had the effect of dulling the clearness of the illuminations and of making the text much more difficult to read; in some places it has made it impossible to see whether some of the marks of punctuation are due to the original scribe or were added by a later corrector. Attempts have recently been made to remedy this defect by removing the transparent paper, but the process occasionally entailed the removal with it of part of the ink of the text; hence after sixty-three leaves had been thus treated, the work has been stopped until some chemical agent has been discovered which will fix the ink.

The ms., unlike the "Gregorian" Sacramentary, ms. Vatic. Regin. lat. 337, shews many signs of use; candle wax still

remains attached to some of its pages.

For the purpose of photographing the ms., and in order to allow an examination of the whole extent of the leaves, the ms. was at my request some ten years ago loosed from its comparatively valueless binding of black cloth of the time of Pius IX. and its sheets are now carefully preserved unbound in four separate covers.

The vellum sheets are arranged hair side next to hair side, flesh side next to flesh side; the outside leaves of each quire

being hair side.

The size of the leaves as unbound is from 253 to 261 mm. (10 inches) in height, and from 168 to 176 mm. ($6\frac{3}{4}$ inches) in width: the measurements given by Delisle, *Mémoires sur d'anciens sacramentaires*, Paris, 1886, p. 69, viz., 257 × 168 mm., were taken when the ms. was very closely bound; those given by Erhle-Liebaert, *Specimina codicum Latinorum Vaticanorum*, pl. 18 (261×172 mm.), followed by Zimmermann, probably represent the utmost size.

The collation of the ms. may be represented thus: $^{\text{h}}$ v-viii⁸ (f. 32), ix⁷ (f. 39), x-xiv⁸ (f. 79), xv⁸⁺¹ (f. 88), xvi-xviii⁸ (f. 112) xix⁷ (f. 119), xx-xxix⁸ (f. 198), xxx⁹⁺¹ (f. 207), xxi-xxxvii (f. 261) $^{\text{h}}$.

There are now 264 leaves, three of which, viz., those following ff. 155, 208 and 240 were not numbered, as they escaped the

notice of the seventeenth-century foliator; they are here referred to as ff. 155*, 208*, 240*; Delisle's number 262 neglects ff. 155*

and 240*.

The sheets of vellum were given out to the scribes in gatherings usually of eight leaves, *i.e.*, four folded sheets; in their present state:

(1) Gathering ix has only seven leaves, its third leaf being attached to the second of the original six leaves;
(2) Gathering xv has now nine; an additional leaf having

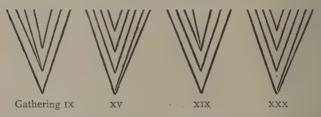
been attached to the eighth;

(3) Gathering xix has now seven leaves; its third having been

prefixed to the original third leaf;

(4) Gathering xxx has nine, an additional leaf having been gummed to the eighth and before it, in order that a missa might end with the gathering.

These four gatherings may be represented thus:-



The added leaf, f. 136, at the beginning of gathering xxii, replaces the original one.

The sheets were prepared for the scribes by means of marginal

prickings and lines.

The prickings were made in the usual manner, the double sheet being folded and the prickings punched in a vertical direction down the outer side of the leaf; hence the indentations on the first leaf of a gathering appear on the eighth, those on the second appear on the seventh, etc.; the evidence for this can be seen on ff. 152, 158, the first and last leaf of a gathering; these two leaves only have a double line of prickings. They were apparently made by different instruments, compass, or perforated board; at any rate they present at places a very different appearance; from f. 1 to f. 119, they are round holes; from f. 126 to f. 245 the dents are diagonal; on other leaves they are more horizontal, whilst in the gatherings xxvi, xxxii, xxx, xxxxii, and xxxvii, which were prepared for the last scribe, they very seldom appear and the scribe, even when he wrote on such prepared sheets, disregarded them altogether.

These prickings formed the guide for the two sets of dry lines which were ruled with a hard point on one (the hair) side of the leaf, viz., the vertical bounding lines and the horizontal guiding ones. The former, as a rule, do not go above or below the space intended for the script; only occasionally, especially on the first leaf of a gathering, do they extend the whole length of the page. As far as f. 119b, two only of such bounding lines were traced to mark where the scribes should begin and end, but in the rest of the ms. there are two sets of double bounding lines (on some pages, e.g., f. 118, very close to each other), drawn for the use of the scribe, one for the commencement of his text, the other for the limit of his initial letters. These lines leave a margin on either side of from 23 to 33 mm.

The horizontal guiding lines to form the basis of the letters, which reach to but do not touch them, are confined within the bounding lines; their number varies according to the use of the four scribes employed (see p. xxxviii); there is usually a margin at the top of about 3 cm., and at the bottom of 4 or 5 cm.

The gatherings are signed in large Roman numerals at the right-hand corner of the verso of the last page of each quire; a description of these signatures will be given later.

The colours employed will be found described in the second

volume.

5. THE FOUR SCRIBES OF THE MANUSCRIPT.

In the production of the manuscript four scribes were employed; for convenience' sake they may be distinguished as

A, B, C, and D.

The first portion of the manuscript, as it now stands, was written by A, whose work very probably included also the four gatherings which have been lost at the beginning of the book, and extends from fol. I to fol. II8b, save that on fol. 88, which is an inserted leaf, the hand of D has supplied the last portion of the Missa in natale Agnes uirginis et martyris, which A had left unfinished at the end of gathering xv.

B begins his work on fol. 119 (the last leaf of gathering xix), and the greater part of the contents of gatherings xx-xxiii (ff.120-149) are by his hand. But at several points in these gatherings the work has been taken up by another scribe, C,

Fol. 136 is an added leaf (substituted for the original first leaf of gathering xxii), differing in size and texture from the other leaves. Its recto is blank; on the verso another hand (E) has written, in Merovingian script, an Horacio fost sanctus in quantizations, p. 57, ll. 1-11; this leaf was attached to the beginning of gathering xxii to take the place of its original first leaf.

who appears to have shared B's task, but seldom writes more than a few lines consecutively. The same conjunction of scribes appears again from fol. 208 to fol. 244; but here the major part of the work has been done by C, and B's hand appears only

intermittently.1

The distinction of these two hands has not been noticed in earlier accounts of the manuscript. Thus Mr. Edmund Bishop (Book of Cerne, p. 256, note 2) and E. Heinrich Zimmermann (Vorkarolingische Miniaturen, Berlin, 1916, p. 48) state that three scribes only were engaged in the production of the book. But the two hands seem to be clearly distinguishable. The S of C is more square, his R more round, and his P more angular than the same letters of B, and the second member of his N starts from much lower on the first member; the right-hand member of his B and R always touches the vertical line; his A never descends to the level of the guiding line, while B's invariably does so; the general ductus of C slopes more to the left than that of B, and his ink is browner than B's; the sign of abbreviation above C's words is rectangular, while the corresponding sign used by B is always rounded.

The remainder of the ms. is by the fourth scribe, D, whose script is more regular and graceful than that of any of the other three, and is easily distinguished from them. He has also acted as the corrector of their work, supplying omissions and rectifying errors.

All four scribes probably copied from the same exemplar. They agree with one another in their observance of the rules laid down by classical writers for the division of words: each line always ends with a completed syllable. They agree also in discarding as a rule the use of marks of punctuation, and in marking by spaces the periods or divisions of the collects, and the pauses. Within the divisions the spacing is irregular, and words are often run together. They differ from one another in several points:—

- (1) In the ruling of the pages. The gatherings ruled for A have generally 14, rarely 12 or 13 lines to a page; those ruled for B and C generally 18, sometimes 17; those ruled for D, 20.
- (2) In the amount of margin which they leave on the page.
- (3) In the size of their letters, and in the relative sizes of their large capitals and ordinary uncials.

¹ Fol. 209, perhaps originally intended to contain the title of the Mass of SS. Peter and Paul (omitted by B and supplied by D at the top of the verso of the leaf), has been filled up by a later hand (F) with a *Benedictio populi*.

(4) In their use of capitals.

(5) In their method of abbreviating words.

(6) In giving or not giving a separate line to the titles of collects.

(7) In the colours which they employ for the titles of feasts and for the first words of masses.

Accents are not used by any of the four scribes, save possibly in four instances. Of these, three occur in the portion written by A; the fourth is in a page written entirely by B.

6. THE UNCIAL SCRIPT.

The greater part of the ms, is written in regular, well-formed uncial letters, not as spontaneous and natural as those of the sixth or beginning of the seventh century: they shew signs of artificiality and imitation, but for their date they are clearer and

finer than might have been expected.

Prof. V. Federici, in Archivio della R. Società Romana di Storia patria, Vol. XXVII (1904), p. 229, argues that the forms of the uncial letters A, E, O, S are so little spontaneous and so irregular in their ductus that they must be the product of an unpolished imitative school and much more recent than the date usually ascribed to the ms. He has apparently found no one to follow him in this view; it is easier to ascribe "imitation" than to prove it, and his rule would alter the date of many mss. which apparently must be of the seventh century. Of the four mss. in the Vatican Library which he classes together, the Gothicum is undoubtedly the oldest. The alphabet of the four scribes of our ms. varies considerably; that of the latest of them was probably in his view.

The only suprascript letter used is u, in nearly every case at the end of a line; B and C have fewer scruples than A and D as to encroaching on the margin. Though they run letters together,

they never write one above the line.

Letters of a smaller size than usual, but of the same shape, are employed occasionally to save space either at the end of a line or under the line; they are also found inside larger letters in the titles or first lines of prayers and very frequently inside the large initial letters.

Unusually tall letters employed are:

I, in D passim, but (pace Dr. E. A. Loew, Studia palaeographica, Sitzungsberichte der Phil.-Hist. Klasse, München, 1909–10, p. 30), never in A, B, or C;

S (the cursive /) occasionally;

T (with short cross bar), passim in D, to save space at the end of a line.

The following uncial letters are conjoint at or near the end of a line:—A and U; N is joined to a following E, S or T; T is joined to a following E or R; U to a following N, NT, R, S or T.

The diphthong AE always has the two letters written separately, except in B, f. 138b, l. 6, "scæ" (=sancte), p. 58, l. 15; f. 139b, l. 14, "præsignari," p. 59, l. 8; in D, "præciosas," p. 71, l. 10, but in the two last instances the E has been added by a corrector. In other words, Æ occurs once only, by error for E, in the original script of the ms.; this is what one would have expected, for it was not until the eighth century that this conjoining of A and E,

O and E began to be employed.

How far can palæography help us to ascertain the provenance of a manuscript which contains no internal local allusions? It certainly will help as to its date and, to a certain extent, as to its country; e.g., the typical Durham script of the eighth century extended to its daughter houses; the so-called Laon and Corbie scripts have fairly distinct marks by which they can be recognized, though how far each school extended its limits can only be known when all its manuscripts have been classified. Again, apart from the text, the various methods of abbreviating words and the symbols employed are beginning to get localized.

But from the text alone it is at times exceedingly difficult to judge provenance, especially in the case of liturgical mss., which were frequently copied line for line, and even letter for letter, from an exemplar which may have been written two hundred years before and may have journeyed hundreds of miles from its original scriptorium. In mss. of uncial writing the difficulty is very great; by the seventh and eighth centuries the uncial hand was no longer a natural, it had become an imitative, one. This is specially the case with the Gothicum; its four copyists used a script which they would not have employed ordinarily and which they would probably not have used on non-liturgical mss. It is only when we detect the appearance of their natural hand in the margin or at the end of a prayer, to save space, etc., that we get a clearer clue; this will be seen when the discussion of the minuscule and cursive script is undertaken; hence the few examples of the natural, the native script, in the ms. are of prime importance as helps towards the discovery of its proven-

But should the alphabet employed fail to discover the *scriptorium* of the ms., we can fall back on its ornamentation, whether in the colours employed, the designs of the initial letters, the use of a different style of letter, capital or rustic or larger uncial, for the headings or first lines of chapters and, in a liturgical ms., for the titles of feasts, of the various collects, etc. The results of

such an investigation of our ms. can only be lightly touched on here, but will be treated in detail in a later volume.

7. THE MINUSCULE SCRIPT.

This script is of that type which is now, for want of a better title, called the "ancient" or "pre-Corbie"; in other words, it is the oldest known minuscule which preceded the well-known Corbie type with its a, ab, and l divisions; whether it started at Corbie, or originated in the mother house of Luxeuil, we have not at present conclusive evidence; the investigation of it was undertaken, but, alas! unfinished, by the late Dr. Liebaert, and it is hoped that some future work by Professor W. M. Lindsay will elucidate it further.

At any rate, the script is decisive against any Spanish or Aquitanian *scriptorium*, quite irrespective of the amount of Spanish influence which may be found in the contents of the ms.

This minuscule script (called by Ehrensberger "Anglo-Saxon letters") is employed only for the endings of a few collects, for

one Oratio and in one scribbling.

The scribes A and D use it for the end of a few collects in preference to the usual uncial in order to save an additional line on the page. The minuscule of D is larger and not quite so characteristic as that of A, but it is of the same calligraphic style to which Traube first gave the name of Luxeuil type, which half a century afterwards developed into the usual Corbie script. In both A and D we find the elongated stems of d, k, l (that of k bending back), the d written like il and frequently with the perpendicular stroke continued below the guiding line, the open d like cc, the c and e raised above the line and with broken backs, the long and high-shouldered r, the o pear-shaped or with its upper ends crossing each other.

The minuscule script of D can be seen in plate V of the present volume and in plate 47a of Zimmermann's Vorkarolingische Miniaturen; most of the letters appear in the facsimile of the Luxeuil Lectionary, ms. Paris B.N. lat. 9427, of about the same date as the Gothicum, in Sir Edward Maunde Thompson's Introduction to Greek and Latin Palæography, London, 1912, p. 356, and in Zimmermann, op. cit., pl. 51-54, 55a, b, c, 57a.

It ought to be borne in mind, should we be tempted to assign the ms. to a Swiss *scriptorium*, that neither the minuscule of A nor of D bears any resemblance to that of eighth-century minus-

cule mss. written at St. Gall.

Special attention must be called to an exactly similar use of minuscule script by the original scribes of fragments I and II of Gall. vet. (ms. Vatic. Palat. lat. 493) at the conclusion of collects on:

Frag. I, f. 10b, "per dominum," f. 11b, "per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum."

Frag. II, f. 12, "pater noster" and "per dominum nos [trum,"] f. 13, "per dominum nostrum iesum,"

f. 14, "per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium."

The letters here are most remarkably similar to those in our ms., though the p is more broadened out and the long stroke of

f in fi is looped.

A later hand has added in minuscule Merovingian script part of the end of three of the prayers written by D, viz., f. 150b, l. 8; p. 66, l. 4; f. 261, l. 5; p. 140, l. 24, respectively the first three and the second and third letters of Salvator and f. 255, 1. 7: p. 135, l. 29, quod ipse praestare.

There are also scribblings in cursive script on f. 12, foot of the

page, p. 6, l. 35 and f. 31b, p. 14, l. 36.

For the difficulty connected with the Merovingian scribbling at the foot of f. 31b, p. 14, l. 36, see the Liturgical Notes on No. 46.

The prayer inserted by E on f. 136b, p. 57, ll. 1-11, is entirely in cursive and is reproduced in plate VI; the script resembles that employed in charters of c. A.D. 700; cf. Ph. Lauer et Ch. Samaran, Les diplômes originaux des Mérovingiens, Paris, 1908, plates 21 (A.D. 692), 25 (A.D. 695), 30 (A.D. 709) and the diploma of Childebert II., in F. Steffens, Lateinische Paläographie, ed. 1907, pl. 26.

8. TIRONIAN NOTATION.

Tironian notation is used once only in the margin of A's pages, viz. on f. 75b, p. 30, n. 4; in those of D by one hand at the end of three consecutive collects, viz. ff. 252, 252b, 253, pp. 133, 31-33, 134, 4-6, 15, 16. Later hands added the concluding words of collects on f. 174b, p 83, n. 4; f. 254, p. 134, 38, and other liturgical expressions on f. 257, p. 137, n. 2; f. 257b,

p. 138, n. 1; f. 259b, p. 139, n. 2 and f. 260, p. 140, n. 1.

The interpretation of some of these passages is not easy. M. Émile Chatelain, Introduction à la lecture des notes tironiennes, Paris, 1900, p. 143, cites some of them as instructive examples of the difficulties caused by the employment of such notation by ignorant scribes, and in a letter dated April 13, 1914, he writes to me: "Il reste, malheureusement, des passages douteaux. Avant la renaissance carolingienne on se permettait beaucoup de fantaisies dans l'emploi des notes tironiennes." He has, with his colleague, M. Paul Legendre, favoured me with his reading of all the passages in this notation in the ms., and I have also had the valuable assistance of Dom J. Christophe Gauthey, Abbot of St. Mary Magdalene, Marseilles, now at Chiari, Brescia, who had himself consulted M. Legendre on them. Shortly before this work went to the press Professor L. Schiaparelli of Florence spent much time for me in working out the interpretation of the more difficult passages. Without the kind assistance of these masters of the subject, part of the notation would have remained a dead letter.

In places where the interpretations differed, liturgical tradition has had to weigh in the balance, especially in the last two instances. I felt that my reading as given on p. 139, n. 2, and p. 140, n. 1, must have been what the scribe meant to write, though he expressed himself inaccurately.

The passages which have given most trouble are:—

(1) f. 174b, p. 83, n. 4, written in large rough letters by a scribe whose hand does not appear elsewhere, apparently in the syllabic system of this notation. M. Chatelain reads it E or En-me-re-tor, with the last sign badly formed. The first sign may, however, stand for some word beginning with c, and the whole was evidently intended for the words "cui mereto," which occur in the ms. at the end of a Contestatio.

(2) f. 254, p. 134, ll. 38, 39. The first sign is undoubtedly for "quem"; for the second, which begins with m, M. Chatelain suggests m...riis or m...rit, possibly "merueris" or "monueris." Dom Gauthey thinks that, as the end of the sign is cut off, we may read "maiestatem," a word which finds its natural place

at the end of an Immolatio.

- (3) ff. 257b, 260, pp. 138, n. 1, 140, n. 1. These two additions resemble each other, and probably represent the same liturgical formula in two different forms. The words which are clear are "Pax," "domini nostri iesu christi et omnium sanctorum sit semper uobiscum." In the first instance the words "nostri iesu," "et omnium sanctorum," "uobiscum" are either cut off by the bookbinder or omitted by the scribe. The difficult signs are those for:
 - (a) "fidis"; alternative suggestions proffered were: "festis," "festiuitatis," "felicitas" (the word may be preceded by "et"), but the two symbols employed are exactly those used in the Madrid Notae for the two syllables fi and dis.
 - (b) "karitas"; all the authorities consulted suggested

"karoli," the sign being almost identical with that used in the *Commentarii tironiani* for that word. It must be owned that some reference to Charles Martel near a collect for Christian peace would be very interesting, but the liturgical parallels (see note in vol. ii) seem to leave little doubt that "karitas" was intended, though scarcely written; the same symbol I have found for "karitas" in G. Schmitz, *Commentarii notarum tironianarum*, Lipsiae, 1893, Tav. 57, n. 56.

9. Marks of Abbreviation.

The extent and the form of the abbreviations used by the scribes of a manuscript must be taken into account, for they frequently give a clue as to its date and *scriptorium*. The copyists of our ms., being a calligraphic one, make a very sparing use of abbreviations, except in the usual *Nomina sacra*; as a rule they write each word in full, but at or near the end of a line they endeavour to spare space and, in words of frequent occurrence and of well-known meaning to such as used the Sacramentary, especially at the end of collects, etc., they employ what Professor W. M. Lindsay calls "capricious curtailments of words"; as an example of such he cites, in addition to some from our ms., Munich, clm. 4542, f. 185: "Qui ui[uis] et reginas] in s[aecula]"; Turin ms. D.V. 3, f. 43: "qui ui[uis] et reg[nas]."

The mark which denotes abbreviation, whether by "suspension," i.e. the suppressing of the ending of a word, or by "contraction," i.e. the omission of letters in the middle of a word, is a short horizontal stroke over the syllable affected; the shape of this stroke varies according to the individual custom of each scribe; there was evidently no invariable rule for this in the scriptorium where the ms. was written. As a rule this stroke is finished off at each end by a slight curve or hook which is either waved or angular, i.e. with a short diagonal line ascending to the right at the beginning and descending to the left at the end.

The four copyists have each their own particular way of writing this sign: A uses both a horizontal stroke and a wavy one; B, the rounded form; the ends of C's are markedly angular; D very seldom uses the sign; when he does it is frequently after, not above, the letter, but in his minuscule script, e.g. on f. 172, l. 10, he employs a somewhat curved diagonal line. The miniaturist who inserted the coloured letters and coloured initials in the pages written by B and C uses for this purpose either a wavy line or a sign which is not found elsewhere in the ms., viz. a horizontal line with a reversed

round bracket at each end; this sign is one of those used by

the copyist of the main portion of Gallicanum vetus.

This sign, when applied to the *Nomina sacra*, occurs in any position in the line, but for other abbreviations it is found with very few exceptions only at the end of a line, where it is applied to the end of a word or of a syllable when the word is carried on into the next line; occasionally it is placed not immediately above but after the last letter, in order to fill up the line, e.g. "peccatorum," f. 135b, "principem" and "caliginem," f. 151b, and the end of lines 6, 17 and 18 of f. 258, a practice which is derived from the original use of this symbol; cf. L. Schiaparelli, *Note paleografiche*, Firenze, 1915, p. 272.

According to Professor W. M. Lindsay, An Introduction to Latin textual emendation, London, 1896, p. 90, n. I, the earliest sign for an abbreviation was a horizontal stroke; to represent an omitted m this stroke was finished off as described above; an omitted m, according to him, was shewn in any part of a line, an omitted n only at the end of a line, or, according to his later statement in Notae Latinae, Cambridge, 1914, p. 342: "in ancient majuscule at the end of a line the letter m is often expressed by a suprascript stroke, but only when m ends a

syllable."

According to Traube, *Vorlesungen*, I, p. 139, n. 4, whilst the Spanish represented the omission of n by a horizontal stroke, and that of m by such a stroke with a dot over it, other scripts (uncial and semi-uncial) had the stroke for m and n, and also the stroke with a dot under it for m.

In our ms. this stroke with the dot over it represents the omission of n, but with a dot both above and below it, the omission of m. Exceptions to this rule will be found in the

second volume.

Dots or commas as signs of abbreviation at the end of a

word are only applied to the syllables -bus and -que.

A diagonal line with a short horizontal one to the left of its head, the "downward cross-stroke symbol" of Professor W. M. Lindsay, *Notae Latinae*, p. 361, stands in the ms. for final -um, usually after r, once for final ia.

10. MARKS OF PUNCTUATION.

The only marks of punctuation which have been reproduced in this edition are those which were indisputably inserted in the manuscript by the original scribes; such marks as were added by later correctors are scattered so sporadically over the ms. that no good purpose would have been served by their retention here; all of them are, however, registered in the second volume.

Each of the four copyists had a different system, if system

there were; but the careful way in which they grouped together and separated from each other the clauses in a collect, etc., practically represents to the eye the necessary pauses in the recitation or recitative. With their method may be compared that of the kindred manuscript, the St. Augustine on papyrus, where each sentence ends either with a full point or a short void space.

Whenever the full point is used, it is usually but by no means invariably a middle one; i.e. it is placed in the middle of the space occupied by the letters; in the printed text it appears in its usual modern position at the bottom of that space; from its very irregular use, however, it is clear that the scribes had no intention of representing the distinctiones of Latin grammarians. Whenever it is found in the ms. it is invariably of the same colour, black or red, as the word which it follows.

There are no colons or semicolons, no accents, no marks of interrogation, no hyphens at the end of lines and no special

signs for quotations.

The marks of punctuation inserted by later correctors are more numerous and more varied. It must be admitted that it is not easy at times to decide whether a sign is by the original or by a later hand, especially where the thin paper covering does not allow a clear view as to the colour of the ink. In the second volume will be found a register of all the later marks of punctuation.

The irregular punctuation affected by scribes E and F is

reproduced in the printed text.

II. CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS.

Very few alterations were made in the text of the ms. by the original scribes and there are very few erasures; a few words or letters have been inserted by them or by some later corrector above the line or in the margin; at times it is impossible to say whether they are by the first hand or not. All such corrections are recorded in the footnotes to the text and in the second volume, where they are divided according to the scribes, A, B, C or D, and also subdivided according as the correction is marked by a deleting dot or dots in the text and in the correction.

Early additions have been made in fourteen places, two of which are in Merovingian script; in addition, in five places the words "usque" or "usque hic" have been inserted by a later

copvist.

Insertions were made in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries to draw attention to the theological expressions in the manuscript, and crosses added above the text.

All these later insertions are registered in the second volume.

12. DATE.

Internal evidence, provided by the inclusion of a Missa of St. Leodegarius, points to A.D. 678, the year of his martyrdom. or A.D. 681, that of the translation of his body, as the earliest possible date at which the manuscript could have been written, and the expression in No. 429: "unde post multae reliquiae floruerunt in galleis" requires the lapse of a certain time after his death. We know, however, that the cult of this saint commenced very shortly after his death; hence the end of the seventh century, though the earliest possible date of the manuscript, is possible. It is ascribed to the seventh century in Paléographie musicale, vol. v, p. 47, and by Dom G. Morin in R.B., vol. xxxi (1914), p. 328; Mgr. L. Duchesne, Origines etc., p. 152, says, "it cannot be earlier than the final years of the seventh century." This is the verdict of previous critics, e.g. Krazer, op. cit.; Adalbert Ebner, Quellen und Forschungen . . . Missale Romanum im Mittelalter, Iter Italicum, Freiburg im Breisgau, 1896, and such is the latest published opinion, that of the University of Louvain, Seminaire historique, 1912, p. 422.

The manuscript is ascribed to the eighth century by Mabillon, by H. Ehrensberger, Libri liturgici Bibliothecae Apostolicae Vaticanae manu scripti, Friburgi Brisgoviae, 1897, by L. Bethmann in Pertz, Archiv, etc., xii, 274, by M. Émile Chatelain, Uncialis scriptura codd. latt., Paris, 1901, pars prior, Pl. XLIIIa and by Dom Leclerq, Dictionnaire d'Archéologie chrétienne et de Liturgie,

vol. i, c. 3210 to the beginning of the eighth century.

None of these assigns any other reason for their dating than the character of the script and the occurrence of the S. Leode-

garius Mass.

L. Delisle, Notice sur vingt mss. du Vatican, Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes, xxxvii (1876), pp. 477-480, ascribes it to the beginning of the eighth century and not later, as the manuscript has all the characteristics of the Merovingian epoch, and, both taken as a whole and in many details, is very like the Lectionary of Luxeuil, ms. Paris. B.N. lat. 9427; the palæographical grounds for the date of this latter ms. are, however, by no means clear.

A careful examination of the ornamentation has led the latest writer on pre-carolingian miniatures to assign it to c. A.D. 700; cf. E. Heinrich Zimmermann, Vorkarolingische Miniaturen,

Berlin, 1916, pp. 48, 169.

The only modern critic who is not satisfied with this consensus of opinions is V. Federici, *Miscellanea di Paleografia*, *Archivio della R. Società Romana di Storia patria*, vol. xxvii, Roma, 1904, p. 229, who, for reasons which have been given on

p. xxxix, considers the script much more recent than the date

usually assigned to it.

How late in the eighth century the manuscript could have been copied is a more difficult question. The internal evidence provides at least six passages which may perhaps help us.

But before examining this evidence, a word of necessary caution must be here inserted as to its value. Liturgical works abound in expressions copied from older manuscripts which pourtray a condition of affairs proper to their ancestors, which had long died out when the copy was made. A reader of the Leonianum might be led to infer that when that ms. was written, probably in the seventh century, the Church was surrounded by numerous pagan bodies, whilst the Gothicum leads us back to a time of persecution, when Christians were "captivitatibus elongati, carceribus detenti, metallis deputati" (p. 70. ll. 17, 18). The careful student must judge by the latest historical trace and not be led out of his way by references to past history, copied verbatim from the exemplar of the manuscript.

1. Nos. 351, 352, the *Oratio* and *Collectio in sancto Gregorio*, the Station Church in the Rogation Procession, contain the expressions: "intercedente summo antestete nostro et diuinorum capacem Gregorio" and "summi apostolici patris nostri Gregorii." Deferring for the present the consideration as to whether this St. Gregory was any local bishop and taking it for granted that he is Pope Gregory the Great, A.D. 590–604, it may be doubted whether such expressions could well have been composed or written or recited without explanation during the pontificates of

Gregory II. or Gregory III., A.D. 715-741.

2. If the Station Church of St. Martin, p. 99, l. 30, was (accepting the hypothesis that our manuscript was written for Autun) the church of St. Martin in that city, we know that it was destroyed in A.D. 731, and the ms. must have been copied

before that date.

3. Inferences drawn from references in collects to the temporal rulers of a country are often misleading, as such expressions are frequently retained long after they were historically true; as an instance of this Le Brun, op. cit., vol. iii, diss. iv, art. ii, p. 236, on account of the prayer "pro Christianis regibus," ascribed the Missale Francorum to A.D. 768–777, the date of the joint reign of Charlemagne and Carloman; but unfortunately the word "regibus" in the ms. is added by some reviser over the words "imperatoribus nostris," a relic of the Eastern empire. In this connexion the note in the edition of Neale and Forbes, p. 186, should be studied; according to this, Gal. vet. was used in a country governed by several Christian kings who were at war with heathen adversaries, whilst in the Gothicum the kings

are opposed to the Church. The latter statement is not quite accurate, for it speaks of "terrores inminentes," p. 99, l. 33; it describes a state of affairs where the wars of kings and consequent troublous times are described as hindering the prosperity and peace of the country: it prays for "temporum quietem, regum pagabilitatem," p. 81, ll. 37, 38; its Oracio pro face regum, No. 246, has "ut nobis populo suo pacem regum tribuere dignetur ut mitigatis eorum mentibus requies nobis congregacionis istius perseveret," and No. 247: "da regum culmini religionis prosperitatem et pacis ut nobis regno tuo caelesti in terris adhuc positis liberius liceat deservire." All these expressions speak of kings in the plural, not of a single king, and once, p. 80, ll. 10, 11, an expression is used: "pro salute regum et exercitu eorum," which, taken strictly, implies one army under two or more kings.

4. Attention has recently been called to the occurrence in the Gothicum of a custom then existing of reciting publicly the names of the offerers of the oblations, Nos. 15, 53, 74, 84, 119, 160, 172, 177, 182, 188, etc., etc. This practice was forbidden by Charlemagne in A.D. 789; cf. Edmund Bishop. Observations on the Liturgy of Narsai, Texts and Studies, vol. viii. No. 1,

Appendix, p. 99.

5. Should either Autun or Narbonne be accepted as the place where the ms. was composed, it must be remembered that both these cities fell into the hands of the Saracens before the end of the first quarter of the eighth century; Autun was taken in 725. Toulouse, Narbonne, and Carcasonne between 720 and 725. The same argument applies to Luxeuil, which was seized in A.D. 731, and was for fifteen years after that date without an abbot.

6. We must also take into consideration the date at which Gallican sacramentaries began to go out of use. By the end of the seventh or commencement of the eighth century the influence of the Roman ("Gelasian") missal was beginning to be very strong in France; cf. Bäumer in Historisches Jahrbuch (Görres), xiv, p. 242 sg. By a hundred years after the writing of the "Gothicum," Gallican sacramentaries were practically non-existent; in A.D. 830, Hilduinus, writing to the Emperor Louis, speaks of "antiquissimi et nimia pene uetustate consumpti missales libri continentes missae ordinem more gallico" (P.L., cvi, col. 16, 17) and Charles the Bald could only find out what the Gallican liturgy was by asking priests from Toledo to represent it. Our ms., however, was written for the use of a living rite and not as a material for research.

The verdict of palæography points to about 700 as the date of the script; according to Professor W. M. Lindsay the horizontal line as the abbreviation mark for a medial (not a MISSALE GOTHICUM.

final) m does not appear before the end of the seventh century and is then restricted, with a few exceptions, to *Nomina sacra*. According to M. Émile Chatelain, *Uncialis Scriptura*, the seventh century is indicated by the thin parchment, the shape of the a and the good l of scribes B and C; on the other hand, the eighth century seems called for by (i) the quire signatures being placed to the right and not the centre of the bottom of the last leaf of each quire¹; (ii) the bad orthography and specially the substitution of e for i and vice versa, and (iii) the occurrence of a few semi-uncial letters.

All these points being taken into consideration, the date of the ms. may fairly be ascribed to the end of the seventh or the beginning of the eighth century, and if one were pressed to name any one quarter of a century it would be between A.D. 690 and 715, with a preference to the earlier rather

than the later part of that period.

The date of the writing of our ms. and that of the compilation of the archetype from which it was mainly copied are very different matters; if the source of this archetype is Burgundy, the absence of any notice of St. Sigismund († 523) would suggest that the local part was already compiled before that date.

13. PROVENANCE.

The ms. is clearly French, not Italian; the use of ci for ti by the fourth and last scribe for the soft sound of ti is quite

decisive on this point.

Until lately all modern writers on this subject were unanimous in calling it the Sacramentary of Autun; so M. G. H., Script. rer. merov., v, 255: "Sacramentario ecclesiae Augustodunensis quod Missale Gothicum olim appellabatur"; L. Delisle, Mémoires de l'Institut national de France. Académie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres, xxxii, p. 69; L. Traube, in Dr. A. E. Burn's Facsimiles of the Creeds, Henry Bradshaw Society, xxxi, p. 6, "connected with the diocese of Autun"; Paléographie musicale, v, 162; Dom G. Morin, R.B., x (1893), p. 438; E. Chatelain, Introduction à la lecture des notes tironiennes, Paris, 1900, p. 143; Seminaire Historique, Louvain, 1912, p. 422; E. Heinrich Zimmermann, Vorkarolingische Miniaturen, Berlin, 1916, p. 50: "der Kodex für die diözese von Autun geschrieben ist."

Traube seems somewhat uncertain as to its provenance; in his *Nomina sacra*, whilst on pp. 232, 233, 235, 256, 261, he speaks of it as the Autun sacramentary, on p. 152 as the so-called Autun sacramentary, he also refers to it on p. 189 as the

¹ It may be permitted to doubt the universal application of this canon of M. Chatelain.

so-called Merovingian sacramentary, and on p. 255 as a South-

French sacramentary.

Dom Morin's latest words, R.B. xxix (1912), p. 182, xxxi (1914), p. 327, are very distinct in favour of an Autun provenance, but Dom Wilmart in the earlier volume, whilst on p. 149 he writes: "s'il est vrai que le Missale Gothicum a été composé en Bourgogne, ce qui paraît extrêmement probable," admits on p. 381, "c'est une pure conjecture qu'il a été rédigé en Bourgogne et dans le ressort d'Autun."

The Autun provenance was not, however, the verdict of the earliest editors of the manuscript; both Tomasi and Mabillon considered that it came from Narbonne; modern writers for palæographical reasons ascribe it to the school of Luxeuil.

Before examining such internal evidence as the ms. can

produce, we must remember to keep in mind two facts:

(i) That the ms. and its ancestors, immediate or remote, may have been written at widely different places, and that the ms. before us may have been transcribed in a *scriptorium* far away from the place where it was intended to be used; such examples of copying mss. for use elsewhere abound in the early middle ages; hence judgments passed from an examination of the script of the ms. can only point to the place where it was written but are valueless as to its exemplar, unless we are fortunate

enough to find traces of the one in the other;

(ii) Our ms., perhaps more than any other Sacramentary, is the result of accretions; its composition, the order of its Sanctorale, and the place of the individual missae, shew that, though it may be a faithful copy of its exemplar, that exemplar is the result of the fusion of three or four different books; it is really a collection of libelli or individual missae passed on from church to church; hence the local references in any one missae can only prove the provenance of that particular missae, for in another part of the ms. we may find equally strong arguments in favour of a very different provenance.

The existence of such *libelli* seems proved by the fact that, with rare exceptions, the copyist C never writes *ci* for *ti*, except in two masses, those of St. Maurice and St. Leodegarius, which are evidently derived from a separate source which retained this orthographical mark.

The internal evidence as to provenance is afforded by:

(i) the Sanctorale;

(ii) the place of the Rogationtide Stations;(iii) the terms applied to kings and bishops;

(iv) the orthography and script of the manuscript.

(i) The Sanctorale contains, in addition to feasts of universal recognition, such as those of Our Lady and the Apostles:

(a) Roman martyrs: Agnes, Cecilia, Clement, John and

Paul, Laurence, Hippolytus, Cornelius (with Cyprian);
(b) French local saints: Ferreolus and Ferrucio, Symphorian, Leodegarius, Saturninus, in addition to Martin and Maurice

(c) one Spanish saint, Eulalia.

As none of these local saints ever found acceptance in the early Roman kalendar, we are justified in ascribing the composition of the Sacramentary to some place in the kingdom of Gaul or its neighbourhood. But a more careful examination reveals that the two localities suggested by the Sanctorale are the extreme east and the extreme west of Gaul; Burgundy is the home of SS. Ferreolus and Ferrucio, of St. Symphorian, of St. Maurice and of St. Leodegarius; the S.W. of France and Spain that of St. Saturninus and St. Eulalia; St. Martin being universal. Hence we have two localities to choose from; but, as stated above, they are not necessarily incompatible; if we allow that the ms. could have been copied in one place but intended for another.

Taking these saints one by one:

(i) St. Symphorian. The Missa for his feast, Nos. 414-418, appears in no other Gallican Sacramentary and looks as if it had been originally composed in a place where he either suffered martyrdom or was held in special honour. There runs through the whole of it an intimate connexion between the Saint and the petitioners: "etsi non pari agone certantibus similis fortitudo," p. 115, l. 26; "similes (=similis) nos fides martyrio copulet quos tempus passionis in stadio non reliquit," p. 116, ll. 2, 3; "in cuius nos sollempnitate confortat uel ratio manifesta rerum," p. 116, ll. 30, 31; besides this, there is one expression, which does not occur elsewhere, which seems to refer to him as very closely connected with the place where the Missa was composed: "praeciosum peculiaremque nobis beatum Sinfurianum martyrem," p. 116, ll. 20, 21. He was buried in A.D. 179 near the place of his martyrdom at Autun; an oratory, "memoria," was erected in the fourth century over his tomb two kilometres north of that city and a church was built there by St. Euphronius in A.D. 421; his relics were transferred to a new tomb there by St. Leodegarius towards the end of the seventh century.

(ii) SS. Andochius and Benignus, "beatos patres Andochium Benignumque," p. 117, l. 1, were apparently the earliest founders, "patres," of the Christian community at Autun, and a hospice under their patronage was built there by Queen Brunhilde.

(iii) St. Leodegarius. The Missa for his feast, Nos. 425-431,

contains details of his persecution which seem to have been written by an eve-witness, and there is a strange use no less than five times of the word "saeculum": "praesentis saeculi," p. 120, 1. 24; "per istius saeculi aerumnas," p. 119, l. 18; "in hoc saeculo," p. 120, l. 8; "saeculi huius," p. 120, l. 21, which may possibly have a local as well as a temporal meaning. The words of the Immolatio, No. 429, "reminiscentes talem pastorem," p. 120, l. 36, can hardly have been composed by one who did not live at Autun; the Saint is here invoked as a pastor still living in the immediate memory of and among his people. The expression in it: "unde post multae reliquiae floruerunt in galleis (=Galliis)," p. 120, ll. 34, 35, would come naturally from a writer in the diocese of Autun which was not privileged to keep his body after his death. St. Leger, bishop of Autun, after much persecution was put to death at Sus Saint Léger in the diocese of Arras between 678 and 680, most probably in 679; his body was translated in 681 to S. Maxent at Poitiers, where he had previously been abbot, and eventually in 683 buried there. It is true that he was imprisoned at Luxeuil in 675, but the expressions in his Missa are more appropriate to his diocese than to

His life and miracles were recorded within ten years of his death by a monk of the abbey of St. Symphorian at Autun, where a chapel was dedicated in his honour about the same time; cf. Pitra, Hist. de St. Léger, etc., Paris, 1846, p. 396; one of his early successors in the see of Autun, Ansbertus, on his death in 696, left all his property to the mother church of St. Nazarius, to the suburban monastery of St. Symphorian in Autun, and to the oratory of St. Leodegarius built under it, which already had "quatuor matriculos qui ad ipsum oratorium domni Leodegarii deserviunt." There are two versions of this will: "ad oratorium sancti Leodegarii qui subtus sanctum Symphorianum constructus esse videtur," so Mabillon, Annales Ordinis S. Benedicti, Paris, 1703, I, app. p. 703; M. G. H. Scriptor. rerum meroving, V, p. 255; or "qui sub habitu Symphoriani c. e. v.," Gallia Christiana, vol. iv (ed. Paris, 1728), Instrum. Aeduen, col. 43. Pardessus, Diplom., II, 237, prefers the former; Pitra, op. cit., p. 396, leaves the question open: "on lui bâtit un oratoire voisin de la basilique de Saint-Symphorien."

(d) The Mass for the Feast of SS. Ferreolus and Ferrucio, Nos. 363-367, is unique in Gallican liturgica and does not contain any clearly local expressions. Their cult was, however, practically restricted to Burgundy and to monastic houses founded from Burgundy. These, brothers by birth and in martyrdom, reputed disciples of St. Irenaeus, were put to death and buried half a league to the north of Besançon. The

occurrence of a *Missa* for their feast supports a Burgundian rather than a strictly Autun origin of our Sacramentary, for the reference to the popular pilgrimage to some spot outside the gates of Autun, cited by Pitra, *op. cit.*, p. 206, as a commemoration of them there for more than fifteen centuries, sayours more of the

special pleader than of the strict historian.

(e) St. Maurice. His Missa, Nos. 419-424, and especially its Immolatio, No. 423, is replete with localisms and strange latinity, e.g. "cum tantis," p. 118, l. 20; "et . . . inimici," p. 119, l. 1; "persecucione sonus," p. 118, l. 20; it is here only in the ms. that we come across the typical phrase "dei populus," p. 118, ll. 22, 26, 32, and such variations of the spelling of the name of the place of martyrdom as "acauninsebus," p. 117, l. 29; acauninsium," p. 111, ll. 1, 10; "agauninsium," p. 119, l. 3. The clause in the Immolatio: "Factus est sacer ille agauninsium locus per suffragia martyrum salus praesentium praesidium futurorum" can apparently have been written only near the place where they were specially honoured, St. Moritz (Agaunum) in the Valley of the Rhone, but in the Burgundian kingdom; hence it is no far-fetched inference that we are dealing with the

libellus of a Missa sent out from that place.

(f) There remains only St. Martin, the apostle of the Gauls, whose Mass, Nos. 472-476, curiously sandwiched in between the Commune sanctorum and the Missae dominicales, witnesses to its having been sent at some time or other as a libellus to the place where the exemplar of our Sacramentary was originally drawn up. Its language, however, is similar to that used in other Gallican and Gelasian collects and it contains only one phrase: "patris nostri Martini," p. 128, l. 33, which might be of value as a clue to the provenance of our ms. The superlative phrases applied to him: "summo uiro," p. 100, l. 6; "praedicandi ac uenerabilis sacerdotis," p. 129, ll. 2, 3; "apostolica uirtute," p. 129, l. 37, are general terms which could have been written anywhere in France, where from the earliest times he was regarded as first in honour after the apostles and held in universal esteem, (c.g. in the ancient diocese of Lyons there were ninety parish churches and chapels dedicated in his honour, and in the middle of the nineteenth century over 100 parishes in the diocese of Autun bore his name), and where he was called "patronus" even in churches built in honour of another saint.

The expression "patris nostri" has been, rightly or wrongly, called in as a witness for the Autun provenance of our ms. by French writers of the last century. Thus J. Gabriel Bulliot, Essai historique sur l'abbaye de Saint-Martin d'Autun, Autun, 1849, p. 43, argues that as St. Martin consecrated an altar to SS. Peter and Paul in the heathen temple at Autun which

afterwards became the abbey of St. Martin, founded at the end of the sixth century, he is rightly in our "Autun" missal spoken of as "the father of the monks of St. Symphorian." A similar argument appears in a disquisition on the Autun rite, published in the records of the *Congrès archéologique de France*, Caen, 1847, pp. 231–262. It must be remembered, however, that whilst St. Martin of Autun was tenanted by benedictine monks, St. Symphorian was served by canons.

On the inference which may be drawn from one of the Rogation Station churches being dedicated to St. Martin, see

o. lvi.

There are, however, some non-French saints to whom special

references are made:

1. St. Stephen: "nobis eius peculiare praesidium tribue," p. 8, l. 10; "da nobis diem natalis eius honore praecipuo celebrare," p. 8, l. 20. Should these bear witness to some local tradition, there may be a reference either to (i) Autun, where St. Étienne l'Estrier (cf. p. lvi) adjoined the primitive cemetery where the early bishops of Autun were buried (the Vatican or the St. Callisto catacomb of Burgundy), or to (ii) Besançon, whither relics of St. Stephen were carried in the fourth century; cf. Catal.

codd. hagiog. Bruxell., 1886, i, pp. 75, 76.

2. SS. Peter and Paul. It will be noticed that f. 209 was originally left blank; it is the only page in the ms. which was not occupied by the original script of one of the four scribes. This is so remarkable a fact that one is tempted to divine a reason for it. It is the page before the mass of SS. Peter and Paul; the title of that mass was not inserted by B, but was subsequently added by D at the top of f. 209b on seeing that it lacked its title. Is it not possible, if not probable, that the original intention of B was that he or his miniaturist should fill the whole of f. 209 with the words "Missa sanctorum Petri et Pauli" in large letters and possibly an elaborate surrounding or arcade of some sort, in fact to treat this title in the same way as that for Easter Day on f. 169b? One may hazard the conjecture that the church or monastery for whose use the ms. was written was dedicated to the two chief apostles, and we must be on the look-out to see which of the various claimants for that honour happen to be dedicated to SS. Peter and Paul. The expression "populum tuum cum sanctorum apostolorum tuorum petri et pauli patrocinio supplicantem," p. 106, ll. 22, 23, supports this theory, as does also "apostulum tuum illum patronum," p. 109, 11. 3, 4, if, as seems likely, that missa is connected with St. Paul.

(ii) The Churches of the Rogationtide Stations. Here we have again to face the question whether the Rubrics in our ms. are not copied totidem verbis from an exemplar written for another

place. Here we have in order: Collectiones in rogationibus per dinersa loca sanctorum. In Sancto Petro nunc. In Sancto Paulo. In Sancto Stephano. In Sancto Martino. In Sancto Gregorio; Nos. 343-352. It will be noticed that the procession did not stop, as in the "Gregorianum" for Roman use on April 25, "ad sanctum Valentinum," "ad Pontem Molbi," "ad crucem" (Gg. Wilson, p. 70), but in a different "locus (not 'ecclesia') sancti, etc."

The language of the Rubrics in *Gal. vet.* is exactly similar, except that there the word "nunc" precedes "in Sancto Petro," the station at St. Paul's is omitted, and there are two additional *orationes* "in quo loco volueris," with the particular Saint's name left blank; a sign that that Sacramentary could be used, and in fact was intended for use, in other places with different station churches. It looks as if both mss. were copied immediately or remotely from one exemplar: "Unde colligere licet, has orationes fuisse communes, non loci alicujus peculiaris, ad quem hace Missalia pertinuerint," Mabillon, *De liturg. gallic.*, p. 376, note a.

The localities in our ms. coincide, but with the exception of St. Paul and St. Gregory, with the topography of Autun. On

this the following works may be consulted:

Edme Thomas († 1660), Histoire de l'antique cité d'Autun, Paris, 1846, with map of that city c. A.D. 1660.

J. Gabriel Bulliot, Essai historique sur l'abbaye de St. Martin d'Autun, Autun, 1849.

Bulletin monumental, Tom. xviii (1852), pp. 365-8.

Anatole de Charmasse, in Mémoires de la Société Éduenne, Ap. 11, 1878, taken from the Journal L'Autunois.

Idem, Notice sur un sacramentaire ms. de la Bibliothèque du Vatican, Mémoires de la Société Éduenne, 1879, pp. 477–483.

J. B. Pitra, Histoire de St. Léger, etc. Paris, 1846.

A. Longnon, Géographie de la Gaule au VI siècle, Paris, 1878. Revue de l'Art chrétien, 1904, pp. 279–285.

Dom Cabrol, Dictionnaire d'Archéologie chrétienne et de Liturgie, sub voce Autun.

From these we learn that outside and within 1200 metres of the Porte de St. André at Autun, there were in the eighth and ninth centuries the following buildings:

(1) The Abbey of St. Symphorian:

(2) The cemetery ("polyandron") of St. Pierre de l'Estrier, or de l'Estrée, via strata; the burial place of the first bishops of Autun, mentioned by St. Gregory of Tours;

(3) St. Stephen "de l'Estrier";

(4) St. Martin, an abbey of benedictine monks founded at the end of the sixth century. If we take it for granted that the monastery of St. Symphorian was the place for which the ms. or its ancestor was written, the churches or oratories of St. Peter, St. Stephen and St. Martin, would naturally be the places where the procession stopped, the starting place, St. Symphorian, naturally not being inserted.

Dom Morin, R.B., xxix (1912), p. 180, is so convinced that he writes, "On sait qu'une des raisons décisives en faveur de l'origine autunoise du *Missale Gothicum* est tirée des églises ou oratoires indiqués comme lieux de stations aux processions des

Rogations."

The expression "nunc" in the rubric has been taken to mean that whilst at some earlier date the clergy of St. Symphorian extended their procession into the town, they were now restricted to the churches outside the walls. "Sous l'administration de Saint Léger, les moines de Saint-Symphorien furent ramenés à une clôture sévère. Cette réforme les obligea de faire quelques changements à leur cérémoniel, de restreindre le cercle de leurs sorties, même pour les saintes litanies et d'assigner aux processions des Rogations de nouvelles stations plus rapprochées." Pitra, op. cit., p. 206.

It may, however, very seriously be doubted whether the word "nunc" which appears in two other rubrics of our ms. and in eight places in *Gal. vet.*, used in quite different connexions, is not simply a direction to the copyist of the ms. Cf. vol. ii.

Dom Morin, R.B., xxix (1912), p. 168 sq., has an ingenious theory as to the Autun Rogation stations. The Munich ms. 6430, copied for use at Freising, provides for stations "in S. Petro," "in S. Stephano," "in S. Martino," but for "in S. Gregorio" it substitutes "in S. Maria." The last station he conjectures to be the monastery of S. Mary at Autun which was founded between A.D. 591 and 600 and he conjectures that by the time when our ms. was written the station there had been transferred to a church or oratory of St. Gregory, but that in the Munich ms., written for Freising, which had no church of St. Peter or of St. Martin, the local peculiarities of its French exemplar, older than Go., were reproduced.

Our ignorance of the existence of any oratories of St. Paul and of St. Gregory at Autun is not necessarily fatal to Dom Morin's theory, for traces of them may eventually be found; but it is curious that, so far as can be ascertained, no writer on Autun

history or topography has as yet mentioned any such.

We must of course not confuse these Gallican Rogationtide Processions, instituted by Mamertus, bishop of Vienne, c. A.D. 470, and made obligatory on all Gaul by the Council of Orleans in A.D. 511, with the Roman Litania major on 25 April. In Dom Morin's account of the Liturgie et Basiliques de Rome

au milieu du vii^{ème} siècle, R.B., xxviii (1911), p. 296, as revealed by the *Comes* of ms. Würzburg th. fol. 62, there is no mention of any Rogation ceremonies; apparently they did not get to Rome until the pontificate of Leo III. (798-811) and then the clergy went on the Monday from Sta. Maria Maggiore to the Lateran, on the Tuesday from Sta. Sabina to S. Paolo and on the Wednesday from Sta. Croce to S. Lorenzo fuori.

In view of the difficulty caused by the apparent absence near St. Symphorian at Autun of any sacred places dedicated either to St. Paul or to St. Gregory, and by the fact that the same station churches are found with certain omissions and variations in two other Gallican liturgical mss., it is well to enquire whether the origin of such stations may not be found elsewhere and whether they may not possibly be derived eventually from Rome.

There were at least three monasteries at the back of the basilica of St. Peter, referred to in the Council held there by Gregory III. in 732, viz. those of SS. John and Paul, St. Stephen and St. Martin; cf. Liber pontificalis, ed. Duchesne, I, 422, l. 30. Mgr. Duchesne (p. 241) thinks that the order in which they are there mentioned may depend on their relative dignity and antiquity, but the plan of St. Peter's by Alforano made in 1591 (Duch., p. 192), where they are marked respectively b, li, a, shews that, starting from the right, they follow their topographical order. These three monasteries are also referred to, though in a different order, in Liber pontificalis (ed. Duchesne), I, 484, n. 58; II, 22, 23 and (with the exception of St. Stephen's), II, 130, II. 3–5.

If we follow the itinerary round St. Peter's, we arrive, after the monastery of St. Martin, at a group of buildings, part of which was the Hospital of St. Gregory, mentioned in the Lib. pontif., op. cit., I, p. 520, n. 81, marked gg in Alforano's plan, exactly where "in porticu" pilgrims would have to turn to the left to return to the basilica. This was the "xenodochium ubi ex peregrinis ad limina apostolorum confluentibus tredecim ad mensam quotidie per pontificis ministros suscipiuntur" (op. cit., I, 526), in commemoration of St. Gregory's thirteenth angelic guest.

There is a later tradition (op. cit., I, 520, n. 81) that its chapel or part of it adjoining the oratory was called Sancta Maria dei Virgarii. It was very close to this spot that modern archæological research has located the diaconia of "S. Maria foris portam beati Petri apostoli in caput portici" with a hospital connected with it. It has been objected that this S. Maria is some distance away from S. Gregorio and that it stood where the obelisk of Nero's circus is now placed in front of St. Peter's; but, even so, here could well be the last "statio" before the pilgrims returned to their "schola," which was probably slightly to the south of it.

It may at least be permitted to venture the conjecture (i) that some French pilgrim to the Eternal City in the sixth or seventh century, lodging as he would do in the immediate vicinity of St. Peter's, took part in some such itinerary, official or unofficial, round the Basilica and described it on his return home; (ii) that the names of the local Roman martyrs John and Paul easily and naturally got transformed into those of the apostles Peter and Paul; and (iii) that the last *statio* could be truthfully described either as "in S. Gregorio," as in Go. ("summo antistite nostro," "summi apostolici patris nostri," p. 110, ll. 17, 24), or as "in S. Maria" as in the Munich ms,

No other Gallican Sacramentary or *Comes* names any other *stationes* for the Rogation processions, nor does it appear necessary that any church should observe any other than its own local circle, but it is possible that in some ancestor of Go., common to it and to G.V. and Clm. 4130, this reminiscence of Roman

topography was in various ways retained.

This is of course pure conjecture, but it should be borne in mind as a rival theory to the prevalent one of an Autun provenance, and it has in its favour the expression, "fundator ecclesiae," p. 98, l. 33, applied to St. Peter, specially appropriate to Rome.

(iii) The terms which are applied to the rulers of the country have already been referred to, p. xlix; they are applicable to all parts of France, but probably more appropriate to the kingdom of Burgundy. The havoc made on the Church in France by civil war, referred to several times in the ms., was practically a permanent event during Merovingian times, when 'the country was continually divided up among the sons of a deceased king; the period of about A.D. 575, the war between Sigebert and Chilperic, is characterized by St. Gregory of Tours as a more violent church persecution than that of Diocletian, and the prayer for "requies nobis congregacionis istius," in the *Oracio pro pace regum*, No. 246, would be very appropriate for Luxeuil at the end of the seventh century.

The ms. makes no mention of any pope or of any bishop: the Exultet on Holy Saturday contenting itself with a prayer for clergy and people, "cum patre nostro beatissimo uiro illo," p. 69, l. 14. It would appear then not to have been intended for the secular clergy. The expression just cited: "nobis congregacionis istius," seems only applicable to a religious house; but on the other hand there is no mention either of monks or canons or of any abbot of either. This may be due to the general character of the Sacramentary, the details of which could be filled up to suit the needs of the place which used it. This vagueness well fits in with the peculiar rule of the great abbey of Luxeuil;

originally strictly Columbanian, it gradually adopted parts of the Benedictine rule, though it was not until the end of the ninth century that all traces of the original Irish monasticism disappeared there. Its branch houses, however, very early became benedictine, the more severe rule being found impracticable. Even at Autun, the officiants in the monastery of St. Symphorian are termed in Ansbert's will (cf. p. liii) "clerici" or "fratres,"

never "monachi," though "sub religionis habitu."

Our ms. stands alone among early Sacramentaries in always adding "famulae" after "famuli"; cf. p. 69, l. 13; "fratribus et sororibus nostris," p. 70, l. 17; p. 71, ll. 17, 32; p. 72, ll. 9, 21. This looks as if it had been intended for use in some religious house for both sexes; such were by no means infrequent in the seventh and eighth centuries, and many of the daughter communities founded from Luxeuil were of this character; e.g., Chelles, Faremoutier, Jouarre, Marchiennes, Nivelle, Laon (St. John), Lure, Remiremont, Soissons (Notre Dame), Strassburg (St. Stephen).

(iv) Such evidence as the orthography of the ms. affords will

be discussed in the third volume.

No certain deductions can be drawn from the latinity of the ms., which only reveals such forms as were universally current in France at the time it was written. The one word which might afford some clue is the adjective "romensis," p. 141, l. 14, originally the Spanish form of "romanus." On this word, cf. Traube, Abhandlungen der hist. class., München, vol. xxi; Bd. iii, 727; A. E. Burn, Facsimiles of the Creeds, H. B. S., vol. xxxvi, London, 1909, p. 29, and Dom G. Morin, R.B., xxxi (1914), p. 329. It occurs in our ms., in the Missale "Bobiense," in ms. Gotha, memb. I, 85 (Murbach canons of c. A.D. 800, cited by Martene), and in ms. Verona LII (50), a ms. from Burgundv of the same date; with these exceptions the existence of this form of the adjective has only been noticed in mss. of Spain and of S.W. France (Narbonne, Arles, Albi, etc.); it evidently spread from Spain to Burgundy, but did not get into France proper until the eighth century. Hence its occurrence in our ms. is not decisive, for S.W. France and Burgundy are the only two possible scriptoria of our ms.

The two other words which give the appearance of being local patois: "estan," p. 110, l. 15, which has been cited as a Spanish symptom, and "zonay," p. 14, n. 1, are equally indecisive; the former is due to a corrector of the ms., the latter may be either Gothic, Hebrew, or Irish; cf. the notes on these words in the second volume.

No inference as to provenance can be drawn from the forms in Tironian notation, cf. p. xlii, nor from the Merovingian script,

cf. p. xli; a detailed examination of the palæography of kindred

manuscripts will be found in the second volume.

There is another argument in favour of Autun which for a time found favour; it first appeared in an article by M. l'Abbé Devoucoux, L'ancienne liturgie du diocèse d'Autun in Congrès historique de la France, etc., Paris, 1878, p. 246: "Le nom de Missale Gothicum [added on the first page of the manuscript] s'explique par l'influence des traditions visigothes unies à celles des Burgundes, sous l'influence de la fille d'Anathagilde. Au commencement du ix siècle le conté d'Autun fit partie de l'Aquitaine, et les contes de cette ville, abbés commendataires de S. Symphorien. portent d'ordinairement le titre de marquis de Gothie"; in other words, that the title given in the fifteenth century to the Sacramentary is its traditional name, and goesback to the Counts of Autun, who in the ninth century were lay abbots of St. Symphorian, and, for a short time, "Marchiones Gothiae."

This argument is summarily rejected by M. Delisle, *Bibliothèque de l'École des chartes*, xl (1879), p. 142¹: this title was used temporarily by three persons in the ninth century, and could not in the fifteenth have had any historical meaning. It is far more reasonable to suppose that the title "Missale Gothicum" refers to some traditional belief that it represented a rite used generally in the Gothic occupation of the S.W. and S.E. of France.

Another argument advanced by Charmasse, Devoucoux, and Pitra in favour of the Autun provenance is founded on the similar zoomorphic ornamentation (fishes and birds) in our manuscript and in ms. Autun 3, written in the year 754; Delisle, op. cit., rejects the argument on the ground that the original provenance of the latter ms. is unknown; "Vossevio," where it was written, is not Oberwesel, which had no monastery, but the fact that it was copied for the abbess of St. Mary and St. John at Autun suggests that it was written in that neighbourhood. But as a matter of fact such zoomorphic designs are common to all Merovingian mss. of the time and cannot be cited as a proof of an Autun scriptorium.

Should we be driven to think that the arguments in favour of an Autun provenance are irresistible, to which church or monastery should we assign it? The cathedral of St. Nazaire seems excluded by the absence of any *Missa* for his feast, and the expressions in many of the collects seem to imply that it was written for a religious house. The abbey of St. Martin was strictly benedictine, but St. Benedict's name does not occur in the ms.; that of St. Symphorian was served, so far as we can

 $^{^1}$ "Le titre de $\it Missale$ $\it Gothicum$ ne saurait avoir le sens que M, de Charmasse est porté à lui attribuer."

ascertain, by canons or clerks of the Lateran, who are described as "clericos vel fratres" and never as "monachos." The latter were, however, not held in favour by St. Leodegarius, who barred them from serving in the cathedral; yet in our ms. both' St. Symphorian and St. Leodegarius are held in special honour.

Should we follow previous commentators and decide for the abbey of St. Symphorian, we shall have to reconcile the Sacramentary with the letters on the Gallican rite ascribed to St. Germain of Paris, formerly abbot of that house. Unfortunately the two have little common ground; the Sacramentary is practically all text and no rubrics; the treaties is a description without liturgical text. The position of the Pax seems to differ in the two mss.; this question will be treated in the third volume, when the Gallican rite is described.

On the whole, it may be agreed that, whilst there is much to be said for the Autun provenance of our ms., the question cannot be regarded as definitely settled. One has but to glance at such a work as Cardinal Pitra's Histoire de St. Léger, etc., Paris, 1846, to see how slight are the foundations for the Autun theory and how, in the then current way of making history, everything is forced in to accord with the theory; thus on p. 204 he claims that the four chief monuments of Gallican liturgica, viz., the Missale (="Gothicum"), the Pontificale (="Missale Francorum"), the Rituale (="Miss. Gallicanum vetus") and the Ceremoniale (=St. Germain's treatise) form a liturgical cycle belonging to one church, Autun, to one date, the seventh century, to one bishop, St. Leger, and that of these four, one, the Ceremoniale, never left Autun; but the ascription of the last work to St. Germain is very doubtful, and the ms. itself was written four hundred years after his time.

Three facts seem strongly against Autun: (i) the script is unlike that of Autun mss. of the time¹; (ii) the varied spelling of the name Leodegarius in No. 429 would seem unaccountable at Autun within a few years of his death; (iii) the absence of any notice of St. Nazaire, the patron of the cathedral, which was

consecrated in 542.

We seem to be driven to assign the compilation and the writing of the ms. to some place outside Autun which had received from that city the two *libelli missae* for the feasts of St. Leger and of St. Symphorian.

If we may take it for granted that, though the archetype of parts of the manuscript may have been written for Autun, the ms. itself cannot be proved to have come from there, we must go

¹ The ascription to Burgundy (Autun) by M. S. Tafel in *Revue Charlemagne*, II (1912), p. 105, of mss. Autun 20, Montpellier (Ville) 3, Vatic. Regin. 316, and Bodleian Douce ms., f. 1, has not found acceptance with palæographers.

farther east into Burgundy to discover its *scriptorium*. This was the frequently expressed opinion of Dr. Liebaert of the Vatican Library, whose premature death has robbed liturgiology of one of its most promising and zealous devotees. Burgundy has been hinted at not obscurely by others, *e.g.*, by Dom Wilmart, *R.B.*, xxix (1912), 149: "extremely probable"; whilst Luxeuil, the oldest and most famous monastery in that kingdom, has been suggested as the *scriptorium* by one whose knowledge of early mss. gives much authority to his opinion, viz., Prof. W. M. Lindsay, *Notae Latinae*, Cambridge, 1915, p. 481: "probably written at Luxeuil."

Two other palæographical experts, Professor Traube and Dr. E. A. Loew, agree in calling the minuscule script of Gothicum, "of the school of Luxeuil." This does not necessarily mean the same thing as the scriptorium of Luxeuil, for the absence of a single trace of insular marks in the script or the decoration of the ms. or in its abbreviations or its orthography would seem decisive against its having been written there, unless we can, with Traube, believe that every tradition of its Irish origin could have disappeared within a hundred years of its foundation. In its daughter houses, of course, Irish traces would vary according to the nationality of their monks. The influence in script, as in other respects, of that Columbanian foundation had very early spread far and wide. Perhaps no monastery ever had so many daughter houses as Luxeuil, the richest, the most important, and the most celebrated religious house in Gaul, which by the end of the seventh century numbered six hundred monks within its walls.

The Irish monks of St. Columbanus, its original founder, were born wanderers and colonizers; they evangelized the North and the East of France as far as the Vosges and Alsace, Switzerland, South Germany and North Italy; it is now known that it is due to them that the Gallican Liturgy found its way into Freising in Bavaria between the years 716 and 730; cf. R.B.,

xxix (1912), p. 183.

Unfortunately we have very few mss. which can be said with certainty to have been written or kept in that abbey; cf. L. Delisle, Le Cabinet des mss. etc., ii, p. 380; its library was dispersed in the early Middle Ages, and we know of no press-mark or catchword by which we can recognize its mss. The British Museum has two, but of much later date than our ms., and they are in Carlovingian script, viz. add. 21914, Smaragdus, of the tenth century, and add. 21917, Vitae Sanctorum, of the end of that century; the Bodleian has one, ms. Bodl. Add. A. 173, ascribed by Libri to Luxeuil, part of a Gregorian Sacramentary of the end of the ninth, of similar script; in the Phillipps Library at Cheltenham (Libri sale, A.D. 1859, No. 139) is a

Commentary of Bede, of the eighth; the Bibliothèque Nationale of Paris has at least five: ms. 10863, Patristica, of the ninth century, palimpsest over Vitae Sanctorum, now practically illegible, of about A.D. 600; ms. 14086, a Luxeuil Kalendar of the eighth century; ms. 9427, the Luxeuil Lectionary of the end of the seventh; ms. 1205, S. Augustini Epistolae of about 7001, and ms. 13246, the so-called Bobbio Missal of the beginning of the eighth, which has been credited to Luxeuil by some scholars. One has crossed the sea to America, the Homilies of St. Augustine, formerly at Troussures, dated A.D. 625; there is the Astronomica of Boetius of A.D. 1004, ms. Berne, 87, and there were possibly two Luxeuil mss. of later date in the Baron Marguery's sale at Paris in 1857, one c. A.D. 900, the other a century later. The catalogue of Libri's sale in 1859 stated that two other mss., which cannot now be located, came from Luxeuil. viz. 356, a Gospel book of the ninth century, and 495, a book of Homilies of the eighth; but Libri's statements as to provenance, etc., are so rash that little credit can be placed in them.

Zimmermann, op. cit., pp. 167–180, from the artistic point of view, assigns to our ms. with thirteen others the *Schriftheimat* of Luxeuil, but that title must clearly be taken in a very wide sense.

Hence as a matter of fact we have only three or four mss. reputed of Luxcuil origin, now at Paris, whose script can in any

way be used to compare with our ms.

The Luxeuil scriptorium must therefore be regarded as uncertain; though its founders and original few monks were Irish, it was largely peopled from the adjoining country and the teachers in its writing school may have been almost entirely French or Burgundian. Traube went so far as to say: "Columban's monastery in France is distinguished from his Italian in that the Irish element has had no effect whatever on the character of the script, which remains Gallic" (A. E. Burn, Facsimiles of the Creeds, p. 30). The Irish and Columbanian tradition very quickly gave way to local and benedictine influence both at the mother and the daughter houses. If we look among the latter for the scriptorium of our ms., our choice is very extended. for by the date when it was written, Luxeuil had founded or peopled a very large number of monasteries; e.g. in France: Arras (St. Vedast*), Chelless, Corbie+, Faremoutiers, Fontenelle+, Jouarre§, Jumièges*, Hautvillers+, Laon (St. John)§, Marchiennes+§, Nevers (St. Mary)†, Nivelles+§, Pavilly†, Peronne+, Rebais+, St. Bertin, St. Blandin+, St. Fiacre, St. Josse+, St. Maur des Fossés+, St. Riquier, St. Valery, Soissons (St. Medard), (St. Mary§), Therouanne, Troyes (Moustier

¹ Cf. Traube, Abhandlungen . . . München, xxi, p. 702.

l'abbé)+; in Burgundy and the Vosges: Besançon (St. Peter+, St. Paul, St. Mary†), Bèze+, Flavigny+, Lure+§, Moutier Grandval+, Remiremont+§; in Switzerland: Chur, Dissentis, St. Maurice, St. Ursanne+, St. Gall and, indirectly, Reichenau+, whose founder, St. Pirminius, "de occidentali parte," may have been a Burgundian; in Germany: Ebermunster, Ettenheim, Marmoutier+, Romainmoutier+, Seckingen†, Strassburg (St. Stephen), Wissembourg+ and, indirectly, Murbach+*.

[In the above list, + = patrons St. Peter or SS. Peter and Paul; * = with relics or chapel of St. Leger; \S , monastery of

nuns; †, monastery of monks and nuns.]

The limits of the script of Luxeuil extended to the North as far as Treves; to the North-East to Fulda and Weissenburg; to the East to Murbach, Chur, Reichenau and Würzburg; to the South-East to Ivrea and Verona; to the South-West to Flavigny and Noirmoutier; and to the North-West to Beauvais, Soissons, Paris, Corbie, Arras.

Its liturgical influence, judging by the monasteries where the "Laus perennis" of St. Maurice was carried on, extended beyond Luxeuil to Chalons, Dijon, Paris, Remiremont, St.

Riquier and Soissons.

The Sanctorale of our ms., so far as it can be used as a means of comparison, accords fairly well with what remains of the Luxeuil Kalendar of the same date, now Paris B.N. ms. 14086, the latest transcription of which is printed in the Dictionnaire

d'Archéologie chrétienne etc., iii, c. 2927.

The three *scriptoria* most closely connected with Luxeuil which suggest themselves as the possible home of our ms. are Besançon, Corbie, and Murbach. The early ninth-century Litany of Besançon, reprinted in Mabillon, *Veterum Analectorum*, Paris, 1676, tom. ii, p. 682, contains the names of five of the French martyrs for whom a *missa* is provided in *Miss. Gothicum*, viz. Saturninus, Symphorianus, Ferreolus, Leodegarius, Mauritius,

but we have no ms. written there as old as ours.

Corbie, founded from Luxeuil by Queen Bathilde in 662, after it had become benedictine, has also some claims to be considered; its patrons were SS. Peter and Paul, and its two other chief churches were those of St. John and St. Stephen ("nobis eius peculiare praesidium tribue," No. 26); the script of our ms. is at least fifty years earlier than any known one written at Corbie, and the marks of abbreviation are not identical, but the few examples of Merovingian minuscule in it may well be the beginning of the well-known later Corbie script. It is true that our ms. cannot be identified with any one in the eleventh-

¹ Cf. Dom J. M. Besse, Les Moines de l'ancienne France, Paris, 1906, pp. 270-281. MISSALE GOTHICUM,

century catalogue of the mss. of Corbie, but that catalogue contains no *liturgica* which may have been kept in the Treasury

as out-of-date curiosities, not to be used.

The date, A.D. 727, of the foundation from Reichenau of the abbey of Murbach in Alsace under the patronage of B.V.M., SS. Peter and Paul, St. Michael and St. Leger, is probably later than the writing of our ms.; were it not, there are reasons which could assign it to this abbey, "le milieu cosmopolite mais spécialement irlandais" (R.B., xxxi (1914), p. 330, note), which claimed to possess the head of St. Leger and termed him their chief patron.

Dr. Loew (Studia palaeographica, Sitzungsberichte der Königlich Bayerischen Akademie—Phil. hist. Klasse, 1910, 12 Abhandlung, p. 49) points out how French mss. probably served as models for the Swiss: "historical and graphic considerations suggest Burgundian influence. Further investigation may disclose relations between Luxeuil and Chur or some other Swiss centre." We may eventually find that our ms. was written to

the E. and not to the W. of Luxeuil.

Should we seek some Burgundian foundation outside Burgundy, the great abbey of St. Germain at Paris suggests itself; its first three abbots came from Autun; it possessed relics of the Burgundian saints Ferreolus and Ferrucio and Andeolus, and had an oratory dedicated to St. Symphorian.

Poitiers, though intimately connected with Autun in the middle and end of the seventh century (St. Leger, the nephew of the Bishop of Poitiers, was educated and buried there), seems

excluded by the absence of any missa of St. Hilary.

The earliest editors and commentators on the ms.: Bona, Rerum liturgicarum, Paris, 1682, Lib. l, cap. xii, §. 6, Mabillon, De liturgia gallicana, Paris, 1685, p. 174, assumed from its contents that it was written for Gauls living under Visigothic rule in Septimania or Novempopulania: "vetus Missale Gallicanum præsertim Gallia Narbonensis, Gothorum Hispanicorum regno olim subjectæ" (Mabillon, op. cit., p. 175) as contrasted with the "Gallicanum vetus" and the "Bobiense," which, according to them, were more purely Frankish. Hence for more than two centuries Narbonne was reputed its scriptorium; in favour of this opinion are the traditional title of "Missale Gothicum" applied to it in the ms., and the inclusion in its Sanctorale of the feasts of St. Eulalia of Emerita and of St. Saturninus of Toulouse in a mass full of local expressions including "nobis speciali devotione praecipuum," "pacificata plebs," No. 127.

A further argument, not without considerable weight, is provided by the most striking similarity of script and decoration of another ms., the well-known St. Augustine on papyrus and

vellum, now divided between Paris, Geneva and Petrograd; the resemblance between the two mss., the almost absolute identity of script, is so clear that we are justified in ascribing them both to the same *scriptorium*, and hence we cannot here neglect the

consideration of the provenance of the sister ms.1

Mabillon, De re diplomatica, ed. Paris, 1681, p. 35, speaks of the St. Augustine as "quondam ecclesiæ Narbonensis, nunc vero penes illustrissimam dominam de Phimarcone asservatur"; Montfaucon. Bibliotheca bibliothecarum manuscriptorum nova. vol. ii, p. 1123, has: "Hic ms. liber olim fuerat ecclesiæ S. Justi Narbonensis, atque ut videtur, ad ecclesiæ istius usum scriptus"; cf. also H. Bordier, Restitution d'un ms. du sixième siècle in Études paléographiques et historiques sur des papyrus du VIème siècle, Paris, 1866. The Fimarcon family claimed to have succeeded to the Viscounts of Narbonne, who from time immemorial had been the patrons of its cathedral. But Dom A. Wilmart, in R.B., xxix (1912), p. 148, who assumes that the Missale Gothicum and the St. Augustine were written at the same time in Burgundy, has endeavoured to reject the Narbonne provenance of the St. Augustine on the ground that this family tradition is a fable because the two families were not united until a marriage in 1499. This contention, however, is not conclusive; the ms. may have been a family treasure, in which case we can scarcely believe that the original ms. would have been divided, as it certainly was in the sixteenth century, or it may have come from Fleury after the sacking of that house as, in all probability, did the Geneva portion which was purchased from the heirs of Alexander Petau in 1720.

The latest light on the subject is afforded by ms. add. 5479 of the Cambridge University Library, a ninth-century copy of the exemplar from which the St. Augustine was transcribed; we have no evidence where it was written, but about A.D. 1700 it belonged to the benedictines of St. Mihiel in Lorraine; this is a slight confirmation of the theory of a N.E. French scriptorium of the papyrus, and the later addition in the Cambridge ms. of neums of the so-called Metz notation would point to the E

rather than the S.W. of Lorraine.

Other arguments against a S.W. France origin of the two mss. are: (1) the use of papyrus; all the existing manuscripts (not documents) on papyrus come apparently from North Italy and Lyons, whither the material was easily shipped from Egypt, though we have evidence of papyrus being granted to Corbie in A.D. 716 by royal decree apparently for charters;

¹ In considering this ms., one must bear in mind the addition in Irish on f. 53.

(ii) the absence of any definite Spanish elements in the orthography of Miss. Goth.; quu for cu, e.g., "consequuta," p. 61, l. 11, "persequutorem," p. 46, l. 26; p. 47, ll. 21, 23, are the only instances; this does not in any way affect the question as to the Spanish origin of certain prayers; see, e.g., the Liturgical Note on No. 98. A Spanish provenance seems excluded by the insertion of the Rogation days in the ms.; these were not

observed in Spain until after their adoption by Rome.

It is curious that Dom G. Morin's latest view as to the provenance of the "Bobbio" missal, R.B., vol. xxxi (1914), p. 332, suggests as its "emplacement primitif, une extrémité paléographiquement peu connue du territoire franc" such as Narbonne and Septimania; in other words, that the "Bobbio" hails from where the Gothicum was once supposed to have been composed; this theory will not hold good for the Gothicum, the script of which is not a practically unique and unknown one like that of the "Bobbio," but belongs to a well-known type of which no example has as yet been credited to the S.W. of France, except, as above, the St. Augustine.

To sum up in one sentence the provenance of our ms.: it is a copy of a Gallican sacramentary made in Burgundy, probably at Luxeuil or some daughter house, or even further East in Switzerland, for general use in Gaul from an archetype which also served for part of the *Missale Gallicanum vetus*, incorporating part of an Autun sacramentary (if we think the evidence of the Rogation stations conclusive for Autun) and *libelli missae* from

Spain, S.W. France, and Rome.

¹ The likeness to the ornamental miniatures and quire signatures in Spanish mss. referred to by V. Federici, Archivio della R. Società Romana di Storia patria, vol. xxvii (1904), p. 219, as evidence of Spanish origin, is very slight, and not to be compared with that of mss. of the Luxeuil School recently published by E. Heinrich Zimmermann.

The following collotypes of six pages of the ms. have been selected as representing the four chief scribes of the ms. and the Merovingian minuscule and cursive employed; they are of the same size as the ms. itself.

Plate I, fol. 31b. Scribe A.

II, " 134*b*. " B.

III, " 218. " C.

IV, " 250. " D.

V, " 180b. " D, Merovingian minuscule.

VI, " 136b. " E, Merovingian cursive.



PLATES.



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PLATE V. Fol. 1806. Scribe D. (With the last line in Merovingian minuscule script.)

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PLATE VI. Fol. 1366. Scribe E.

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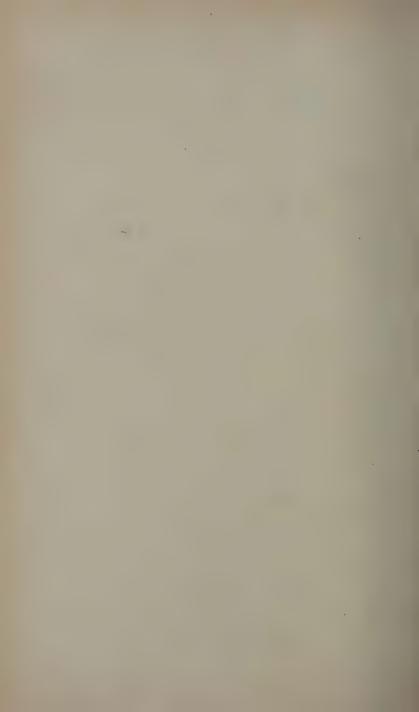


Other reproductions of pages of the ms. of the "Missale Gothicum" can be examined in:

- f. 136b. F. Ehrle et Paulus Liebaert. Specimina codicum latinorum Vaticanorum. Bonnae, 1912, Tab. 18.
- f. 169b. A. Ebner. Quellen und Forschungen, etc., cit. sup., p. 430, where by an error it is stated to be a reproduction of Gal. vet., ms. Vatic., Palat. lat. 493.
- f. 170. Muratori. *Liturgia Romana vetus*, *cit. sup.*, Vol. I, between col. 140 and 141. [The lithograph facsimile, from a drawing furnished by P. Bianchini, is inexact. The sign at the end of l. 2 should be the abbreviation mark for *m*, and none of the three *t* accurately represent those of the manuscript.]
- f. 229b. L'Abbé M. Marius Besson. Antiquités du Valais. Fribourg (Suisse), 1910, Pl. XXVII.
- f. 252b. Émile Chatelain. *Uncialis scriptura codd. latin*. Paris, 1901, pars. 1, Pl. XLIII^a (the latest hand, D).
- ff. 6, 7b, 31b, 32b, 140b, 158b, 169b, 187b, 216. E. Heinrich Zimmermann, *Vorkarolingische Miniaturen*, Berlin, 1916, Pl. 44d, 45a, b; 46, 47.



MS. VATIC. REGIN. LAT. 317.



¹MISSALE GOTHICUM¹

FORDO MISSAE IN UIGILIA NATALIS DOMINI NOSTRI IESU CHRISTI.P

/COLLECTIO POST NOMINA [I]

Ifo. Ia

Rata tibi sit domine quaesomus hodiernae festiuitatis 5 Ut tua gratia largiente per haec sacrosancta in illius inueniamura forma in quo tecum est commercia nostra substantia Spiritibus quoque carorum nostrorum tribue ut mortalibus segregati coetibus litteris mereantur conscribi caelestibus Praesta per dominum nostrum iesum 10 christum filium tuum qui tecum uiuit dominatur³

[2]

/COLLECTIO AD PACEM

[fo. 1b]

A nobis quaesomus domine ut sicut adoranda filii tui natalicia celebraturi de di hodiernis uigiliis in confessione de sic eius munere capiamus sempitui nominis praeuenimus ternum⁵ Et dirigere dignare angelum pacis qui oscula nostra puris sensibus inligata conectat Nosque tibi ab omnibus peccatorum maculis expurgatos adiungat, per coaeternum tibi iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum

[3]

/6IMMOLATIO MISSAE.

[fo. 2a 20

Ignum et iustum est uere dignum et iustum est tibi gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens rne deus Amanda pietas Tremenda uirtus Ueneaeterne deus randa maiestas Qui hanc noctem uenturam toto orbe uenerandam caelorum gratulatione et terrarum remuneratione angelica exultatione ditasti Ut nascente in carne domino nostro iesu christo filio tuo superiora pariter /et [fo. 2b] inferiora gauderent Aspice nunc familiam tibi supplicem

¹⁻¹ Added by a 15th cent. scribe.
2 Two Missae for Advent (as in Gallic. Vet.), and at least the Praefatio and 30 Collectio of this Missa are now missing from the MS.

^{***} desunt quaterniones 4, added at the foot of the page, 16th cent. script.

**-4 ? ad hodiernas vigilias or om. ad ; ab hodiernis vigiliis, omn.

-5 munera c. sempiterna.

6 Sursum, added at the top of the page.

a Cf. Phil. ii. 6.

Conserua populum tuis laudibus personantem Et superuenturae noctis sollempnitate ita peruigiles redde ut sinceris mentibus domini nostri percipere mereamur natalem uenturum In quo inuisibilis ex substantia tua uisibilis per carnem apparuit in nostra Tecumque unus non tempore genitus non natura inferior ad nos uenit ex tem/pore natus Per cuius natiuitatem indulgentia [fo. 3a criminum conceditur et resurrectio non negatur Merito itaque omnis terra adorat te et confitetur tibi sed et caeli caelorum et angelicae potestatis non cessant laudare dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS

[4] COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

U Ere sanctus uere benedictus dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus manens in caelis manifestatus in terris ipse enim ¹pridie quam pateretur¹

[5] /POST MYSTERIUM [fo. 3b

H Aec facimus domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus commemorantes et celebrantes passionem unici filii tui iesu christi domini nostri qui tecum uiuit et regnat cum spiritu sancto in saecula saeculorum.

[6] '' ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

H Is praecibus te deus pater omnipotens deprecamur quibus nos dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus orare praecepit . dicens Pater noster.

[7] /POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM [fo. 4a 25

L Ibera nos a malo omnipotens deus et custodi in bono Euacua nos uitiis et reple uirtutibus Et bona nobis tam praesentia quam aeterna concide per dominum nostrum iesum filium tuum

[8]. BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] DEus qui aduentum tuae maiestatis per angelum gabrihelem priusquam discenderis nuntiare³ iussisti AMEN
[b] Qui sine initio sempiternus es terras inlustrare per /uirginem tartara lauare dignasti per crucem [fo. 4b] AMEN

¹—¹ Merovingian script, by the original copyist.
² ? nuntiari, N.F.

[c] Praesta ut hic populus tuus in praeceptis oboedienter ambulans sicut est partus uirginis singularis ita eos¹ benedictionum tuarum ueri luminis ymbrem infundas

[d] Et temptationum insidias uel aculeos temptatoris spiritalibus armis accinctos aduersarii temptamenta et praesentis uitae inlecebras in tuo nomine facias superare

AMEN

[e] /Et primae natiuitatis et secundae regenerationis [fo. 5 α auctorem suum sciant esse quod natum est seque tibi intellegant debere quod sanctum est AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum patre et spiritu

sancto uiuis et regnas

[9] POST COMMUNIONEM

CAelesti cybo putoque² roborati omnipotenti deo laudes 15 et gratias fratres karissimi referamus poscentes ut nos quos dignos habuit participationem† corporis et san-/guinis domini nostri iesu christi unigeniti sui dignos [fo. 5b etiam caelesti remuneratione percinseat per ipsum dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum

[10] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

Uod ore sumpsimus domine mentibus çapiamus et de munere temporali fiat nobis remedium sempiternum

ORDO MISSAE IN DIE NATIUITATIS DOMINI NOSTRI IESU CHRISTI

[II] /IIII .. COLLECTIO POST PROPHETIA [fo. 6a

a Rtus es nobis uerus sol iustitiae^a iesu christe Uenisti de caelo humani generis redemtor bErexisti nobis cornu salutis^b celsi³ genetoris prolis perpetua genitus in domo dauid propter priscorum oracula uatum propriam uolens 30 absoluere plebem et uetusti criminis delere cyrografum^c ut aeternae uitae panderis triumphum Ideoque/nunc te [fo, 6b]

^{1 ?} in eos; eis, Mab., N.F. 2 potuque, omn. 5 ex inserted before celsi by a later scribe; et celsi, omn.

²—² Cf. Mal. iv, 2. b—b Cf. Luc. i, 69. Cf. Col. ii, 14.

quaesomus ut in¹ amisericordiae tuae uisceraa nostris appareas mentibus salus aeterna Et nos eripiendo ab iniquo² hoste iustitiae cultores efficias Omnique mortis errore spreto pacis uiama recto itenere gradientes tibi recte seruire possimus Saluator mundi qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis dominaris et regnas deus in saecula saeculorum.

[12] COLLECTIO POST PRAECEM.

/E Xaudi domine familiam tibi decatam et in tuae [fo. 7a eclesiae gremio in hac hodierna sollemnitate natiui- 10 tatis tuae congregatam ut laudes tuas exponat³ bTribue captiuis redemptionem Caecis uisumb Peccantibus remissionem Quia tu uenisti ut saluos facias nos cAspice de caelo sancto tuoc et inlumina populum tuum quorum animus in te plena deuotione confidit saluator mundi qui 15 uiuis

fo. 76

40

[I3] /PRAEFATIO MISSAE

S Acrosanctum beatae natiuitatis diem in quo nascente domino uirginalis uteri archana laxata sunt Incorruptorumque genitalium pondus saeculi⁴ leuamen effusum est Sicut exoptauimus uotis ita ueneremur et gaudiis Hic namque ortus Die splendidior Luce curuscantior est In hoc omnipo /tentem deum qui terrenam fragilemque mate- [fo. 8a riam causa nostrae redemptionis adsumpsit fratres dilectissimi supplices depraecemur uti nos quos ortu est corporis uisitauit Societate conversationis edocuit Praecepto predicationis instituit depustatione mortis edemit Participatione mortis amplexus est Divini spiritus infusione ditauit Sub perpetua deuotione custodiat. /et in his [fo. 8b beati famulatus studiis permanere concedat Qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uivit et regnat deus in saecula seculorum

[14] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

e DEus qui diues es in misericordiae qua fmortuos nos peccatis conuiuficastif christo filio tuo Ut gformam serui acciperitg qui omnia formauit Ut qui erat in deitate generaretur in carne Ut inuolueretur in pannis qui adorabatur. /in stellis Ut iaceret in presepio qui [fo. 9a]

1 per, N.F. 2 ? antiquo, N.F. 8 ? expromat. 4 ? in saeculi.

a_a Cf. Luc. i, 78, 79.
c_c Cf. Ps. ci, 20.
c_e Eph. ii, 4.
E_g Phil. ii, 7.

regnabat in caelo Inuocantibus nobis aurem maiestatis tuae propiciatus adcommoda Donans hoc per ineffabilem tuae misericordiae caritatem Ut qui exultamus de natiuitatem filii tui qui uel ex uirgine natus uel ex spiritu sancto regeneratus¹ est pareamus praeceptis eius quibus nos s edocuit ad salutem Praesta per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum

/COLLECTIO POST NOMINA [15]

[fo. 9b

CUscipe quaesomus domine iesu omnipotens deus sacrificium laudis oblatum quod pro tua hodierna incarnatione a nobis 10 offertur Et per eum² sic propiciatus adesto Ut superstitebus uitam. defunctis requiem tribuas sempiternam Nomina quorum sunt recitatione conplexa scribi iubeas in aeternitate pro quibus /apparuisti in carne Saluator [fo.10a mundi qui cum coaeterno patre uiuis et regnas

[16]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui hunc diem incarnationis tuae et partum³ beatae mariae uirginis consecrasti Ouique discordiam uetustam per transgressionem ligni ueteris cum angelis et hominibus per incarnationis 20 mysterium lapis angu /larisa iuncxisti Da familie [fo. 10b] tuac in hac celebritate laetiae Ut qui te consortem in carnis propinquitate letantur ad summorum ciuium unitatem super quos corpus adsumptum euexisti perducantur semetipsos⁵ per externa⁶ conplexa iungantur Ut iurgii ²⁵ non pateat interruptio qui te auctorem gaudent in sua natura per carnis uenisse contu /bernium Quod [fo. 11a ipse prestare digneris qui cum patre et.

[17]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

TEre dignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est nos 30 tibi gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Quia hodie dominus noster iesus christus dignatus est uisitare mundum Processit de sacrario corporis uirginalis et7 discendit pietate de caelis Caecinerunt angeli /gloria in excelsis cum humanitas claruit saluatoris [fo. 11b 35] Omnes denique turba exultabat angelorum quia terra regem

5 inter semetipsos, Mab.

^{1 ?} generatus.

3 __3 per incarnationem tuam e.p.; ? incarnatione tua et partu, N.F.

5 inter semetiosos. Mab.

a Cf. Is. xxviii, 16.

suscepit aeternum Maria beata facta est templum praeciosum portans dominum dominorum Genuit enim pro nostris delictis uitam praeclaram ut mors pelleretur amara Illa enim uiscera quae humana[m] non nouerant macula[m] deum portare meruerunt /Natus est in mundo qui [fo. 12a semper uixit et uiuit in caelo Iesus christus filius tuus dominus noster Per quem maiestatem tuam laudant angeli

[18] POST SANCTUS

^aG Loria in excelsis deo et in terra pax hominibus bonae uoluntatis^a ^bQuia adpropinquauit redemptio nostra^b Uenit antiqua ^cexpectatio gentium^c Adest promissa resurrectio mortuorum¹ /Iamque praefulgit aeterna expectatio [fo, 12b beatorum Per christum dominum nostrum Qui pridie quam pro nostra omnium salute

[19] POST SECRETA

Redimus domine aduentum tuum Recolimus passionem tuam Corpus tuum in peccatorum nostrorum remissione[m] confractum Sanguis sanctus tuus in praecium nostrae redemtionis effusus est Qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas in secula

[20] /ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM [fo. 13a

N On nostro praesumentes pater sancte merito sed domini nostri iesu christi filii tui oboedientes imperio audemus dicere

[21] POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

L Ibera nos omnipotens deus ab omni malo ab omni periculo et custodi nos in omni opere bono perfecta ueritas et uera libertas deus qui regnas in saecula seculorum

30

[22] BENEDICTIO POPULI.

[a] / DEus qui aduentum tuae maiestatis per [fo. 13b angelum gabrihelum† priusquam discenderis nuntiare² iussisti Qui (digna)nter intra humana uiscera ingressus et³ aluo uirginis hodie te mundus clarificatus e(x)cepit AMEN

¹ At foot of page, in Merovingian script, *Tubiet* probably = *Tubiel*.

² nuntiari.

a-a Luc. ii, 14. b-b Luc. xxi, 28. c-c Gen. xlix, 10.

40

[b] Tu domine benedic hanc familiam tuam quem't hodierna sollemnitas in aduentu tuo fecit gaudere AMEN

[c] Da pacem populo tuo /quem praeciosa natiuitate [fo. 14a uiuificas et ¹passionis tolerantiam¹ a morte perpetua redemisti AMEN

[d] Tribue eis de thesauro tuo indeficientes adiuitias bonitatisa Reple eos scientia ut inpollutis actibus et puro corde sequantur te ducem îustitiae quae³ suum cognuscunt esse³ factorem AMEN

[e] Et sicut in diebus illis aduenientem te in mundo perfidia herodis expauit. /et periit rex impius a facie [fo. 14b] regis magni ita nunc praesenti tempore celebrata sollemnitas peccatorum nostrorum uincla dissoluat AMEN

[f] Ut cum iterum ad iudicandum ueneris nullus ex nobis ante tribunal tuum reus appareat Sed discussa de pectoribus 15 nostris bealigine tenebrarumb placeamus conspectui tuo et perueniamus /ad illam terram quam sancti tui in [fo. 15a requiem possidebunt aeternam AMEN

[23] POST COMMUNIONEM

Ybo caeleste saginati et poculum† aeterni calicis recreati ²⁰ domino deo nostro laudes et gratias indesinenter agamus petentes ut qui sacrosanctum corpus domini4 iesu christi spiritaliter sumpsimus exuti a carnalibus uitiis spiritales effeci† mereamur per dominum nostrum iesum filium suum 25

/COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

SIt nobis domine quaesomus medicina mentis et corporis quod de sancti altaris tui benedictione percipimus nullis aduersitatibus oppremamur qui tanti remedii participatione munimur, per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium 30 tuum

ORDO MISSAE IN NATALE SANCTI STEPHANI PROTOMARTYRIS.

[25] PRAEFATIO [fo. 16a Enerabilem atque sublimem beatissimi protomartyris 35 stephani passionem hodie celebrantes Deum martyrum fratres karissimi depraecemur Ut sicut illi contemplatione

a_a Rom. ii, 4.

¹⁻¹ passionis tolerantia, omn., ? per passionis tolerantiam, the p (per) having dropped out before passionis.

2 quem., omn.
4 domini nostri, omn. 3 om., Mab., Mur., Vez., N.F.

⁻b_b 2 Pet. ii, 17.

meritorum suorum. coronam dare dignatus est nobis quoque plenissimam misericordiam ipsius precibus flexus. in omnibus largiatur Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum.

[26] /COLLECTIO SEQUITUR [fo. 16b 5

Eus qui sancto stephano martyri tuo et principatum in ministerio et principem in martyrio¹ contulisti dum nobis sancti diei huius festiuitatem pro eius uel com-memoratione uel passione donasti Exaudi quaesomus supplices familiae tuae praeces nobis eius peculiare praesidium 10 tribue cuius pro inimicis /ac peccatoribus praeces [fo. 17a piissimus acceptasti Tribue etiam ut pro nobis in² intercessor existat qui pro suis persecutoribus supplicauit dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum beatus uiuit

[27]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui sanctorum uirtute multiplice aeclesiae tuae sacrum corpus exornans primitias martyrum gloriosi leuitae tui stephani /sanguinem dedicasti da nobis diem natalis eius honore praecipuo [fo. 17b 20 quia non diffidimus eum fidelibus tuis posse suffragari qui dominicae caritatis imitator etiam pro suis persecutoribus supplicauit Tribueque³ quaesomus interuentum ipsius ut uiuentes salutem defuncti requiem consequantur aeternam Praesta per dominum nostrum filium 25 tuum

[28]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Eus caritatis indultor Deus indulgentiae muner- [fo. 18a ator qui sancto martyri tuo stephano in passione ut ymbrem lapidum clementer exciperet et pro 30 largitus es lapidantibus supplicarit Pietatem tuam domine praecibus exoramus Ut dum martyris tui passionem recolimus per intercessionem ipsius pacis securitatem cum peccatorum nostrorum ueniam /consequi mere- [fo. 18b amur per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum

 ¹ martyrio locum, Mab., N.F.
 2 At the end of a line, the first syllable of intercessor in the next.
 3 que may be the first syllable of quaesomus, the first word of the next line; tribue, Mab., Mur., N.F.

, 9

CONTESTATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est aequum et iustum est te laudare teque benedicere tibi gratias agere omnipotens sempiterne deus Qui gloriaris in conuentu sanctorum tuorum quos aante mundi constitutionema praeelec- 5 bspiritali in caelestibus benedictioneb signasti Quosque unigenito tuo /per adsumptionem carnis et crucis [fo. 19a redemptionem sociasti In quibus spiritum tuum sanctum regnare fecisti per quem ad felicis martyrii gloriam pietatis tuae fauorem¹ uenerunt Digne igitur tibi domine uirtutum festa sollempnitas agitur tibi haec dies sacrata celebratur quamº beati stephani primi martyris tui sanguis ueritatis testimonio profusus /magnificum³ nominis [fo. 19b] tui honore4 signauit Hic est enim illius nominis primus confessor cquod est supra omne nomenc In quo unicum 15 salutis nostrae praesidium pater aeterne posuisti Hic in quam splendidum ad cunctorum animos aeclesia tua confirmandos unicae laudis praecessit exemplum Hic post passionem domini nostri iesu christi uicturiae palmam primus inuasit /Hic ut leuitico ministerio per spiritum [fo. 20a 20 sanctum ab apostulis consecratus est niueo candore confestim emicuit martyrii cruore purpureus O benedictum dabrahe semend apostolicae doctrinae et dominicae crucis prior omnium factus imitator et testis Merito ecaelos apertos uidit et iesum stantem ad dexteram deie Digne 25 igitur ac iuste talem sub tui nominis confessio/ne lauda- [fo. 20b mus Omnipotens deus quem ad tantam gloriam uocare dignatus es suffragia eius nobis pro tua pietate concide Talis pro hac hact plebe praecetur qualem illum post trophea uenientem exultans christus excepit Illi pro 30 nobis oculi sublimentur qui adhuc in hoc fmortis corporef constituti stantem ad dexteram patris filium dei in ipsa passionis hora uiderunt Ille pro no/bis obteneat qui pro persecutoribus suis dum lapidaretur orabat ad te sancte deus pater omnipotens Per dominum nostrum iesum 35 christum filium tuum tuum† Qui pro peccatis nostris nasci carne per uirginem Et pati dignatus est mortem ut martyres suos suo pati doceret exemplo Cui merito omnes

¹ favore, omn.
2 qua, Mab., N.F.
4 honorem, omn.

a_a Ioh. xvii, 24, etc.

c_c Phil. ii, 9.

e_e Act. vii, 56.

^{3 ?} magnifico.

b_b Eph. i, 3.
d_d Ps. civ, 6; 2 Cor. xi, 22.

f_f Rom. vii, 24.

angeli atque archangeli sine cessatione proclamant dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS SANCTUS

[30]

/COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

[fo. 21b

Ere sanctus uere benedictus dominus noster iesus christus unigenitus tuus qui martyrem suum stephanum caelestis aulae collegio munerauit qui corporis nostri infirmitatem suscepit priusquam¹ pium sanguinem pro humana salute funderet mysterium sacrae sollemnitatis instituit ipse enim pridie quam pateretur

[31]

POST MYSTERIUM.

/H Oc ergo facimus domine Haec praecepta serua- [fo. 22a mus Haec² sacri corporis passionem sacris sollemnibus praedicamus quaesomus omnipotens deus ut sicut ueritatem nunc sacramenti caelestis exsequimur ipsi ueritati dominici corporis ac sanguinis haereamus per dominum 15 nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[32]

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

G Loriosi leuitae exemplis et beatissimi ma[r]tyris /stephani aeterno regi et patri deo [fo. 22b praecem fratres karissimi cum omni humilitate funda- 20 mus Ut dato nobis fidei calore uel munere ad martyrii nos desiderium amoris sui igne succendat eiusque imitatores efficiat qui non solum pro sui gloriam uerum etiam pro exemplis eruditionis nostrae passionem sustenuit Et cui conferre dignatus est in passione /uirtutem inter- [fo. 23a 25 cedendi pro nobis tribuat facultatem Et orationem quam praecipere dignatus est dicere sine cunctationem permittat PATER NOSTER

[33]

POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

L Ibera nos a malo omnipotens deus et tribue nobis supplici- 30 bus tuis tam prumptum† pro christo tuo ad patiendum animum ut probemur non nos martyrio sed nobis defuisse martyrium, per

et priusquam.
 Hane, Mab., Vez., N.F.
 institutis, Mur. (probably a printer's error).

/BENEDICTIO POPULI [fo. 23b [34]

[a] DEus qui tuos martyres ita uincxisti caritate ut pro te etiam mori cupirent ne perirent AMEN [b] Et beatum stephanum in confessione ita succendisti fidem¹ ut ymbrem lapidum non timeret AMEN [c] Exaudi praecem familiae tuae amatoris inter festa plaudentem AMEN

[d] Accedat ad te uox illa intercedens pro populo micis quae orabat in ipso martyrio AMEN [e] Ut se obtinente et te remunerante perueniat illuc 10 plebs adquaesita per gratiam ubi te caelis apertis ipse uidit in gloriam² AMEN ³Quod ipse praestare digneris³.

[35] COLLECTIO POST EUCHARISTIAM

Eus perennis salus beatitudo inaestimabilis da quaesomus omnibus tuis ut qui sancta ac beata sum- 15 serunt et sancti iugiter et beati esse mereantur quod ipse prestare digneris

/CONSUMMATIO MISSAE [fo. 24b

Ratias agimus tibi domine multiplicatis circa nos misera-I tionibus tuis qui et fili tui natiuitate nos saluas et 20 martyris stephani depraecatione sustentas per dominum nostrum filium tuum

MISSA IN NATALE: APOSTULORUM: IACOBI. ET IOHANNIS4

[37] /[PRAEFATIO] [fo. 25a 25

E Lectionis dominicae praeclarum testimonium atque apostolicae congregationis admirabile ornamentum et euangelicae ueritatis caeleste preconium sanctos dei apostulos et martyres iacobum et iohannem praesenti festiuitate uenerantes fratres karissimi domino ac deo nostro pariter supplicemus ut qui eorum electionem uocatione sua /praesciit ⁶nostra quoque uocatione⁶ munerum [fo. 25b]

² gloria, N.F.

¹_1 beatum stephanum fide, omn.

3_3 Merovingian script by the original scribe.

4 At the foot of the page, glorio, inserted by an early scribe.

5 Here the Roman numerals prefixed to the Missae cease.

⁶⁻⁶ nostram quoque vocationem, Mab., N.F.

sua electione confirmet Donetque nobis timoris sui perseuerantiam qui illis apostulatus gratiam uel martyrii dedit coronam per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium

[38]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Domine qui beatissimis apostulis tuis iacobo et iohanni gloriam martyrii bibitione tui calicis predixisti Ut et confirmaris /responsionem quam fides pura protu- [fo. 26a lerat et conferres uirtutem quam caritas deuota praesumpserat Hanc eorum passionis memoriam aeclesiam tuam sollemniter celebrantem placatus intende Prosit quaesomus commemoratio sanctorum beatissimorum ad obtinendum tuae miserationis auditum Prosit apostulorum titulos recolere ut maiestatis tuae aures oratio nostra /ualeat inclinare [fo. 26b Prosit supplicare patrociniis ut digneris exaudire suffagiis Saluator mundi qui cum aeterno patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas

[39]

COLLECTIO POST1 NOMINA

Domine quem uocantem sancti apostuli iacobus et iohannis fide integra sunt secuti Et quem sequentes ex 20 caritate integra sunt electi ut mundi piscatores fierint qui profundi retia reliquissent. /aAuribus percipe quaesomus [fo. 27a orationem nostrama et tribue ut dum apostolicos triumphos admiramur et colimus si adsequi eorum facta non possumus implere saltim monita contendamus Quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum patre et spiritu

[40]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM.

Domine aeterne cui ita in sanctis apostulis tuis . iacobo et iohanne placuit archanum dispensationis ²im[plere] /ut glorioso passionis exemplo ap(ostu)l(o)rum chorum [fo. 27b 30 ille p(rae) cederet iste pr(aemitteret at)que ita inter utrumque grex consummaretur beatus ut omnium deuotionem ille praecederet iste concluderet Miserere nostri et exaudi nos et praesta ut possimus praedictorum martyrum tuorum apostulorumque uel illius exemplo fidem tenere qua 35 /coronatur uel istius magisterio caritatem discere [fo. 28a quam docetur per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum

1 t above the line.

² The scribe wrote *im* at the end of the page, but omitted to complete the word 40 at the beginning of the next.

a-a Ps. xvi, I.

[41]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

DIgnum et iustum est uere aequum et iustum est nos tibi gratias agere uota persoluere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Quoniam tibi auiuimus omnia opera tuaa et in factura eorum te conlaudant et benedicunt 5 /omnes sancti tui quos praedistinasti bconformes fieri [fo. 286 imaginis² filii tuib In quo exaltatum est cornum³ salutis eorum Qui nomen eius cquod est super omne nomenc coram regibus et potestatibus huius saeculi uoce libera confi-tentes ipsius domini saluatoris exemplo per patibula poen- 10 arum de persecutoribus suis et diabulo triumpharunt Et corpora sua dan†/dantes hostiam deo praeciosa tibi [fo. 29a morte caeciderunt Ex quibus extant beatissimi apostuli et martyres tui iacobus et iohannis quorum natalem hodie celebramus Obsecrantes misericordiam tuam piissime 15 atque omnipotens deus ut eorum meritis suffragantibus praeces nostras propicius exaudias Per dominum nostrum nhm² christum filium tuum qui est sanctorum /omnium [fo. 29b uirtus et gloria uicturia martyrum et corona Pastor ouium et hostia sacerdotum Redemptio gentium et propiciatio 20 peccatorum Ante cuius sacratissimat sedet sedet stant angeli atque archangelis† et sine cessatione proclamant dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS SANCTUS

[42]

COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

Osanna in excelsis uere sanctus uere bene/dictus [fo. 30a 25 dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus qui sanctus in sanctis pro morte uitam pro poena gloriam pro confessione uicturiam prestare dignatus est Ipse enim qui pridie quam pateretur

[43]

BENEDICTIO POPULI

30

40

[a] DEus qui tuos⁵ apostulos. praeciosa gentium lumina praeparasti dum iacobum et iohannem ad inlustrandas animas inter uasa eclesiae /candelabra fidei prae- [fo. 30b tulisti AMEN

[b] Da plebi tuae imitare† quod unus exorando alius 35 docendo formauit AMEN

[e] Fructificet in hoc populo quod seminauit iste uerbo plantauit ille martyrio

1 ? vivunt.
2 inagini, Mab., Mur. Vez., N.F.
3 The abbreviation sign for m is added.
4 iesum, omn.
5 ? duos.

²—^a Cf. Act, xvii, 28. b— b Rom, viii, 29. c—c Phil. ii, 9.

Ut eorum interuentu haec turba illius reficiatur dulcidine supra cuius pectus /carus iohannis accubuit AMEN [fo. 31a Quod ipse praestare digneris qui in trinitate perfecta

[44] POST COMMUNIONEM

REpleti domine apostulorum celebritate tuorum quaeso- 5 mus ut te semper in eorum commemoratione laudemus et tuam misericordiam isdem semper depraecantibus consequamur per dominum

[45] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

A Postulorum quesomus /domine intercessione nos [fo. 31*b* 10 adiuua- pro quorum sollemnitate laetantes sancta tua percepimus dona per dominum

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTORUM INFANTUM

[46]

DEus qui uniuersam aeclesiam tuam praeciosorum martyrum tuorum uirtutibus uelut quibusdam¹/floribus [fo. 32a coronasti ut per triumphos tuorum testium et sollemnitatum gloriam et deuotionum exempla susciperes Sicut in hoc die quo pro domino nostro iesu christo infantum 20 innocentiam extollis usque ad merita passionum Feliciter pro christo mortui sunt sed felicius cum eodem in aeternitate uicturi Qui ad hoc tantum per humanam infirmitatem /nati sunt ad erumnam ut per dei gratiam [fo. 32b nascerentur martyres ad coronam Praesta omnipotens deus 25 in hac sollemnitate diei huius Ut sicut illis dedisti palmas uicturiae ita nobis quoque consortium tribuas sempiternum per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum uiuit

[47] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEus omnipotentiae ac benignitatis /Deus miseri- [fo. 33a cordiae atque pietatis qui bethlemiticae plebi ac dominicae ciuitati pro temporalibus aerumnis gaudia aeterna tribuisti Ut rachiel sancta plorans filios suos

¹ In Merovingian cursive scribbling at the foot of the page: gaudens exultat 35 dicens, K[a]r[issi]mi zonay.

quae praeferebat ex dolore luctum nollet ex consolatione solatium ¹Quia uidelicet¹ uideretur de praesenti infantum amissione conterrita derat tamen beata de martyrum perpeț perpetuitate secura Da cunctis domine in hoc [fo. 33b] et uniuersae plebi istius loci Ut sic habeant ex sanctae uitae conuersatione palmam habuerunt paruoli ex passione uicturiam per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum uiuit

[48]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

DEus qui id quod per infantiam uidetur exiguum 10 magnum facis esse per merita qui primordia /aduentus tui triumphis glorificas paruolorum prius eos passionis [fo. 34a martyrio quam aetatis prouehis incremento Felix mors eorum et beatificanda conditio per quam eis contegit ut saeuitiam crudellissimi herodis deuicerint triumphando et 15 christum mererentur in praemio Da huic populo nomini consecrato² per consimilis gratiae admirationem³ meritorum /similium dignitatem [U]t qui hanc [fo. 34b sanctorum infantum festiuitatem pro honorem nominis tui celebrant ad ipsorum infantum beatitudinem profectu 20 fidei semper ascendant [Q]uod ipse praestare digneris qui

[49]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Dignum et iustum est uere dignum et iustum est nos tibi semper et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater 25 omnipotens aeterne deus / Pro his praecipue quorum [fo. 35a hodierno die annua festiuitate recolentes memoriam passionis celebramus quos herodianus satellis lactantum matrum uberibus abstraxit Qui iure dicuntur martyrum flores ⁴qui in medio frigore infedilitatis† exorti[‡] uelut primas erum- 30 pentes eclesiae gemmas quaedam persecutionis pruina /pruina† discussit rutilante fonte in bethleem ciuitatem⁵ [fo. 35b] Infantes enim ⁶qui aetate loqui non poterant laudem domini cum gaudio⁷ resonabant Occisi praedicant quod uiui non poterant Loquuntur sanguine quod lingua nequiue- 35 runt Contulit his martyrium laudem quibus abnegauerat lingua sermonem Praemittit infantes infans christus ad

¹⁻¹ Quia licet, Mab.; quae licet, N.F.

³ administrationem, Mab. ⁵ ciuitate, Mab., N.F. ² a cross (? m¹) over consecrato.

^{\$\}frac{4}{3}\ quos \cdots \cdot \cdot exortos.\$

\$\frac{5}{6}\ \text{The MS. has }\ quiaetate; \ quia \ aetate, \ \text{omn.}; \ \text{but in the MS. }\ ae \ \ \text{diphthong} \ \text{is always so written, and }\ qui \ (\text{as N.F. admit)} \ \text{makes better sense than }\ quia. 7 ? gladio, Mab.

caelos /transmittit noua exenia patri primicias [fo. 36a exhibet genetori Paruulorum prima martyria herodis scelere perpetrata prestat hostis corpori dum nocet beneficium tribuit dum occidit Moriendo uiuitur Cadendo resurgitur uicturia per interitum conprobatur Pro his ergo beneficiis et pro praesenti sollemnitate inmensas pietati tuae /gratias referentes potius quam rependentes cum [fo. 36b] sanctis angelis et archangelis qui unum te deum dominantem distinctum nec diuisum trinum nec triplicem solum nec solitarium consonalaudamus uoce dicentes SANCTUS 10 SANCTUS SANCTUS

50

BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] DEus qui tibi consecrasti primitias martyrum ab innocentia paruulorum AMEN [b] /Et prius tibi coaptasti in confessione[m] infantiam [fo. 37a 15]

quam lingua solueretur in uerba AMEN

[c] Concide plebem tuam innocentem per gratiam et si non sint tempore¹ sanguine fuso martyria AMEN

[d] Seruetur hic populus purgatus baptismate qui tibi placitam fecisti innocentiam per cruorem AMEN.

[e] Ut illic suo interuentu grex accedat per lauacrum /ubi felices paruuli perfusi rore sanguinis gloriantur AMEN. [fo. 37b] Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum uiuit et regnat²

ORDO MISSAE IN CIRCUMCISIONE [fo. 38a 25 DOMINI NOSTRI IESU CHRISTI

[51] . [PRAEFATIO]

Hristo domino nostro qui pro nobis dignatus est carne nasci lege circumcidi flumine baptizari³ In hac octaua natiuitatis eius die qua in se circumcisionis 30 sacramentum /secundum praecepti ueteris formam agi uoluit fratres karissimi humiliter diprecemur intra eclesiae uterum nos uiuentes nova4 cotidie recreatione parturiat Quousque in nobis sua forma in qua perfecte aaetatis plenitudinema teneamus appareat Cordis nostri prae- 35 putia quae gentilibus uitiis excreuerunt non ferro sed spiritu circumcidat. /donec carnali incremento facinoribus [fo. 39a

40

a_a Eph. iv, 13.

² The lower half of the page is blank. 3 zari in the margin by a later hand.

^{*} nova, inserted in the margin by the original scribe; om. omn.

amputatis hoc solum in natura nostra faciat uiuere quod sibi et seruire ualeat et placere quod ipse praestare dignetur qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuit et regnat

[52] . COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

SAncte omnipotens aeterne deus atu nos conuertens uiuifica et¹ quos error gentilitatis inuoluit agnitionis tuae
munus absoluat /ut aculeo mortis extincto aeternis [fo. 39b
uiuificemur oraculis ut bsicut per infirmitatem carnis seruiuimus iniustitiae et iniquitati ita nunc liberati a peccati[s] seruiamus iustitiae in sanctificationeb² per dominum
nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[53] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus offerentum fratres dilectissimi christum dominum depręcemur /ut sicut pro [fo. 40a eius circumcisione carnali sollempnia celebramus ita 15 espiritalium nequitiarume inlusione deuicta laetemur praestante pietate sua ut haec sacrificia sic uiuentibus proficiant ad emendationem ut defunctis opitulentur ad requiem Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem semperque regnantem in unitate spiritus sancti 20 in secula seculorum

[54] /COLLECTIO AD PACEM

[fo. 40b

Deus qui magis circumcisionem cordis^d quam corporis diligis et non admittis inductam per litteram praeputii circumcisionem sed fidei innexam cum bono opere caritatem. Tu nostras aures deseca ne audiant sanguinem. Corda ne teneant dolum Oculos ne inuadant alienum. Tu in manibus succide quod /polluit. In pedi-[fo. 410] bus quod ad malum currit. In praeputiis quod carnalia concupiscit. Tu incide quod laniat. Praecide quod uulnerat. Abscide³ quod lacerat. Excide quod scandala incrimentat. Ut amputato facinore sola in nos ualeat caritas propagari. Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium t † tuum.

[55] IMMOLATIO

DIgnum et iustum est uere aequum et iustum est /nos tibi gratias agere teque benedicere in [fo. 41b omni tempore omnipotens aeterne deus quia in te omn, Mur. ** Sanctificationem, N.F. ** Abscinde, Mab., Mur.

a—a Cf. Ps. lxxxiv, 7. c—c Eph. vi, 12. MISSALE GOTHICUM. b_b Cf. Rom. vi, 19.
d Cf. Rom. ii, 29.

^auiuimus mouemur et sumus^a et nullum tempus nullumque momentum est quol a beneficiis pietatis tuae uacuum transagamus[†] His autem diebus quos uariis sollemnitatum causis salutarium nobis operum tuorum et munerum memoria signauit uel innouante /laetitia [fo. 42a 5 praeteriti gaudii uel permanentis boni tempus agnoscimus et propterea exultamus uberius quia sicut in recens gaudium de uenerabilis gratiae recordatione reuiuiscimus² Unde hodiernum diem a die salutiferi natalis octauum legitima domini secundum carnem geniti circum- 10 cisione signatum ordinata commemoratione /reco- [fo. 42b] lentes sacrificium pacis in uotis sollemnibus honoramus et tantae dignationis opus in domini altissimi pia humilitate ueneramur Oui sicut mortalitatem nostram adsumpsit ut mortem consumeret ita et iugum legis in sua carne 15 suscepit ut iugum diabuli a nostra ceruice discuteret Circumcisus est in carne corporis nostri /ut nos per [fo. 43a uerbum spiritus sui in corde purgati sine carnis uulnere circumcideremur in spiritu ut utrique sexui proficeret circumcisio spiritalis quia pro uniuersitate generis humani 20 saluator aduenerat Unde utrumque sexum sacramentum³ incarnationis amplexus est suscipiens uirum natus ex faemina Quam ob rem domine /sacrificium [fo. 43b] circumcisionis sollemnitate uotiua pro nostrae aeternitatis gaudio suppliciter offerentes placido dignare conspectu 25 respicere4 et offerentium preces placatus exaudi Per christum dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem tuam laudant angeli

[56]

POST SANCTUS

Ere sanctus uere benedictus dominus noster iesus 3º christus bfilius tuus /qui uenit quaerere et saluum [fo. 44a] facere quod perieratb Ipse enim pridie quam

[57]

POST SECRETA.

Aec nos domine instituta et praecepta retenentes 1 suppliciter oramus uti hoc sacrificium suscipere benedicere et sanctificare digneris ut fiat nobis eucharistia legitima in tuo filique tui nomine et spiritus sancti in

¹ quod.
² originally creuiuscus ³ for sacramento, N.F., or in (cf. Moz.) or per sacramentum. ² originally creuiuiscimus.

a-a Act. xvii, 28.

b_b Luc. xix, 10.

transforma/tionem corporis ac sanguinis domini dei [fo. 44b nostri iesu christi unigeniti tui per quem omnia creas creata benedicis benedicta sanctificas et sanctificata largires deus qui in trinitate perfecta uiuis et regnas in saecula saeculorum

[58] ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

Omnipotentem sempiternum dominum depraecemur ut qui in domini nostri iesu christi circumcisione /tribuit [fo. 45a totius relegionis initium perfectionemque constare det nobis in eius portione censeri in quo totius salutis humanae perfectio summa consistit et orationem quam nos dominus noster edocuit cum fidutia dicere permittat Pater noster

[59] POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

Libera nos a malo omnipotens deus et praesta ut incisa mole facinorum /sola in nos proficiant incrementa [fo. 45b 15 uirtutum per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[60] BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] DEus rerum omnium rector et conditor qui omnia quae a te facta sunt maiestate imples scientia ordinas pietate custodis AMEN

[b] Respicere dignare hos populos tuos qui per nostri oris officium benedictionum tuarum /dona desiderant AMEN [fo. 46a [c] Reple eos tuae scientia uoluntatis ut in omnibus mandatorum imperio. pie uenerationis famulentur officio

[a] Auerte ab his inhonesta et turpia libidinum probra Auerte iocundas et noxias corporum uoluptates Auerte inuidiam tuis beneficiis et bonis omnibus inimicam AMEN [e] Ut in omni patientia. /et longanimitate crescentes [fo, 46b]

a te uocati ad patrem aeterni luminis transeant in regnum 30 hereditariae claritatis AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas in saecula saeculorum AMEN

[61] COLLECTIO POST COMMUNIONEM

R Efecti spiritali cybo et caelesti poculo reparati 35 omnipotentem deum fratres karissimi depraecemur /ut qui nos acorporis sui participationea et sanguinis [fo. 47a

a_a I Cor. x, 16.

effusione redemit in requiem sempiternam iubeat conlocare¹ per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum

[62] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

M Isericordiam tuam domine supplices exoramus ut hoc tuum sacramentum non sit nobis reatus ad poenam sed fiat intercessio salutaris ad ueniam quod ipse prestare . digneris

[63] BENEDICTIO POPULI (IN CIR)CUMCISIONE [fo. 47b DOMINI

B Enedicat uos dominus omnipotens et per abundantiam 10 misericordiae suae cor uestrum conroboret AMEN [b] Mentem sanctificet Uitam amplificet Castimoniam atque sensus uestros in bonis operibus semper

aedificet AMEN

[c] Prospera tribuat Pacem concedat Salutem /con-[fo. 48a 15] Quietem nutriat Caritatem muniat Et ab omnibus diabolicis et humanis insidiis sua uos semper protectione et uirtute defendat AMEN

[d] Et ita deuotionem uestram placatus semper suscipiat ut quaecumque ab eo postulaueritis clementer concedat AMEN [e] Auferat omnia mala quae gessistis et tribuat gratiam quam rogastis AMEN Per ²dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum.2

/INCIPIUNT PRAEFATAS3 CUM COLLECTIONES IN UIGILIIS EPHIPHANIAE $[fo, 48b]^{25}$

[64] PRAEFATIO

M Iraculorum primordia quae dominus noster iesus christus proferre in adsumptae carnis nouitate dig/natus est fratres karissimi debita exultatione uenere- [fo. 49a mur Quia dum se deum intra humana uiscera proferebat iam de salutis nostrae absolutione tractabat Homo est utique inuitatus ad nuptias et quod in nuptiis protulit probauit Cujus praeconia nec inter ipsa quidem uirtutum possumus rudimenta depromere Sed dum tantorum† rerum /stupiscimus gloriam temeritatis4 proferendae laudis [fo. 49b 35] ingredimur Humili ergo oratione poscamus ut per ipsum ad uitam aeternam nobis tribuatur ingressus cuius natiuitatis

¹ ? collocari, N.F.

²—² Merovingian script by the original copyist. 4 temeritatem, Mab., N.F.

30

40

lumine orbis inlustratus est uniuersus Quod ipse praestare dignetur qui in trinitate perfecta uiuit et regnat in saecula saeculorum.

[65]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR,

Mnipotens et misericors deus plebi tuae sup- [fo. 50a 5 pliciter exoranti, pia benignitate responde quam cernis in hoc die fideli deuotione gaudere Quo dominus ac deus noster, uera humilitatel suscepta sic seruilem formam misericorditer ostendit in saeculo ut diuinam potentiam suam mirabiliter monstraret in caelo Qui enim pro nobis puer par- volus fuit ipse ad se magos officio stillae praeeuntis [fo. 50b adduxit Obsecramus itaque domine elementiam tuam ut sicut illis dedisti christum tuum uerum deum in uera carne cognuscere sic omnes fideles tuos quos materno sinu sancta gestat aeclesia in praesenti tempore protegas inuictae uirtutis auxilium² et in futuro facias regni caelestis adepisci /³munere sempiterno³ Per ipsum dominum nostrum [fo. 51a iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum beatus uiuit

[66] PRAEFATIO

O[M]nipotentem dominum fratres karissimi et iesum 20 christum filium eius et saluatorem nostrum qui tantis uirtutibus se manifestauit in terris et multa mirabilia demonstrauit in populis uniuersi summis praecibus depraecemur ut qui ainfirmos curauit. /et mortuos suscitauit leprosust [fo. 516 mundauita caecos inluminauit et de quinque panest et 25 duobus piscibus quinque milia hominum satiauit Ut qui haec operatus est in terris nobis quoque propicius adesse dignetur in cunctis delictis Saluator mundi qui cum aeterno patre uiuit et regnat

[67]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Omnipotens sempiterne deus mundi creator /et [fo. 52α rector qui hunc superuenturae sollemnitatis diem electionis gentium primitiis consecrasti Imple mundum gloria tua et subdetis tibi populis per luminis tui lumen appare ut salutare tuum noua caelorum claritate mira-35 bile nostris semper innouandis cordibus⁴ oriatur per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium [tuum] qui tecum uiuit et regnat.

1 ? humanitate ; Cf. p. 23, l. 23, Cujus humanitas ueru. 2 auxilio, Mab., N.F. 3—3 munera sempiterna.

a_a Cf. Mt. x, 8; xi, 5.

⁴ After i, the scribe began to write s (cordis), but did not complete the letter.

[68]

PRAEFATIO

/ DEum omnipotente[m] qui nobis huius noctis [fo. 52b] festiuitatem indulsit fratres karissimi depraecemur ut det nobis etiam munditiam cordis ut sicut magi stilla praecunte dominum iesum christum inuenerunt et optata 5 consecuti sunt gaudia atque appertis thesauris suis obtulerunt ei munera aurum thus et murrața Ita et nos famoli sui eiusdem saluatoris /nostri auxilio praemoniti [fo. 53a] terram promissionis mereamur ingredi ut gaudeamus nos aeterna regni caelestis possessione ditari Per dominum 10 nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem semperque regnantem.

[69] — COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

DEus qui uerbi tui incarnationem praeclari testimonio sideris indecasti quod uidentes magi oblatis maiestatem tuam/muneribus adorarunt Concide ut semper [fo.53b in mentibus nostris tuae appareat ¹stellae noti[ti]a¹. ac noster in tua sit confessione thesaurus per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[70] PRAEFATIO

Mnipotentem sempiternum dominum cuius non minor est misericordia quam potestas qui licet aestimatione[m] operum³. uniuersorum /operum suorum³ uicerit [fo. 54a ipse tamen suorum operum magnitudinem pietate uicit mittendo nobis iesum christum filium suum dominum nostrum cuius et bhonus leue est et iugum suaueb uirginali⁴ utero procreatus ad hoc tradedit nobis salutis iugum ut omnes nos exaltaret in regnum fratres dilectissimi supplici oratione praecemur ut expellat de sensibus nostris prauae /cogitationis obscuritatem ut nullis deinceps [fo. 54b 30 peccatorum fuscemur maculis quibus iubar suae splenduit caritatis⁵ per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum qui secum

[71]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

EXaudi nos salutaris noster et hanc annuam⁶ sollemnitatis 35 nostrae deuotionem dignanter suscipe ut sicut magis ad ostensionem salutaris uiae refulsit stella

¹—¹ ? stella notitiae, N.F. ³ suorum magnitudine.

^{5 ?} claritatis, N.F.

[·] F courteurs, IV. I

a_a Mt. ii, 11.

^{· 2} marked by dots for omission.

⁴ qui virginali.

^{6 ?} annuae.

b_b Mt. xi, 30.

/ita nostris mentibus per gratiam tui muneris lumen [fo. 55a infundas ut possimus in uiam ueritatis confitentis¹ te protegente incidere† per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[72]

PRAEFATIO

5

Arrantes laudes domini et potentias et mirabilia quae fecita fratres karissimi cum ante conspectum populi sui mare diuideret lumen /praetenderet. ignem [fo. 55b praeferret bcaeli, ianuas aperiretb cpanem angelicum ministraritc Rogemus uti quoque nobis similibus uirtutum suarum circumdet excubiis Ne uel saeculi huius fluctus obuoluat Uel incertum uitae cursum² iter teneat Uel ignorantiae nox fidei inluminatione deficiat Uel caeli adetus orationi non pateat /Uel panis uiuus uitam se [fo. 56a negando non praebeat Seda in redemptionem adquisitionis atque in laudem gloriae suaed quod tribuit enigmate tribuat ueritati³ Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum qui uiuit et regnat

[73]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Perum tuorum deus quantum miranda potentia 20 tantum magis est gratia diligenda Tuo namque imperio stella /magis ducatum praebuit et usque ad [fo. 56b christum certa iteneris directione perduxit cuius humanitas uera sic fuit in carne ut uera maiestas resplenderet in opere Infans enim astris famulantibus ostenditur et a 25 magis paruolus adoratur Quaesomus ergo domine ut etiam nostros errores misericorditer corrigas et ad ueritatis tuae salutiferam /uisionem praecedente nos tuae [fo. 57a miserationis inluminatione perducas Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[74]

PRAEFATIO

DEum qui sanctificauit iordanis fluenta benedixit coniugia nuptialium fratres karissimi depraecemur ut cuius miracula annuis recolimus uicibus. sola eius gratia mereamur indulgentiam peccatorum Quod ipse prestare dignetur quui cum patre et. spiritu sancto uiuit et regnatu

1 confidentes, Mab., confidenter, N.F.; ? confidentes.
 2 ? cursus.
 3 ? ueritate, N.F.
 4—4 Merovingian script by the original copyist.

a—a Ps. lxxvii, 8 (Vet. Ital.). c—c Ps. lxxvii, 25. b_b Ps. lxxvii, 23.
d_d Eph. i, 14.

[75]

/COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

fo. 57b

Xaudi nos domine in huius sollemnitatis excubias quaesomus ut plebis huius ¹corda in tuis mirabilibus sacratas tibi excubias celebrantibus benignus adesse dig-Et qui iordanis sanctificare dignatus es aquas nos quoque tibi sanctos et inmaculatos sistere facias Qui cum patre ²et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas²

/MISSA IN UIGILIIS EPHIPHANIAE

[76] PRAEFATIO

Ncorruptarum naturarum beneficiorum³ dominum ac deum 10 fratres karissimi depraecemur Ut nos in nostrum ephiphaniae id est manifestationis suae diem ad sacram excubiarum sollempnitate[m] collectos Tales /faciat4 [fo. 58b] qui inlustrationem incarnationis eius uel natiuitatem ex uirgine uel baptismum aput iordanem uel ⁵mirabilia aput 15 chana signo⁵ pro nostra salute credimus factum nostro in nobis opere demonstremus Ut beneficiorum inmensitatem nostris confessionibus lucidemur† Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum qui secum uiuit

[77]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

fo. 59a 20

35

Eus qui per unigenitum iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum sanctificationem salutis aeternae aquas⁶ regenerantibus praestetisti et ueniente super caput illius spiritali columba per spiritum sanctum ipse uenisti Dona quaesomus ut ueniat super hanc omnem aeclesiam 25 tuam illa benedictio quae⁷/cunctos iugiter protegat [fo. 59b] Quae diuersos sine cessatione benedicat Quae cursum te sequentium dirigat Quae set expectationi omnium ianuam regni caelestis aperiat Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui semper tecum uiuit et

[78]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

DRaesta omnipotens deus per ineffabilem misericordiae tuae /caritatem ut cuius uirtus atque maiestas [fo. 60a in mirabilium tuorum8 diuersitate claruit in nostrarum quoque

^{1—1} celebrantis for celebrantibus, or read cordibus for corda.

²—² Merovingian script. 3 ? beneficiosum.

facial ut.
aquis, N.F.
s? suorum. 5-5 mirabile signum, Mab., N.F. 7 quip at the foot of the page, in green.

mentium purificatione clariscat Praesentem itaque oblationem ita inlabere ut medillam† uiuentibus defunctis refrigerium praestet Et quorum¹ texuit recitatio praemissa sortem inter electos iubeas /adgregare Per dominum [fo. 60b nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[79]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DEus inluminator omnium gentium da populis tuis perpetua pace gaudere et illud lumen splendidum infunde cordibus nostris quem† trium magorum mentibus aspirasti
Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum tecum 10 uiuentem

[80]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE/

[fo. 61a

DIgnum et iustum est uere dignum et iustum est nos te laudare omnipotens sempiterne deus Quia anotam fecisti in populis uirtutem tuama et bsalutare tuum cunctis 15 gentibusb declarasti hodiernum declarans diem in qua† ad adorandam ueri regis infantiam excitatos de mundi partibus² uiros clarior ceteris /sideribus stella [fo. 61b produceret³ et caeli ac terrae dominum in salutem omnium corporaliter natum radius tuae lucis ostenderet 20 Propterea profusis gaudiis totus per orbem terrarum mundus exultat Sed et supernae concinunt potestates hymnum gloriae tuae sine fine dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS

[81]

BENEDICTIO POPULI/

[fo. 62a

[a] DEus qui praesentem diem ita dignaris diligere ut 25 eum tot elegeris miraculis inlustrare AMEN

[b] Qui dignatus es ⁴pro formam facturae tuae salutis nostrae⁴ in iordanis fontem fons aque uiuae discendere AMEN

[e] In quo te adorandum stella magos docuit et aquae pallor 30 uina produxit AMEN

[d] Esto tuae familiae./ipse lux iteneris qui stella [fo. 62b indice clarificatus es rex salutis AMEN

[e] Conuerte ad te quaerendum stupidas mentes hominum qui nuptiale conuiuio uertisti laticis in falernum AMEN

¹ quorum nomina; cf. p. 27, 1. 3.

² remotis partibus, N.F. ³ perduceret, omn.

⁴—⁴ in forma facturae tuae pro salute nostra; pro forma, Mur., Mab.

a_a Ps. lxxvi, 16. b_b Cf. Ps. lxvi, 3.

[f] Ut iuncta cum angelis in excelsis deo tibi cantet gloriam plebs protecta AMEN

Praesta saluator mundi qui cum patre et spiritu sancto

uiuis

/MISSA IN DIEM SANCTUM EPHYPHANIAE [fo. 63a 5

[82] [PRAEFATIO]

Enerabilem ac primitiuum in mirabilibus ephiphaniael diem in quo noster redemptor et dominus uirtutis suae docimenta praetendens ab annis infantiae paternam protulit potestatem. /obsequiorum nostrorum famu- [fo. 63b 10 lantibus uotis et celebri sollemnitate fratres karissimi ueneremur Pia obsecratione poscentes ut qui tunc aquas in uina mutauit nunc in sanguinem suum oblationum nostrarum uina conuertat Et qui aliis saturitatem meri potatione concessit nos potationis suae libamine et 15 para/clyti spiritus infusione sanctificet Per dominum [fo. 64a nostrum iesum christum filium suum qui secum uiuit.

[83] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

DEus qui mirificis uirtutum tuarum signis salutis nostrae indicia³ declarasti Qui magis stella praefulgente degressis adorare et promereri te regem aeternum dominumque perpetuum misticis muneribus praestetisti Qui in /corpore nostro mirabilis³ baptismi sacra- [fo. 64b mento regeneratos ex spiritu nos ablues renascendo Et ineffabilis potentie dono hodie aquas in uina mutando discipulis tuis tuam manifestasti diuinitatem Exaudi nos supplices tuos ob diem sacratissimae sollempnitatis et praesta ut gloria tua inluminati saeculo moriamur tibi /regi christo uiuamus saluator mundi qui [fo. 65a cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas in saecula

[84] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus ac desideriis offerentum fratres karissimi dei patris omnipotentis elementiam depraecemur Ut qui hodie per filium suum mirifice aquae speciem uertit in uinum ita omnium simul oblationes et uota /con- [fo. 65b 35 uertere dignetur in sacrificium diuinum et accepto ferre

¹ m1=ephiniae.

² ? inicia; cf. uocationis exordium, p. 27, l. 35. ⁸ mirabili; cf. mirabili sacramento, p. 27, l. 33.

ut accepto tulit abela iusti sui munera et abrahe patriarchae sui hostias Et quorum nomina texuit recitatio praemissa eorum sortem inter electos iubeat adgregare Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem semperque regnantem

[85] COLLECTIO AD PACEM./

[fo. 66a

Domine christe iesu qui maiestate sublimis es et cum in uirtute patris obsequeris iussionibus matris ut et² filium hominis ostenderis obsequiis et deum uirtutibus adprobaris qui ad omnium gentium lauatione[m] iordanis alueum sanctificaturus intrasti ut peccata nostra ablueres conscientiasque purgares. /uisita aeclesiam tuam et perfice omnium uota pacem etiam [fo. 66b non petentibus praesta ut osculum quod in labiis datur in cordibus non negetur Quod ipse praestare digneris qui 15 cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas

[86]

CONTESTATIO

Ere dignum et iustum est aequum et iustum est nos tibi semper et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens /aeterne deus qui nobis super iordanis [fo. 67α 20 aluaeum de caelis uocem in modum tonitrui praebuisti ut saluatorem saeculi demonstrares et patrem luminis acterni ostenderis Caelos aperuisti Aerem benedixisti Fontem purificasti Et tuum unicum per columbam sancti spiritus demonstrasti Susciperunt fontes hodie benedictionem tuam 25 /et tulerunt maledictionem nostram ita ut credenti- [fo. 67b] bus purificationem omnium delictorum exhibeant et deo filios regenerando faciant ad uitam aeternam quos ad temporalem uitam carnalis natiuitas fuderat Nam quos mors per praeuaricationem coeperat hoc3 uita aeterna a 30 morte recipiens ad caelorum regna reuo/cat Unde [fo. 68a debita exultatione uoces nostras iungimus confessionibus angelorum qui gloriam tuam mirabile sacramento hodierna sollemnitate4 uenerantes pro apparitione iesu christi domini nostri et pro nostrae uocationis exordium† sacrificium tibi laudis offerimus Per ipsum dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem tuam laudant angeli⁵

¹_1 ? potestati subnexus or submissus. 2 et t

⁸ hos, Mab., Vez., N.F. 4 + inserted above the word. 5 usg., at foot of page.

[87] . COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

[fo. 68b

Ere sanctus uere benedictus dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus qui ad puerperii caelestis indicium haec hodie contulit mundo sui¹ miracula maiestatis ut adorandam magis ostenderet stellam et transacto temporis interuallo aquas in uino² mutaret suoque baptismate sanctificaret fluenta /iordanis iesus christus dominus [fo. 69a noster qui pridie quam pateretur

[88]

POST MYSTERIUM

SAcrificiis praesentibus domine quaesomus intende placatus quibus non iam aurum thus et myrra profertur sed³ isdem muneribus declaratur offertur immolatur sumitur per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum et cum spiritu sancto uiuit

[89]

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM.

/N On nostro praesumentes domine merito sed [fo. 69b domini nostri iesu christi filii tui quem ut nos a atenebris et umbra mortisa liberaret misisti oboedientes imperio Indigni quidem sumus nomine filiorum sed iubemur dicere PATER NOSTER

[90]

POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

Libera nos a malo omnipotens aeterne deus et dominare tu nostri qui /qui† mortis a nobis dominia [fo. 70a reppulisti ut tua semper domine cogitemus cum alacritate mandata cum timore iudicia cum exultatione promissa per eum qui tecum uiuit dominatur et regnat deus in unitate spiritus sancti in saecula saeculorum

[91]

BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] Mnipotens artifex qui saepe quam plurimis /hodie tamen insignibus te declarasti miraculis [fo. 70b 30

[b] Qui recurrenti tempore multiplicasti pastor ⁴uina prius in hidriis⁴ deinde cybos in cophanis AMEN

¹ suae, Mur., Mab., Vez., N.F. ³ sed [quod], Mab., Vez., N.F.

² uina or uinum.

 ³ sed [quod], Mab., Vez., N.F.
 ⁴—⁴ Transposition marks seem to denote the order: prius in hidriis uina.

a-a Luc. i, 79.

[c] Discendat a sedibus tuis super capita famulorum et famularum tuarum spiritus sanctus tuus ille qui in iordane baptizante iohanne¹ in columba /corporaliter uisus [fo. 71a es[t] discendisse AMEN

[d] Reple animas eorum uino iustitiae quae² sermone tuo 5

hodie ³ex aquarum sapore³ mutasti AMEN

[e] Adesto tuae plebi deuotioni singulari te sacra per mysteria ueneranti AMEN

[f] Porrige pastor aepolum quo uicta fame saeculi aeternitatis /animae saginentur

[g] Infunde⁴ etiam super eos spiritalium dona uirtutum ut nihil in eis inimicus aut uiolentia subrepat aut fraude⁵ decipiat AMEN

[h] Sed per bonae conuersationis perseuerantiam adoptione uocati sunt filioruma intrare in possessionem 15

mereantur heredum. AMEN

[i] /Ut cum hinc transferri migrando praecipetur⁷ illic [fo. 72a admitti permittatur unde te deum adorauit8 magis admiratum adstans sidus praesepio AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui in trinitate perfecta

uiuis dominaris et regnas AMEN

[92] POST EUCHARISTIAM

Iuinam misericordiam fratres karissimi /concordi oratione poscamus uti haec salutifera sacra- [fo. 72b] menta nostris recepta pectoribus purificent animam corpusque sanctificent atque in spem9 caelestium uiscera pariter et corda confirment Quod ipse praestare dignetur qui uiuit et regnat

[93] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

R Espice domine propicius ad plebem tuam /et [fo. 73lpha 30 quam diuinis tribuis proficere sacramentis ab omnibus absolue peccatis per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

¹ iohanne dominum, N.F. 2 ? quod ; qui, Mur., Mab., Vez., N.F. 4 final e added above the line.

⁵ m1: fr fraude, fr subsequently erased.

⁶ in adoptionem. 7 praecipietur, omn. 8 adorandum monstrauit: there is a letter erased before u.

Here there is a gap in the MS., but there is no lacuna in the text.

a Eph. i, 5, etc.

MISSA IN ADSUMPTIONE SANCTAE MARIAE MATRIS DOMINI NOSTRI

[94] [PRAEFATIO]

C Enerosae diei dominicae genetricis /inexplicabile [fo. 73b] sacramentum tanto magis praeconabile quantum est inter homines assumptione uirginis singulare Aput quem¹ uitae integritas obtenuit filium et mors non inuenit par exemplum Nec minus ingerens stuporem de transitu quam exultatione[m] ferens unico beata de partu Non solum mirabilis /pignore quod fide concepit sed [fo, 74a 10] translatione praedicabilis qua migrauit Speciali trepudio Affectu multimodo Fideli uoto fratres dilectissimi corde depraecemur attento Ut eius adiuti muniamur suffragio quae faecunda uirgo Beata de partu Clara de merito Felix praedicatur abscessu obsecrantes misericordiam redem- 15 toris nostri /ut circumstantem plebem illuc [fo. 74b] dignetur introducere quo beatam matrem mariam famulantibus apostulis transtulit ad honorem Quod ipse praestare dignetur qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuit et regnat deus in saecula

[95] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Deus qui dum opus illud fabricae mundialis quod sola imperii iussione creaueras perire /non pate- [fo. 75a ris domum tibi in aluum uirginis fabricasti Et ne periret gens² a te plasmata revelasti saeculis inaudita mysteria 25 Ut quem caelorum excelsa non capiunt paruus puellulae aluus includeret Praecamus† supplices Ut de quibus et pro quibus suscepisti membra mortalia intercedente beata maria genetrice tua capere facias /deuicta saeculi [fo. 75b ambitione uicturiam Saluator mundi qui cum aeterno³ 30 patre uiuis et regnas deus in unitate spiritus sancti deus† in saecula

[96] COLLECTIO⁴ POST⁵ NOMINA

H Abitatorem uirginalis hospicii Sponsum beati thalami Dominum tabernaculi Regem templi qui eam innocentiam contulit genetrici qua dignaretur incarnata deitas generare⁶ Quae /nihil saeculi conscia tantum [fo. 76a praecibus mens† attenta Tenuit puritatem in moribus

¹ quam, N.F. 2 s above the line. 3 r above the line. 4 Praefatio, added, in Tironian notation, in the margin.

⁵ t above the line. 6 generari, omn.

quam perciperat angeli benedictione uisceribus Nec per assumptionem de morte sensit inluuiem quae uitae portauit auctorem fratres karissimi fusis praecibus dominum imploremus

Ut eius¹ indulgentia illuc defuncti
liberentur a tartaro

quo beatae uirginis /translatum [fo. 76b 5 corpus est de sepulchro Quod ipse praestare dignetur qui in trinitate perfecta uiuit

[97]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DEus uniuersalis machinae propagator qui in sanctis spiritaliter in matre uero uirgine etiam corporaliter 10 habitasti Quae ditata tuae plenitudinis ubertate Mansuetudine florens Caritate/ vegens† Pace gaudens [fo. 77a Pietate praecellens Ab angelo gratia plena Ab elisabeth benedicta A gentibus merito predicatur beata Cuius nobis fides mysterium Partus gaudium Uita 15 provectum Discessus attulit hoc festiuum Praecamur supplices ut pacem Quae² in adsumptione matris tunc praebuisti discipulis ³sollemni /nuper³ largiaris in cunc- [fo. 77b] tis Saluator mundi qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis

[98]

CONTESTATIO

Ignum et iustum est omnipotens deus nos tibi magnas merito gratias agere Tempore celeberrimo Die prę ceteris honorando Quo fidelis israhel egressus est de aegipto Quo uirgo dei genetrix de mundo migrauit ad christum/ Quae nec de corruptione suscepit conta- [fo. 78a 25] gium Nec resolutionem pertulit in sepulchro Pollutione libera Germine gloriosa Assumptione secura Paradyso dote praelata Nesciens damna de coitu Sumens uota de fructu Non subdita dolori per partum Non labori per transitum Nec uita uoluntate nec funus soluitur 30 ui naturae, /Speciosus thalamus de quo dignus [fo. 78b prodit sponsus Lux gentium Spes fidelium Praedo daemonum Confusio iudaeorum Uasculum uitae Tabernaculum gloriae Templum caeleste⁵ Cuius iuuenculae melius praedicantur merita cum ueteris euae conferuntur 35 exempla Siquidem ista mundo uitam protulit. /Illa [fo. 79a legem mortis inuexit Illa praeuaricando nos perdedit Ista generando saluauit Illa nos pomo arboris in ipsa radice percussit Ex huius uirga flos exiit qui nos odore reficeret fruge curaret Illa maledictione[m] in dolore generat 40

 $^{^1}$ u added, m^2 , above the line, between e and i. 2 Quam. 3 — 3 ? sollempniter, Mab. 4 m 1 = egressusus. 5 s above the line.

Ista benedictionem in salute confirmat Illius perfidia serpenti consensit. coniu/gem decepit prolem dam- [fo. 79b] nauit Cuius¹ oboedientia patrem conciliauit filium posteritatem absoluit Illa amaritudinem pomi suco² propinat Ista perennem dulcidinem nati fonte desudat Illa aceruo gusto natorum dentes deterruit Haec suauissimi panis blandimenti³ cybo formauit Cui nullus deperit nisi qui/ de hoc pane saturare fauce [fo. 80a fastidit Sed iam ueteres gemitos in gaudia noua uertamus Ad te ergo reuertimur uirgo faeta Mater intacta Nesciens uirum puerpera Honorata per filium non polluta Felix per quam nobis inspirata⁵ gaudia successerunt Cuius sicut gratulati6 sumus ortu trepudiauimus partu ita glorifi-/camur in transitum⁷ Parum fortasse fuerat si te [fo. 80b] christus solo sanctificasset introitu nisi etiam talem⁸ matrem 15 adornasset egressu Recte ab ipso suscepta es in assumptione feliciter quem pie suscepisti conceptura per fidem Ut quae terrae non eras conscia non teneret rupes inclusa[m] Uere diversis infolis anima redemta 10/ Cui [fo. 81a apostuli sacrum reddunt obsequium Angeli cantum Christus 20 amplexum Nubis veicolum Assumptio paradysum Inter choros uirginum gloria principatum Per christum dominum nostrum Cui angeli atque archangeli non cessant

[99] COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

U Ere sanctus uere gloriosus unigenitus tuus dominus 25 noster iesus christus Qui cum de suo genitori esset aequalis¹¹ /de nostra¹² factus est minor ab angelis² [fo. 81b Et ex patre habens inmortalitatem ex matre quod moreretur adsumpsit ut in se liberaret genus humanum de tartaro dum ipsum mors non tenuit in sepulchro Ipse enim pridie 30 quam pateretur

[IOO] POST MYSTERIUM

Discendat domine in his sacrificiis tuae benedictionis /coaeternus et cooperator paraclytus spiritus ut [fo. 82a oblationem quam tibi de tua terra fructificante porregimus caelesti 13 per munerationem te sanctificante sumamus

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1 Hujus, omn.
2 succo, Mab., N.F.
3 blandimenta; blandienti, Mab. (cited by Vez. as blandientis), N.F.
4 saturari, Mab., N.F.
6 m¹: cratulati.
7 transitu, Mab., N.F.
8 tali.
9 infulis, Mab., N.F.
```

¹⁰ redimita, N.F.
12 nostro, Mab., N.F.
13 Lis m².
13 permutatione, Mab., N.F.
14 Lis m².
15 nostro, Mab., N.F.

15

Ut translata fruge in corpore calicem† in cruore proficiat meritis quod obtulimus pro delictis praesta omnipotens deus qui uiuis et regnas in secula

[IOI] ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

/ Xaudi omnipotens aeterne deus supplicem [fo. 82b 5 plebem tuam ob honorem mariae beatissimae genetricis et ita praeces nostras benignus intende ut cum fiducia dicere mereanur orationem quam nos dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus orare sic docuit dicens PATER

[IO2] POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

L'Ibera nos ab omni malo/ ab omni delicto [fo. 83a auctor omnium bonorum et conditor deus et intercedente beata maria genetrice tua contra cotidiani hostis insidias cotidiana nos protectione defende Saluator mundi qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas

[103] BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] DEus qui cum te non capiunt caeli dignatus es in templo/ uteri uirginalis includi AMEN [fo. 83b [b] Ut mater integra haberet fructum de spiritu et incorruptione[m] de partu AMEN [c] Da plebi angelum custodem qui filium mariae fide concipiente praedixit AMEN

[d] Sanctificet gregem tuum illa benedictio quae sine semine humano redemptorem uirginis/ firmauit² in [fo. 84a utero AMEN

[e] Ut te protegente, exultet aeclesia de congregato populo sicut maria meruit gloriari de fructu AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas deus in saecula saeculorum AMEN

[104] POST EUCHARISTIAM

A Desto quaesomus domine fidelibus tuis ut quae sumpsit fideliter /et mente sibi et corpore beatae [fo. 84b mariae intercessione custodiat quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum aeterno patre uiuis et regnas in³

¹? concipienti. ² formauit. ³ in, with contraction mark over $n = in \, \mathcal{S}^{\circ}c$.

[105]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Uaesomus domine deus noster ut interueniente beata maria sacrosancta mysteria quae sumpsimus actu subsequamur et sensu et eius nobis /indulta [fo. 85a refectio uitam conferat sempiternam per eum qui tecum et cum spiritu sancto uiuit et regnat

MISSA IN NATALE AGNES UIRGINIS ET MARTYRIS

[106] — [PRAEFATIO]

In beatae martyris agnes natalicia trepudiantes fratres to karissimi devoto corde domino /adsistamus [fo. 85\(b\)]

Uere enim huius est honorandus natalis Quae sic nata est mundo ut sit caelo renata Sic sub morte legis procreata ut contereret mortis auctorem Sic infirmo sexu condita ut metuenda uiris fortibus dispiceret tormenta 15 Sic fragile conditione producta ut puella uirgi/ni- [fo. 86\(a\) bus\(l\) et potestatibus triumpharet O uera nobilitas quae sic terrena generatione processit ut ad diuinitatis consortium perueniret Oremus ergo ut pro nobis interueniat praccibus quae digna adsistit diuinis obtutibus quod ipse 20 praestare dignetur qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuit et regnat

[107]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

DEus uictrices agnes adiutor et praemium [fo. 86b] exaudi nos illius interuentu cuius passionis natalem 25 celebramus cui tanti muneris gratiam contulisti ut diabulum qui per euam humanum² genus omne subuerterat tenera aetate agnes contereret et sexu inbecile superaret ueritatis confessione prosterneret. /euidenter osten- [fo. 87a] dens quod non solum perpetuae uirginitatis martyra esset et uirgo mansura sed agni inmaculati sponsa fieri mereretur integre³ de nomine Adsume ergo huius sacrificii immolatione[m] gratanter qui coronasti gloriosam pro tantis meritis uirginem per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

¹? uirtutibus, N.F. ² anum, above the line.

³ integrae, i.e., άγνή.

[801]

/COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

[fo. 87b

DEus qui uirgineum florem per mariae uterum renouas reddens nobis in matre uirgine quod per incontinentem perditum fuerat matrem Quam sequentes sanctae uirgines cum palma martyrii ad tuum usque thalamum 5 peruenerunt Ex quibus est beata agnes martyra /cuius hodie passionis sollemnitas agitur quae nos ad [fo. 88a laeticiam suae deuocionis excitauit uere est enim honorandus huius diei¹ natalis quae sic terrena generacione processit ut ad diuinitatis consorcium per consecracionem 10 uirginitatis perueniret per dominum

[109]

COLLECCIO AD PACEM

Aeta nos domine quaesomus beatae martyrest tuae agnes festiuitas semper excipiat quae et iocunditatem nobis suae glorificacionis et pacis sinceritatis² infundat et tibi nos reddat acceptos per dominum

[110]

/IMMOLACIO

[fo. 88b

Tere dignum et iustum est Tibi enim domine festa sollemnitas agitur Tibi dies sacrata celebratur quam beatae agnes uirginis sanguis in ueritatis tuae testificacione³ 20 profusus magnifico nominis tui honore signauit Cui ad mirificanda[m] graciam tuam in tenero adhuc corpore et necdum puellare flore maturo hanc uirtutem fidei et pacientie fortitudinem contulisti ut seuicie persecutorest non cederit constancia uirginalis quo gloriosior fierit corona 25 martyrii quia4 inter acerua supplicia nec sexui potuit nec aetati Huius igitur passionis diem eripere hodierna deuocionem⁵ celebrantes immolamus tibi domine deus noster uictimam laudis quam⁶ cum filio tuo domino nostro et sancto spiritu per claritatem regnantem cum 30 angelis et archangelis dominaciones principatus et potestates caeli celorumque uirtutes ac beata seraphin socia exultacione concelebrant dicentes sanctus

/MISSA IN NATALE SANCTAE CAECILIAE [fo. 89a UIRGINIS

[III]

[PRAEFATIO]

U Enerabilem ac sublimem beatae martyris caeciliae passionem et sanctam sollemnitatem pia deuotione cele-

1 dies.
4 quam.

² sinceritatem, Mab., N.F. ⁵ deuotione, Mab., N.F.

³ m¹: testificationi.
⁶ ? quem.

brantes Conseruatorem omnium deum fratres karissimi depraecemur ut piis /aeclesiae suae prae- [fo. 89/6 cibus propitiatus adsistat Et sicut illi hodie coronam dedit nobis quoque misericordiam largiatur per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem

[112] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Omnipotens sempiterne deus qui aelegis infirma mundi ut fortia quaeque confundasa da nobis in festiuitate sanctae caeciliae /martyrae congrua deuotione [fo. 90a gaudere ut et potentiam tuam in eius passione laudemus et prouisum nobis percipiamus auxilium per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[113] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

REspice domine quaesomus plebem tuam de sanctae caeciliae martyris glorificatione gratulantem placitum tribue /sacratarum tibi mentium famulatum [fo. 90%]
Ut qui in sanctis tuis te honorare non desinunt donorum tuorum tuorum largitate potiantur et quod uisibiliter exhibent inuisibiliter adprehendant Ut sicut illius grata sunt merita sic nostrael seruitutis accepta 20 reddantur officia per dominum nostrum iesum filium tuum

[II4] /COLLECTIO AD PACEM [fo. 91a

SAnctae martyrae tuae caeciliae domine supplicationibus tribue nos fouere† Ut cuius uenerabilem sollemnitatem praeuenimus obsequio eius intercessionibus commendemur 25 et meritis Et praesta quaesomus domine ut pax quae profertur in labiis etiam cordibus non negetur. per

[II5] /IMMOLATIO MISSAE [fo. 91b

DIgnum et iustum est aequum et salutare est nos tibi semper gratias agere omnipotens sempiterne deus qui 3º bperficis in infirmitate uirtutemb quia beata gloriosaque caecilia dispecto mundi coniugio ad consortia superna contendens Nec aetate mutabili praepedita est Nec in/lecebris est reuocata carnalibus Nec ²sexu fragilitatis² [fo. 92a deterrita Sed inter puellares annos Inter saeculi 35 blandimenta Inter supplicium² persequentium multiplicem

¹ originally nostr at end of one line and trae at beginning of the next.
2-2 sexus fragilitate.
3 supplicia.

a_a I Cor. i, 27.

b_b Cf. 2 Cor. xii, 9.

uicturiam uirgo casta martyra impleuit et ad potiorem triumphum secum ad regna caelestia ualerianum cui fuerat nupta perduxit Et sic coronam /pudititiae [fo. 926 meruit ut regium thalamum non solum uirgo sed etiam martyra intraret Per christum dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem tuam laudant angeli adorant dominationes

[116]

BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] SUmme optime misericordissime deus benedic famulos et famulas tuas AMEN

[b] Tribue eis per interuentu[m] sanctae caeciliae /uir- [fo. 93a ginis cor in tuo amore sollicitum in tuo timore deuotum in tuo honore perfectum AMEN

[c] Da eis tranquillitatem temporum salubritatem corporum salutem animarum AMEN

[d] Mereantur te fide quaerere operibus inuenire gratia promereri¹ AMEN

[e] Et illa studeant agere te teste, quae /digna [fo. 93b fiant in remuneratione te iudice AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui in trinitate perfecta uiuis 20 dominaris et regnas

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTI CLEMENTIS EPISCOPI.

[117]

[PRAEFATIO]

D'Iem hunc gloriosae passionis. sancti ac uenerabilis ²⁵ clementis episcopi per quem superstitiosa gentilitas conruit iudaeorum et fi/des catholica in corda homi- [fo. 94a num radiauit fratres karissimi reuoluto anni circulo debito ueneremur obsequio domini misericordiam exorantes ut qui eum lumen ²teterrimo gentilitatis errore² praebuit nos suo lumine ^aoriens ex alto^a clarificet qui illum sacrae praeposuit aeclesiae nos sub mundialium fasce curarum /gementes ipso exorante subleuare dignetur [fo. 94b per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem

[118]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

CHriste omnipotens deus qui beatum clementem antestitem propter nomen tuum in altitudine maris paganorum tempestate dimersum ut in certamine probasti

¹ originally promerere; the i passing through the final e is by a much later scribe. 40 2 — 2 errori, Mab., N.F.; or supply in before teterrimo.

a_a Luc. i. 78.

bello/rum ita post bellum patefactis arenis [fo. 95a educis gloriosum Quaesomus pietatem tuam ut nos a concupiscientiae procellis erutos paternae gloriae repraesentis innoxios Saluator mundi qui cum aeterno patre uiuis et regnas deus in unitate spiritus

[119] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA.

Nominum seriem† relata defunctorum¹ /fratres [fo. 95b] karissimi omnipotentis dei misericordiam supplices exoremus ut interuentu sancti clementis antestitis et martyris sui defunctis absolutionem uiuentibus tribuat salutem 10 Memores etiam simus fidelissimorum suorum sisennii atque theodorae Ut quibus per beatum martyrem fidem se credendi in/inseruit† eis paradysi regna participet per [fo. 96a] dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem

[120] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Concordator discordiae et origo societatis aeternae indiuisa trinitas deus qui sisennii infidelitatem ab aeclesiae unitate disiunctam per sanctum clementem antestitem et subdis catho/licae fidei et innectis [fo. 96b 20 perpetuae caritati Exaudi praeces nostras illamque nobis pacem tribue quam quondam aetherem ascensurus apostulis relequisti Ut qui praesentium labiorum inpraessione inlegati fuerint osculo tua custodia pacifici permaneant in futuro Quod ipse prestare digneris qui cum ²patre et² 25

[I2I] /IMMOLATIO MISSAE [fo. 97a

DIgnum et iustum est uere dignum est nos tibi gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus in sollemnitate sancti martyris tui elementis. Qui cognationem reliquit et patriam et post odorem tui nominis terras 30 mariaque transmeans abnegansque semetipsum crucem /peregrinationis adsumpsit ut te per apostulorum [fo. 97b tuorum uestigia sequeretur. Cui tu domine secundum promissionem filii tui tam in presenti saeculo quam in futuro centuplicata muneris praemia repensasti. Nam 35 beatissimi petri mox traditus disciplinis parentes quos in genitali solo perdiderat. in exter/na regione resti- [fo. 98a tues quos terrenae generationis amiserat. diuinae reddis naturae participes.

[?] om. 2—2 Merovingian script by the original copyist.

ordinem subrogando romanae urbis cuius propter te dispexerat dignitatem tenere constituis principatum ¹Pro quo¹ transituria claritate caelesti facis honore conspicuum / Postremo martyrii gloria sublimatum pro temporali- [fo. 98b bus gestis aeternam² provehis coronam Per christum 5 dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem tuam laudant angeli atque archangeli non cessant clamare dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS SANCTUS

[122]

BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] Ustus† sacerdotii decator martyrii palma triumphi 10 /deus benedic famulos et famulas tuas [fo. 99a

[b] Dona eis martyris huius obtentu recte uiuere subrie agere salubriter conuersari AMEN

[c] Ut illa agant suo arbitrio quae digna habeantur tuo 15 iudicio et indigna³ inueniantur subiacere supplicio AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui in trinitate perfecta uiuis et regnas⁴

/MISSA SANCTI SATURNINI EPISCOPI ET [fo. 99b MARTYRIS

[123]

[PRAEFATIO]

DEum qui inmortales gloriosorum martyrum palmas triumphali cruore persudit et beatam diei huius sollemnitatem suis pro se uincentibus dedicauit fratres karissimi suppliciter oremus ut qui dedit diei huius sollemnitatem det ple/num sollemnitatis effectum Qui [fo. 100a dedit hoc quod cultus festiuitatis amplectitur det ut affectu deuotionis imitemur Et quicquid sancto uiro ac beatissimo martyri suo saturnino hodierno die profuit ad gloriam nobis proficiat ad salutem per dominum nostrum iesum 30 christum filium suum qui secum et cum spiritu sancto

[124]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEbitas omnipotens sempiterne deus referimus [fo. 100h gratias iesu christo domino nostro in cuius similitudinem beatissimus saturninus dum offerret uictimam ipse 35 fit uictima dum sacerdotium electus agit martyrium deuotus impleuit ut per eminentiam iustitiae atque

⁵ sancto repeated by a later hand in the margin.

¹_1 Proque.
2 ad aeternam, Mab., N.F.
4 usque hie, at foot of page.

uicturiae et testis fierit¹ /et antestis in quo pro- [fo. 101a ficiens fidei latitudo dum cathedram suscipit sanctitatis coronam rapuit passionis Ita maiestatem tuam domine supplices exoramus ut qui ei tanta[m] pro nomine tuo prestetisti tolerantiam per eius intercessionem tribuas pro delictis plebi huic ueniam. per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[125] /COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

[fo. 1016

Magnum nobis est semperque festiu[u]m fratres karissimi summi pontificis et martyris saturnini meritis 10 depensis fideliter pręcibus exorare Qui saluatoris nostri praecepta custodiens beatitudinem meruit sed etiam tanti honoris officium feli/ci martyrio consecrauit omnipotentem deum non solum sacerdotium ac uitae sed etiam tanti honoris officium feli/ci Per² cuius meritis depraecemur [fo. 102a ut illic defunctorum animas transferat 15] a tartaro quo illum causa amoris sui adsumere dignatus est post triumphum Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum

[126]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Eus qui ³uiscera misericordiae atque uberi /multi- [fo. 102b 20] plici⁸ sic sancto[s] tuos coronas pro meritis ut discordantium animos eorum intercessione pacifices Quęsomus per interuentum sancti saturnini antestitis et martyris tui ut pacificatam plebem huius festiuitati collectam sic ab omni simultate separes ut perfectam tuo conspectui habe- 25 /re digneris per dominum nostrum iesum christum [fo. 103a] filium tuum

[127]

CONTESTATIO

DIgnum et iustum est optimum sane est nobisque speciali deuotione praecipuum omnipotentiam tuam trinitas deus pro cunctorum4 triumphalibus poenis seruitio linguae supplicantis extollere Sed praecipue hoc tempore /beatum saturninum tremendi nominis [fo. 103b] tui conclamantissimum testem debito honore suscipere quem turba gentilium cum impulit e fano intulit caelo Siquidem ipse pontifex tuus ab orientis partibus in urbem tolosatium distinatus roma garonnae inuicem petri tui tam cathedram quam /martyrium con- [fo. 104\alpha

¹ N.F. are in error in stating that fuerit (Th., Mab., Mur.) is in the MS.; fieret, Vez., N.F.

² Pro, Mur.

³—⁸ ? per uiscera (Luc. i, 78) m. uberis atque multiplicis.

⁴ cuncturum (!), Th., Mur.

summauit Unde benedicimus te domine in operibus tuis et supplices dipraecamur ut spiritalia christiani populi desideria sollemniter impleantur et misericordia a te petita per sancti tui saturnini suffragia celeriter im-Ut cum atuae maiestatis super nos apparuerit gloria meritorum/nostrorum tribuas indulgentiam [fo. 104b] Per christum dominum nostrum. Cui merito omnes angeli atque archangeli cherubin quoque et seraphin sine intermissione proclamant dicenttes SANCTUS SANCTUS SANCTUS

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTI ANDREAE APOSTOLI: 10

[128]

PRAEFATIO

 $^{\prime}A^{\rm Postolicum\ et\ tot^1}$ almum saeculo diem quo [fo. 105a retifex ille praeclarus andreas post inluminatam praedicationem² achaiam felici martyrio decorauit uel proprii corporis hostiam crucis insigniam³ amplectendo ¹⁵ gestauit fratres karissimi intentis sensibus et /totis [fo. 105*b*] uisceribus excolamus inclitam omnipotentis dei miseri-cordiam dipraecantes uti hunc populum crucis suae signaculo praemonitum4 illuc iubeat adire adminiculante fide quo martyr praecessit impleto certamine quod ipse praestare dignetur qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuit et regnat

120

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

/ Hriste domine crucifer gloriose qui con- [fo. 106a propter gloriam tui 25 nominis crucifixi ita confortasti in proelio ut extolleres in triumpho Exaudi hunc coetum supplicem ac praesentem et praesta ut qui hoc tempore eius sollempnitati debitum faenus exsoluimus futuris /temporibus modum uitae [fo. 106b] castissimae ipso opitulante seruemus. per te christe 30 saluator mundi qui cum aeterno patre uiuis dominaris et regnas deus in unitate spiritus sancti in saecula seculorum.

[130]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Mnipotentem deum ac dominum nostrum fratres karissimi depraecemur ut hodierna sollemnia quae 35 pro natalem beatissimi /apostoli et martyris sui [fo. 107a

toti, Mab., N.F.
 insignia, omn.; am was suggested by the next word.
 praemunitum, N.F., cf. p. 22, l. 8. 2 praedicatione, omn.

²⁻a Cf. Ioh. ii, 10, 19.

andreae suscepimus sibi ipse commendet ac sicut illi hodie ob praedicationem uerbi sui captum¹ inter uincula carceris flagella et crucis nece² adfuit et de triumpho nobili coronam dedit ita interuentu eius nobis in se credentibus qui praessuris huius mundi et insidiis aduersarii /fatigamur in omnibus temptationibus [fo. 107b adesse ac misericordiam largire dignetur Et offerentum ac pausantum quae recitata sunt nomina apostoli sui intercessione sanctificet Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum uiuentem

[131]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Omnipotens sempiterne deus qui tanta tibi caritate beatum-/andream apostolum uincxisti³ ut tuo [fo. 108a auxilio mundi uinceret fluctos carnis contereret motus nitentisque gladii non paueret adsultos Quem crux eleuata suscepit humilem ut restitueret triumphantem Pacifica quesomus hanc familiam eius sollemnitati collectam ut dum praebet oscula proximis /indulgens laedentibus [fo. 108b ueniam obteneat pro delictis per dominum nostrum icsum christum filium tuum qui tecum

[132]

CONTESTATIO

Ignum et iustum est aequum et iustum est pietati tuae ineffabilis† gratias referre omnipotens sempiterne deus et inaestimabili gaudio passionem tuorum praedicare sanctorum per christum dominum nostrum /Qui [fo. 109a] beato andreat in prima uocatione dedit fidem et in passione donauit⁴ uicturiam Acceperat haec utraque beatus andreas. ideo habebat et in praedicatione constantiam et in passione tolerantiam Qui post iniqua uerbera post carceris septa alligatus suspendio se purum sacrificium 30 tibi obtulit deo /Extendit mitissimus brachia [fo. 109b] ad caelos amplectitur crucis uixillum defigit in osculis ora agni cognuscit archana Denique dum ad patibulum duceretur in cruce suspenderetur carne patiebatur et spiritu loquebatur Obliuiscitur crucis tormenta cruce christum pra[e]conat Quantum enim corpus eius in lig-/no extendebatur tantum in lingua eius christus [fo. 110a exaltabatur quia pendens in ligno sociari⁵ se ei gratulabatur Absolui se non patitur a cruce ne tepiscat

¹ capto, Mab., N.F.

³ c above the line. ⁵ sociare, Vez. (printer's error).

² necem, Mab., N.F. ⁴ m¹: donauit uit.

certamen in tempore Turba circumspecit et lamentat demitti a uinculo cupit quem reparatorem mentis intellegit Laxari postulat iustum ne pereat populus hoc delicto /Interea fundit martyr spiritum possessurus [fo. 110b sempiterni iudicis regnum Perl cuius meritis concide 5 nobis omnipotens deus ut a malis omnibus tuti atque defensi, tibi domino nostro deo martyrum et principi apostulorum laudes semper et gratias referamus cum angelis et archangelis qui gloriam tuam non cessant clamare dicentes

[133] /COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS [fo. 111a

Osianna† in excelsis uere sanctus uere benedictus uere gloriosus dominus noster iesus christus filius tuus qui beatum andream apostulum primum electione. exinde certamine consecrauit Ipse enim pridie quam 15

[134] COLLECTIO POST SECRETA

REcolimus te domine passum pro mundi salute humilem /sed credimus subsistere semper in [fo. 1116 genitore potentem Praecamur ut qui de altario tuo participamur cum beatis apostolis in caelestibus gloriemur 20 praesta saluator mundi qui cum acterno patre et spiritu sancto uiuis

[135] COLLECTIO ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

DEus qui sanctos apostulos tuos exemptos ab huius saeculi fluctibus angelicis iussisti coetibus /adgre- [fo. 112a 25 gare² quos etiamtuis pracceptionibus inhaerentis† qualiter te depraecarentur exhortator piissimus informasti supplices quesomus ut qui illos hilare affatu salubriter imbuisti nobis ipsam praecem cum fiducia permittas clamare uel³ dicere PATER NOSTER

[136] COLLECTIO POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

A B omni malo nos /eripe omnipotens deus et [fo. 112b praesta ut iubar apostolici luminis circumdatione⁴ neuum criminis cum pompis saeculi respuamus per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

^{1 ?} Pro, Mur. 3 ? et, N.F.

² ? adgregari, N.F. ⁴ circumdati omnem, Mab., N.F.

[137]

BENEDICTIO POPULI

[a] D Omine deus omnipotens qui gloriosus super sidera sedens almum nobis sidus beatos apostulos reliquisti. Quorum speciosam. /cohortem felici clari- [fo. 113a tate pollentem prius praeelegisti merito ut praedistenaris 5 in regno AMEN

[b] Concide propicius circumstantem plebem crucis tuae muneri¹ signaculo ut uniuersum superit aduersae potestatis

incursum AMEN

 $[\epsilon]$ Infunde sensibus eius apostolica dogmata /qua te [fo. 113b 10 contempletur mente serena AMEN

[d] Ut in illo tremendo discussionis tempore eorum defensetur

praesidium² quorum est secuta praeceptum AMEN

Quod ipse praestare digneris qui cum patre et spiritu sancto uiuis et regnas deus

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTAE EULALIAE UIRGINIS

[138]

/[PRAEFATIO]

[fo. 114α

DEum omnipotentem fratres karissimi qui tantum prudentem uirginitatem fidei sociatam apice gloriae 20 consecrauit Ut per quem facta est mater maria fierit martyra eulalia Illa pariendi effectu felix Ista moriendo Illa implens incarnationis officium Ista rapiens passionis exemplum Illa crededit angelo Ista restetit /in- [fo. 114/b imico Illa electa per quam nasceretur christus Ista per quam uinceretur diabulus Supplici oratione poscamus ut beatam eulaliam pro nobis orantem exaudiat Et omnia quae peccatis aduersantibus impedimur eius auxilio ab omni labe peccaminum eruamur Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum secum

[139]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEus qui sanctae martyre tuae³ eulaliae Pro [fo. 115a] poena gloriam Pro morte uitam Pro infirmitate uirtutem Pro passione coronam tribuisti Praesta ut sicut illa exultat in gloria sic nos de tua misericordia gratulemur et in aeternum ueniam te donante consequi mereamur Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum

3 e above the line.

10

¹ muniri, Th., Mab., Mur., N.F. ² praesidio, Mab., Vez., N.F.

[140]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Eum qui sanctae famulae suae eulaliae [fo. 115b] gloriosam et inmarciscibilem coronam martyrii contulit fratres karissimi supplices depraecemur ut praestante diuina misericordia ipsius precibus obteneamus ueniam qui gloriam non meremur Caris etiam nostris qui nos in somno pacis praecesserunt perennis aeui beatitu-/dinem et perpetuae lucis gratiam remunerare [fo. 116a dignetur Per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum

[141]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DEus simultatum discussor pacis quaesitor cuius ut pietatis est disiuncta coniungere ita amoris est casta pacifice allegari¹ Tu nunc nos domine apostulorum tuorum dogmate obsequentes pace necte /cari- [fo, 116b 15 tate orna castitate sanctifica Et2 qui de beatae uirginis eulaliae passionem meruimus habere exemplum mereamur ³de euicta³ iracundia obtenere triumphum dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum qui tecum uiuit

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est aequ[u]m et salutare est nos tibi semper et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus teque laudare in [fo. 117a] omnibus operibus tuis Qui dono gratiae tuae famulam tuam eulaliam nobiliorem⁴ mentis stigmate decorasti ut 25 inlaesam in se imaginis tuae pulchritudinem custodiret Digna uere comes filii tui quae tenero sexu. bellum fortis inuaderet et ultra opinionem humanae /uirtutis [fo. 117b] ad tolerantiam poenarum se. zelo tui amoris obtulerit quae in speciem praeciosi ung[u]enti⁵ sanguinem suum sub 30 testimonio bonae confessionis effunderit et incorrupta flammis uiscera in odorem suauissimi tymiamatis adoleret, Uadit ad tribunal cruenti praesidis nec quaesita Lucratura /regnum Contemptura supplicium Inuen- [fo. 118a tura quaesitum Uisura confessum Non trepida de senten- 35 tia Non ambigua de corona Non defessa de aeculeo

alligari, Th., Mur., Vez.; alligare, Mab., N.F. 2 III Mab.

⁴ nobiliore, omn.; the reading in the MS. may be due to an exemplar in which the words were not divided from each other.

⁵ unigeniti, omn.; but unguenti occurs in the parallel passage in the Mozarabic

Non diffisa de praemio Interrogatur Confitetur Ingentique miraculo maiestas tua exalatum¹ uirginis spiritum quem adsumpsit per flammam suscepit /per colum- [fo. 118b] bam [u]t hoc prodigio in caelist uirgo et martyr ascenderet quo in terris filium tuum pater ostenderas Per quem 5 maiestatem tuam laudant angeli atque archangeli non cessant clamare dicentes

MISSA IN CONUERSIONE SANCTI PAULI

[143]

/ DEus qui beati pauli apostuli dignitatem ubique facis [fo. 119a 10] gloriosam Praesta quaesomus ut et doctrina semper ipsius foueamur et meritis. per

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

CAnctorum decus remunerator iustorum deus aqui super O omnes et per omnia et in omnibus nobis esa Cui 15 et oratio purum /incen-[fo. 119b] sum Tribue nobis per intercessionem beatissimi pauli apostuli sanctificationem cordis feruorem spiritus corporis puritatem ut mortificatis terrenis uitiis inmaculatus? spiritu et corpore nostro tibi semper laudes† hostias 20 referamus quod³

[145] [COLLECTIO POST NOMINA]4

DEus qui apostulum tuum paulum insolentem contra christiani nominis pietatem caelesti uoce cum terrore perculsum hodierna die /uocationis eius mentem⁵ [fo. 120a cum nomine commutasti Et quem prius persequutorem metuebat eclesia nunc caelestium mandatorum laetatur se habere doctorem quemque ideo foris caecasti ut introrsos uidentem faceres Cuique post tenebras crudelitatis⁶ ablatas ad euocandas gentes diuinae legis scientiam contulisti Sed et 30 tertio naufragantem pro chidem quam expugnauerate iam deuotum in elimento liquido fecisti vita[re]7 discrimen Sic

³ quod with contraction mark = quod ipse praestare, &c.

¹ exaltatum, Th., Mab., Mur., Vez. ² immaculati, Mab., N.F.

⁴ The title of the collect has not been inserted, although space had been left for it.

5 ? tum mente.

⁶ incredulitatis. 7 uita, Th., Mur.

b_b Ps. 1, 19. a_a Eph. iv, 6. c_c Gal. i, 23.

40

nobis quaesomus eius et mutationem et fidem colentibus caecitatem peccatorum fac te uidere in caelis /qui [fo. 120b] inluminasti paulum in terris et munera praesentia libens accipe quae apostuli tui praecibus tibi fiant accepta

[146]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Eus qui iustitiae legis in acordibus credentium digito tuo scribes quique in paulum hodierna die uocationis eius de caelis non atramento^a sed spiritu tuo uiuo caritatis tuae feruorem ita scribes ut proprium quassandum corpus pro eclesiae tuae tradat membris qui ipsius eclasiaet olim ro contriuerat membra. Sic nobis ipsius interuentu doctoris et fidelis magistri fraternae /caritatis sincere consor- [fo. 121a tium dona et de tuae dilectionis quam ille habuit multiplice uel unam scintillam dignare largire ut sequamur per dilectionem feruentem magistrum cuius flagrantiam² 15 in caritate frequentamus praecepta

[147]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est uere aequum et iustum est nos tibi gratias agire domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus qui ut ostenderis te omnium cupire indulgere 20 peccatis persequutorem eclesiae tuae ad unum uerbum tuae uocationis lugratus es et statim fecisti /nobis ex [fo. 121b persequutore doctorem Nam qui alienas epistulas ad destrictionem³ eclesiarum acceperat cepit suas ad restaurationem earum scribere et ut seipsum paulum factum ex saulo mon- 25 straret Repente barchitectus sapiens fundamentum posuitb ut sancta eclesia tua catholica eo aedificante gauderet a quo fuerat ante uastata Et tantus eius defensor existeret ut omnia supplicia corporis et ipsam caedem corporis non timeret Nam factus est caput eclesiae qui membra eclesiae conquassauerat caput terreni corporis /tradidit4 ut christum caput in suis omnibus membris [fo. 122a acciperet per quod etiam cuas electionis esse meruit qui eundem dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum in sui pectoris habitationem suscepit per quem maiestatem tuam 35 laudant

flamma, omn.
 flagrantia, omn.; ? flagranti.
 destructionem, Mab., N.F.
 first i and the following d, m², over erasure.

a_a Cf. 2 Cor. iii, 3, 4. b_b I Cor. iii, 10.

c Act. ix, 15.

MISSA IN CATHEDRA SANCTI PETRI APOSTULI

[148]

[PRAEFATIO]

Sollemnitatis praedicandae diem praecipue nobilem in quo fidem¹ praecellenti filius excelsi dei ori² petri monstratus est et ³in coapostulos³ interrogante de se christo quis esset /uere confessus est cum beatus bariona uoce [fo. 122b] redemtoris fide devote⁴ praelatus³ est ut⁶ per hanc petri petram bases eclesiae fixus est Ue[ne]rantes fratres dilectissimi depraecemur ut tam gloriosa laude fidem petri qui prçtulit ipse beatitudinis² auctur plebem conroboret per dominum nostrum

[149] — COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEus qui hodierna die beatum petrum poste⁸ dedisti caput eclesiae cum te ille uere confessus sit et ipse ¹⁵ a te digne praelatus sit supplices exoramus ut qui dedisti pastorem ne quid de ouibus perderis ut grex effugiat erroris† eius /intercessione quem praefecisti salui- [fo. 123a fices⁹ quod ipse praestare

[150]

POST NOMINA

DEum qui beato petro tantam potestatem discipulo contulit ut si ipse legauerit non sit alter qui soluerit et quae in terra soluerit idem¹0 caelo soluta sint Praecibus inpleremus† ut eductis a tartaro defunctorum spiritibus non praeualeant sepultis infernae¹¹ portae per crimina quas 25 per apostuli fide† uinci credit eclesia per dominum nostrum iesum christum

[151]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

CLementissime conditor qui tanta caritate succendisti discipulum ut sei¹² de naue /iactato ad te celer [fo. 123b 30 festinaret pede nudo per pelagus et uidens hanc dilectionem claues ei dans¹⁸ siderum uoces inspice suggerentium ut quicumque ex praecepto iunguntur ad osculum liuore pectoris excluso illuc per gratiam ducantur quae¹¹ caeli petrus est ianitor praesta saluator mundi 35

Ŀ	fide.		
3_	fide. —3 in coapostulis or coapostulos, N.F.		
5	? prolatus; cf. p. 86, l. 13; p. 139, l.	34.	
	? et.		
8	post te, omn.		
0	post te, omn. ? eadem; item, Mab., N.F.		
2	se, omn.		
4	aug Mah N F		

⁴ denota, Mab., N.F.

⁷ m¹: beatutudinis. 9 nos saluifices. 11 inferni, N.F.

¹¹ inferni, N.F. ¹³ dares, Mab., N.F.

[152]

CONTESTATIO

Ignum et iustum est qui diues infinitae clementiae cupioso munere plasmam tuae creaturae in tantum dignaris erigere ut uernaculo limi lpatiaris hominel de terrena claues caeli /committeris et ad iudic- [fo. 124a 5 andas tribus solium excelsae sedis in sublime conponeres Testis est dies hodierna beati petri cathedra episcopatus exposita In qua fidei merito reuelationis ²mysterium filium dei confitendo praelatus apostolos2 ordinatur In cuius confessione est fundamentum eclesiae nec aduersus hanc petram 10 portae inferi praeualenta nec serpens uestigium expraemit nec triumphum mors obtinet Quid uero beato petro diuerso sub tempore accessit laudis et gloriae quae uox quae lingua quis³/ explecit⁴ Hinc est quod mare [fo. 124b] tremulum fixo calcat uistigio et inter undas liquidas pendula 15 planta perambulat Hic ad portam speciosam contracti tendit uestigia et tactus petri 5digitos clodus5 non indigit Hinc carciratus dum dormitat christus cum ipso peruigilat et retrusus ergastulo foras procedit per angelum Hinc paraliticum erexit decubantem in lectulo ac debilitato uerbo dedit uestigiom Hinc tabitha[m] mulierem reuocauit de funere et uirtute imperanti praedare non licuit

Hinc tanta fidei /dotem⁸ inter apostulos petiit⁹ [fo. 125a ut curaret universos languores dum praeterit et cadauera uiuerent umbra salubris quae tetegit per christum dominum 25

nostrum cui merito

[I53]

POST SANCTUS

C Uscipe domine inter angelicae uoces 10 officium nostrae nostrae + quoque seruitutis obsequium per christum

[154]

POST MYSTERIUM

Aec igitur praecepta seruantes sacrosancta munera nostrae salutis offerimus obsecrantes ut inmiscerell digneris spiritum tuum sanctum supra¹² haec sollemnia ut fiat nobis legitima eucaristia in tuo filique /tui nomine et [fo. 125b] spiritus sanctus¹³ in transformatione corporis ac sanguinis domini 35

1-1 compatiens, homini, Mab., N.F.

2-2? mysterio . . . apostolis or apostolus, Mab.

3 Either some such word as calanus was omitted by the scribe when turning over the leaf, or homo must be understood.

* explicit, Th., Mur., explicet, Mab., Vez., N.F.

5-6 digito claudus, omn.

6 i added above the line.

⁸ dote, Mab., ? N.F. ⁹ praeiit, Mab., N.F. ¹¹ immittere, Mab., N.F. 7 imperante morti.

10 uocis, omn.

12 super, Mab., N.F. 13 sancti, omn.

a-a Mt. xvi. 18. MISSALE GOTHICUM.

45

nostri iesu christi unigeniti tui edentibus nobis uitam aeternam regnumque perpetuum conlatura bibituris per ipsum dominum

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM [155]

Iuino magisterio edocti et diuina insti[tu]tione formati audemus dicere ' PATER NOSTER

[156] POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

I Ibera nos aeterna pietas et uera libertas neque sinas ✓ ab inimico capi qui a te cupiunt possideri omnipotens [deus] qui uiues

[157] BENEDICTIO

[a] CUpra caelorum agmina sedens ¹toto orbe¹ terrarum pugillo concludens uotiua hoc hodierni dies [fo. 126a sollemnia celebraturos peraudi AMEN [b] Ut qui sancti patroni nostri petri tuique apostoli festa 15 colimus per eius intercessionem tibi placiamus AMEN [c] Da sacerdotum regum cunctorumque populorum semper in mente ut qui te deum uerum confitentes dicentes 3inlata nostrorum crimina3 saluantur AMEN [d] Et quemadmodum nos fecisti de sacro fonte procidere 20 puros ita nos iobeas in eterna repacula† cum sanctorum cetibus sociaret perpetuos quod ipse praestare digneris

ORDO MISSAE IN INICIUM QUADRAGIN- [fo. 126b] SIMAE

[158]

qui cum patre

Mnipotens sempiterne deus praesta ut quadraginsimale hoc ieiunium solemnem et conpetentibus inchoemus obsequiis et tibi⁴ placitis effectibus celebremus humani generis conditor et redemptor largire propicius et⁵ conti- 30 nentiam nostrae restaurationis in tuis depotatatam⁶ sincera conversationem† tractemus quod ipse praestare

¹⁻¹ totum orbem, Mab., N.F. 2-2 hoc hodierno die; hoc hodierni diei, Th., Mur., Vez.; haec hodierni diei, N.F. ³_³ inlatis criminibus, Mab. ⁵ ut, Mab.

⁴ m1: tipi. 6 deputatam, Mab., N.F.

[159]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR.

Eus abstinentiae deus castimoniae /qui [fo. 127a libenter ieiunantium humilitate placaris et humiliantium se praecibus benignus inflecteris Exaudi praeces nostras in hac hodierna die quo† quadraginsimale inchoamus ieiunium et diuersarum temptationum quibus gradimurl tempestate discussa continentiam nobis a uitiis ²tuis benignitatis² infunde saluator mundi

[160]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Fferentium nominibus recensitis qui deuota altaribus 10 munera humilitatis³ ieiunio mentis et corporis a domino depraecantur pro merito deuotae sanctificationis obteneant per

[161]

/COLLECTIO AD PACEM

[fo. 127b

20

Eus continentiae deus caritatis et pacis qui praecibus 15 humiliantium se inflecteris miserere nostri exaudi nos et diuersarum† turbinum tempestate remota pacem nobis tuae serenitatis inpertias Quam si peccatorum nostrorum nimietate perdidimus per indulgentiam tuae misericordiae consequamur per dominum nostrum iesum

[162]

IMMOLATIO MISSE

TEre dignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est Nos tibi gratias [agere] domine sancte4 pater omnipotens aeterne deus per christum dominum nostrum /qui [fo. 128a est filius tuus unigenitus manens in gloria tua in quo 25 ieiunantium fides alietur⁵ spes prouehitur caritas roboratur Ipse aest enim panis uiuus et uerus qui de caelo discendita et habitat semper in caelo qui est substantia aeternitatis et esca uirtutis Uerbum enim tuum bper quod facta sunt omniab non solum humanarum mentium sed ipsorum quoque cpanis est angelorume Huius panis alimento moyses tuus famulus quadragenta diebus et noctibus legem suscipiens⁶ ieiunauit et a carnalibus cybis ut tuae suauitatis /capatior esset abstenuit [fo. 128b]

^{1 ?} gravamur, Mab., ? quatimur, N.F.; om. Vez.
2—2 tua benignitate, Mab., Mur., N.F.
3 humiliati, Mab., N.F.
4 MS

⁵ alitur, omn.

a_a Ioh. vi, 33. c-c Ps. lxxvii, 25.

⁴ MS. sēe.

⁶ n, above the line.

b_b Ioh. i, 3.

E 2

de uerbo tuo uiuens Cuius et dulcidinem¹ uiuebat² in spiritu et lucem accipiebat in uultu Unde nec famem corporis sensit et terrenarum est oblitus escarum quia illum et gloriae tuae clarificabat aspectus et influente spiritu dei sermo pascebat Hunc panem domine nobis per hos quadraginta dies in quibus hodie quadraginsimale³ macerationem abstinentiae inchoantes ingredimur ministrare digneris Quem ut sitiamus indesinenter hortaris Cuius carne a te ipso sanctificata dum pascimur roboramur et sanguine dum hausto sicienter/ potamus⁴ abluemur per christum [fo. 129a 10 dominum nostrum per quem

[163]

POST SANCTUS

Benedictus qui uenit in nomine dominia bdeus sci[e]ntiarum qui praestat adinuentiones suas et cdisponet omnia suauiter quid ascendit super occasum dominus 15 nomen est illi cHic panis uiuus et uerus qui de caelo discendite ut daret escas esurientium immo et ipse esset esca uiuentium fiat nobis in pane fquo corda firmantur ut in uirtute panis huius per hos quadraginta dies sine inpedimento carnis et sanguinis ieiunare ualeamus Ipsum 20 panem habentes qui pauperes/pascit panibus qui [fo. 129½ moysi et heliae per quadraginta dies ieiunantibus quadraginsima dedicauit deinde etiam in suo ipse ieiunio eundem nobis numero dierum ieiuni sollemnitate signauit Ut quod ipse dominus in nostro corporis infirmitate pro nobis 25 iugiter in xl diebus explecuit distributa obseruantia uespertinis refectionibus studiamus imitare per 10qui pridie corporis refectionibus studiamus imitare corporis reference case corporis reference corporis reference corporis reference case corporis reference corporis reference corporis reference corporis reference case corporis reference corpor

[164]

POS[T]11 MYSTERIUM

A Ccepta tibi sit domine nostrae deuotionis oblatio quae et 30 ieiunium nostrum te operante /sanctificet et [fo. 130a indulgentiam nobis tuae consolationis obteneat per eum

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1 dulcedinem, omn.
2 quadraginsimalis, Mab., N.F.
5 m¹; inpidimento.
6 The final a is over o erased.
7 numerum, Mab., N.F.
8 nostri, Mab., Vez., N.F.; nostra, Mur.
1 m¹: posm.
35
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a_a Mt. xxi, 9.

c Sap. viii, 1.

c Sap. viii, 5.

c_e Ioh. vi, 50, 51.

s_g Cf. Ps. cxxxi, 15.

[165]

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

On acnoscentes domine meritum sed praec[ep]tum quia iobere dignatus es audemus dicere

[166] POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM

A Desto domine fidelibus tuis et quos caelestibus institues 5 sacramentis a terenis conserua periculis saluator mundi

[167]

POST EUCHARISTIA

Concide domine quasomus† morum nos collectionel leuari qui cum haec dona contuleris cuncta nobis 10 utilia non negabis per dominum nostrum iesum christum

[168]

CONSUMATIO MISSAE²

/U Irtutum caelestium deus qui plura praestas [fo. 130b quam petimus aut meremur Tribue quaesomus ut tua nobis misericordia conferatur quod nostrorum non habet 15 fiducia meritorum per dominum nostrum iesum christum

[169] BENEDICTIO POPULI IN IN[I]CIUM QUADRAGINSIMAE

[a] A^{D} custodiam gregis tui animarum pastor aqui dormire nescisa inuigila AMEN

[b] Et ne noctornis terroribus fatigetur inuisibile eum adtactu

sanctifica AMEN

[c] Fragilem solida⁸ Contritum eleua Inualidumque confirma /Pietate alleua Caritate aedifica [fo. 131a Castitate munda Sapientia inlumina Miseratione con- 25 serua AMEN

[d] Proficiat fidei uigilanti amoris tui perseuerantia morum[‡] temperantia misericordiae prouidentia actuum dis-

ciplina, AMEN

[e] Ut per concessa miserationis indulgentia non abicias 30 eum a promissionis tuae magnificentia sed perducas ad ueniam quem hic tibi adoptasti per gratiam AMEN PER DOMINUM

 ¹ corrections, Mab., N.F.
 2 In Christi, by a later hand at the foot of the page.
 3 m¹; soleda.

⁴ The intervals between the words represent the MS., but not the sense of the text.

a_a Cf. Ps. cxx, 4.

ITEM MISSA IEIUNII [I]

[170]

OMnipotens sempiterne deus qui nobis in observatione /ieiunii et elymosinarum simine posuisti nos- [fo. 131b trorum remedia ¹concede peccatorum¹ · quaesomus nos 5 opere mentis et corporis semper tibi esse deuotus quod ipse

[171]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Eus humanę salutis operator da nobis exercere ieiunia congruenter quibus nostrae substantiae sempiterna 10 remidia prouidisti

[172]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

DEus qui non tantum nos a carnalibus cybis sed ab ipsius animae noxiis delectationibus praecipes ieiunare Sic nobis quaesomus /indulgentiae tuae praebe sub- [fo. 132a 15 sidium ut ieiunando ab inlicitis contagiis ad superna crescamus Et nomina quae recitata sunt in caelesti pagina conscribi praecipias per

[173]·

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Oncede nobis omnipotens deus simalis exercitia sacramenti et ad intellegendum christi proficiamus archanum et affectus eius digna conuersatione sectemur ut sinceram nobis pacem tribuas per dominum nostrum iesum christum

[174]

IMMOLATIO MISS'AE

25

TEre dignum et iustum est nos tibi semper et ubique gratias /agere domine sancte pater omnipotens [fo. 132b] aeterne deus Tibi sanctificare ieiunium quod nos ab inicio saeculi seruare docuisti Magnam enim in hoc munere corporis gratiarum² contulisti quod si illa³ humani generis 30 mater interdictam sibi arborem custodisset et inmortalitatem⁴ retenuisset et patriam Sed peccatum matris antique quod inlicita ligni uetitus⁵ usurpatione commisit in nostris oramus

¹⁻¹ peccatorum, concede, Mab., Vez., N.F.

² gratiam, Mab., N.F. ⁴ final tem over erasure. 3 m1: ila. 5 uetiti, Mab., Vez., N.F.

absolue ieiuniis et qui de paradiso non abstinendo cecidimus¹ eundem² nunc ieiunando redeamus per christum dominum nostrum per quem

[175] ITEM ALIA MISSA IEIUNII [II] [fo. 133a

/DEus qui profundo consilio prospiciendo mortalibus sancta instituisti iciunia quibus corda languentium salubriter curarentur Tu animam nostram corpusque castifica corporis animacque saluator et³ acterne felicitatis benigne largitur† per coeternum

[176] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEus qui ob animarum medillam ieiunii deuotione castigare corpora praecepisti Concide quaesomus ut corda nostra ita pietatis tuae ualeant exercere mandata quatenus ab omnibus semper possimus /abstinere [fo. 133b peccatis per dominum nostrum iesum

[177] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

DEfensione tua domine quaesomus adsit humilibus et iugiter protegat in tua mise[ri]cordia confidentes 6necessariis in quibus indiget humana conditio et 6 inmortalitatis dona praeueniant et offerentium nomina recitata caelesti 20 cyrographo in libro uitae iobeas adscribi per

[178] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

U Ide quaesomus domine infirmitatem nostram et ieiunia⁷ adflictione positis celeri nobis pietati succurre ut ad superna crescamus et sinceram /nobis tribuas [fo. 134a 25 pacem per

[179] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

DIgnum et iustum est Nos tibi hic et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Et tibi sanctificare ieiunium quod nos ad animarum medilla⁸ et 30 castigationum† corporum seruare docuisti quia restrictis corporibus animae saginantur et in quo aexterior homo noster adfligitur dilatatur interiora Memento domine in hoc ieiunio

¹ m1: cecicimus.

 ² ad eundem, Mab., Vez., N.F.; the parallel passage in Bob. has eodem.
 ³ Commencement of aeterne, expunged.
 ⁴ Defensio, omn.

⁵—⁵ ut necessariis quibus, ⁷ in ieiunii, Mab., N.F.

⁶ adiuti ad. 8 medelam, omn.

a_a Cf. 2 Cor. iv, 16.

nostro miserationum tuarum quas peccatoribus pie semper ieiunantibus contulisti ut non solum a cybis sed a peccatis omnibus abstinentes grato tibi ieiunio placeamus /in quo non inueniantur uolumtates† nostrae a tua [fo. 1346 uoluntate dissimiles per christum dominum nostrum ante 5 cuius

[180] ITEM MISSA: IEIUNII [III]

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui sic hominem condedisti ut meliorem temporalibus beneficiis conpetenter instructum ad caelestia dona proueheris Praesta quaesomus ut sicut per inlicitos appetitos de indulta beatitudinis regione decidimus Sic per alimonia tuo munere distributa et transituria sustentetur humanitatis¹/et [fo. 135a amissa reparetur aeternitas per

[181] COLLECCIO

 $S^{\rm Emper}$ nos domine quaesomus continentiae² salutaris erudiat quae et nos iciunio intentos efficiat puriores et tua nobis dona conciliet per

[182] COLLECCIO ³POST NOMINA³

Tua nos domine gratia et sanctis exerciat ueneranda 20 ieiuniis et caelestibus misteriis efficiat aptiores et recitata nomina caelesti cyrographo in libro uitae iubeas adscribi per

[183] COLLECCIO ³AD PACEM³

 ${
m P}$ Raesta nobis omnipotens deus ut quia uitiis et litibus 25 /subiacit nostra mortalitas Tua per praesencia [fo. 135 ϕ ieiunia ieiunia† nos medicina purificet per caritatem sincerem† per dominum

[184] IMMOLACIO

DIgnum et iustum est Te auctorem et sanctificatorem 30 ieiunii conlaudare per quod nos liberas a nostrorum debetis peccatorum Ergo suscipe clemens ieiunancium praeces atque ut nos a malis omnibus propiciatus eripias iniquitates nostras quibus iuste adfligemur rogamus absolue per christum dominum nostrum 35

¹ humanitas, omn.

² continentia, omn.

³_3 over an erasure of about seven letters.

⁴ fo. 136a is blank.

[185] / HORACIO POST SANCTUS IN QUATRAGESIMA [fo. 136b]

Eus rerum omnium . conditur adque creatur, qui hunus . in trinitate. et trinus in . unitate. cognusceris Cuius. mag. nitudenem dif.ficiens² est lingua humana narrare; Quem sene. cessacione.proclamant.angeli sanctus; idio.nus.menime.famoli tue: ore.quidem, indigno non, tres, sanctus sed ter sanctus *preconiae uocis . attollemus* . ut consono* . modolamenum* proclamitur . ter repetitur⁶ laudacio; Ob hoc piae . tatem tuam climentisseme . domine exoramus obtada⁷ . tribuas presumta indulgias ut de tersa nube peccaminum pura et libera con- 10 sciencia tuam meriamur, obolencia⁸ conlaudare: saluator¹

/ITEM MISSA IEIUNII [IV] [fo. 137a

F1867

Oncede quaesomus domine deus noster Ut quod nobis de alimoniis ob macerationem carnis subtrahimus ieiunando ⁹uoluntate a te data iocunda⁹ conferamus pauperibus largiendo Quia tunc ieiunii obseruatio probabitur fructuosa si et corporis sensibus per continentiam castitatis¹⁰ mens nostra sit purior et conscientiam pietatis fecundet affectus

[187]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

A nobis omnipotens deus ut ieiunando a corporalibus /escis spiritu uegitati saciemur rubore† [fo. 137b et abssitinendo ab alimoniis pariterque dilictis cunctis proficiamurt in uirtute hostibus fortiores

[881]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

PRaesta nobis domine quaesomus tuae auxilium gratiae ut ieiuniis et orationibus conuenienter et deuotaet intenti mentis et corporis a uitiorum¹¹ hostibus liberemur quique ad hoc es¹² ieiunium dare dignatus ut abstinentia et castigatione macerati carnali in fide inueniamur firmi et in operibus 30 efficaces Suscipe ieiunantium praeces cum libatione/ [fo. 138a

1-1 Later addition, on a separate and smaller leaf, in cursive script, with irregular and strange punctuation. Last word: Salt. omn.

² deficiens, Mab., N.F.

³—³ praeconio uocis attollimus, Mab., N.F.

⁴ cum sono! Mab., N.F.

⁵ modulamine, if consono is retained.

⁷ optata, omn.

^{8 ?} opulentiam or beneuolentiam; omnipotentiam, Mab., N.F.
9-9 uoluntate iucunda; iocunde, Mab., N.F.
10 ? castigatis.

originally esse, but the last two letters are expunged; esse, omn. except Mab.; 40 esse with es after dignatus, N.F., is impossible.

praesenti defunctis refrigerium superistibus¹ indulgentiam donans per eam placatus Et nomina quorum sunt distincte uocata figere inscribtione² sempiterna digneris

[189]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

A Cceptum tibi sit domine quaesomus hoc sacrificium ieiunii 5 nostri quod expiando nos caritatis donum³ tuae faciat sinceritate⁴ capaces et per eam coniunctos ad promissa sempiterna perducat Cordibusque nostris ieiunii adtinuatione intentis per fraterna oscula ⁵pura tuae dilectione⁵ et proximi puritatem⁶ benignus infunde /ut a terrenis [fo. 138b ¹o iurgiis uel lesionibus cum abstinentia quiescentes propinsius caelestia, meditemur

[190]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

DIgnum et iustum est nos tibi semper gratias agere domine sanctæ† pater omnipotens aeterne deus Ut 15 modolum terrenae fragilitatis aspiciens aNon in ira tua pro nostra prauitate nos arguasa Sed inmensa clementia purifices erudias consoleris Quia cum sine te nihil possumus7 facire quod tibi sit placitum Tua nobis gratia sola praestabit ut salubre conuersatione uiuamus per 20 christum dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem

ITEM MISSA IN QUADRAGINSIMA [V]

[191]

Domine deus qui populis tuis et iuste iras- [fo. 139a ceris et clementer ignoscis Inclina aurem tuam 25 supplecationibus nostris ut qui te in ieiuniorum 8tuorum obsecratione8 totis sensibus confitemur non iudicium tuum sed indulgentiam sentiamus per

[192]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

OBlata munera superposita altario tuo domine sanctificare 30 dignare et per ea placatus peccata nostra quaesomus in die ieiunii nostri memor humanę conditionis absolue Et quicquid eorum retributione meremur auerte per dominum nostrum

1 superstitibus, omn.
2 in scriptione, Mab., N.F.
3 dono, Mab., N.F.
4 sinceritaits, Mab., N.F.
5 puram tuae dilectionis, Mab., N.F.
6 caritatem, Mab., N.F.
7 posstmus, N.F.
8—8 nostrorum observatione, Mab., N.F.

[193]

/POST NOMINA

[fo. 139b

Eus bonarum actionum et inspirator et doctor uoluptates per incdia[m] ieiunii corporalis restrictas¹ agnitionem tuam nostris cordibus tribues Da nobis fidei spei et caritatis augmentum Ut per sanctificationem ieiunii tuum in nobis sit templum quod praemio fiat aeternum Et nomina quae uocabulorum sunt pro etatibus memorata aeternitatis titulo iobeas præsignari

[194]

AD PACEM

Mnipotens et misericors deus exaudi praeces iciunantium 10 supplices et misericordiae tuae /munus [fo. 140a omni cessante fraudolentia² propitius inpende coniunctione[m] pacis omne simultate conpraessa tibi mentibus seruiamus per

[195]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ere dignum et iustum est nos tibi [semper] et ubique gratias agere omnipotens sempiterne deus qui iuste corregis³ et clementer ignoscis In utrumque miseric[o]r[s] quia nos ea lege disponis ut cohercendo perire non sinas in aeternum et parcendo4 spacium tribuas corregendi 20 per christum

MISSA IN SYMBULI TRADITIONE.

[196]

/[PRAEFATIO]

[fo. 140b

N geminas partes diem hunc excolendum conplectitur domine nostrae seruitutis famulatio ⁵ieiunio culto⁵ sacrato uel de insignibus tuis quae hodie fulserunt mirabilibus quo lazarum reduxisti post tartara cum ad uocem tuam intonantem exiliuit et quadriduani iam fetenti[s] funus uiuificans animasti uel etiam causa miraculis⁶ obstupefacta plaudens turba bethania occurrit cum palmis 30 tibi obuiam regi Exaudi nos /in hoc geminato [fo. 141a seruitutis nostrae obsequio et praesta propitius atque placatus ut animae nostrae quae tumulo sunt peccatorum con-

^{1—1?} uoluptate restricta, or accusative for ablative absolute.

2 m¹: fraudelentia.

4 pascendo, Th. (but corr. to parcendo), Mur., Vez.

5—5 ieiunii cultu, Mab., N.F.

6 miraculi, Mab., N.F.

clusae et cicatricum morbida tade¹ corruptae reuiuiscant ex tua interius² uisitatione sicut lazari uiscera a tua fuerunt animata uoce saluator

[197]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

BOne redemptor noster domine qui mansuetus mansueti ani-ad passionem redemptionis nostrae spontaneus adpropinquas cum tibi ramis arboreis certatim sternitur uia et triumphatricibus palmis /cum uoce laudis occurritur Ouaesomus maiestatem tuam [fo. 141b] diuinam ut oris nostri confessionem atque corporis in 10 ieiunii³ humiliationem libens suscipias et fructum nos uiriditatis habere concedas cum arboreis uirgis egressi Ut sicut illi in tua fuerunt obuia Ita nos te redeunte in secundo aduentu cum palmis uicturiae mereamur occurrere laeti saluator mundi

[198]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

E Cce domine de te cai[a]phae pontifices uaticinium ignarum sibi ipsi in populis est probatum ut unus occumberes pro gente ne cuncti pariter /interirent et tu [fo. 142a singulare granum in terra more[re]ris ut seges plurima nasce- 20 Supplices tibi ipsi qui pro mundi salute es hostia caesus depraecamur ut nobis de te ipsum4 ueniam dones qui te ipsum obtulisti pro nobis Et hos quos recitatio commemorauit⁵ ante sanctum altare qui in ⁶pace iam tua⁶ his sunt uinculis corporeis translati quaesomus domine ut te habeant ereptorem quem per baptissimum† meruerunt redemptorem habere Sed et si qui inter hos adstantes qui⁷ ad baptismi salutaris sacramenta praeparentur /quaesomus domine deus noster ut inbutos in fide instructos in sensu confirmatos in gratia ad percipiendam 30 plenitudinem gratiae tuae spiritus tui munere iobeas praeparare⁸ ut sancti lauacri fonte desiderato mereatur⁹ renasci quod¹⁰

```
1 tabe, Mab., Vez., N.F.; the letter d is m2 over an erased b?
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40

² m1: inturius.

³ ieiuniis, Mab., N.F.

ipso, Mab., Vez., N.F.

⁵ m¹: commemorat.

⁶_6 m1: pacem tuam, but the final letters are deleted by dots.

⁷ omit. 8 praeparari, Mab., N.F.
9 mereantur, omn.

¹⁰ quod, with contraction mark, as in No. 208.

[199]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Niuersorum ipse dominator qui conditor creaturae tuae praestanter amabilis et amator cui martha satagit maria pedes abluit cum quo lazarus rediuiuus accumbit tota nympe† domus est in amore Annue plebi¹ tuae ita se exercitare per dilectionem ut in te possit unita manere per pacem Ministra /in nobis illas lacrimas [fo. 143a quas maria de multa dilectione protulit flagrare² orationem nostram facito sicut unguentum pisticum sacris plantis infusum mariae flagrauit ut eam pacem consequamur per 10 oscula nostra in alterutrum porrecta quam consequuta est maria sui osculans³ redemptoris uistigia saluator mundi

[200]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ere dignum et iustum est Tibi domine ab omni sexu aetate et sensu dicere laudem in hac die ieiunii et 15 laudes† tuae triumphali praeconio quo ab hierosolimis et bethania occurrerunt tibi plurimae populorum cateruae una uoce perstripentes /Osianna† fili dauid Bene- [fo. 143b] dictus qui uenit in nomine domini Tibi enim cum lingua coma seruiuit arborea cum arenosa itenera ramis uiruerunt 20 conposita plebis quoque indumentum tuis plantibus⁴ sternitur nudatisque uiris uia suistitur uicturis nouo populus praestat triumphum Surget totus clamor in laude uoces clamantium penetrant templum dicentes Benedictus qui uenit in nomine domini Ecce hierusalem qualiter tibi rex tuus 25 sedens super asinum mansuetus aduenit Adueni ergo rogamus et in medium /nostri adsiste et qui nos [fo. 144a tunc reparasti per crucem per istum immolatum panem et sanguinem iterum lapsos repara ut te aduenire in nostris cordibus sentientes exeamus⁶ obuiam tui et cum supernis 30 illis uirtutibus clamemus dicentes SANCTUS

[201]

POST SANCTUS

Aec est sine fine felicitas haec est beatitudo sine termino Sic deo indesinenter herere ut ipse sit spes ipse sit requies in ipso uigilet negutium in ipso otium con- 35 quiescat Sic nobis cybum praebendum uel poculum ut quicquid praefigurauit in misteriis reddat /in [fo. 1446 praemiis per christum dominum nostrum qui pridie

¹ last letter, m¹ e, m² i.

³ m¹: occulans. 5_5 nestitur uictori, omn.

² ? fragrare, N.F. ⁴ plantis, Mab., N.F. ⁶ eamus over an erasure.

⁴⁰

[202]

POST SECRETA

Spices in caelo uultum tuum¹ pie miserator haec munera quae² semper es propinsus ad dona contemplatione oblata sanctifices naturali maiestate qui perpetue sanctus es et sancta largiris quod ipse praestare

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM [203]

TEnerabilibus informator³ praeceptis incitati munere pietatis qui mariae flentis lacrimas non spernis lazaro dignanter cognomentum fratris inponis eclesiae sobolis appellas ore gratiae coheredes tibi supplices clamamus et 10 PATER

/POST ORATIONEM DOMININICAM+ 204 [fo. 145a

Xerce liberator in nobis iuris proprii falcultatem ¹lazarum uirtute mariae pietate martha labore remufauorem plebis excitas et patris uoce concina glori- 15 omnipotens deus qui in trinitate

MISSA IN CAENA DOMINI

[205]

[PRAEFATIO]

C Acrosanctam fratres dilectissimi hodierna die inchoandae pasche sollemnitatem ac salutiferam domini- 20 cae immolationem⁵ effigiem in sacrificio spiritali christo offerente transfusam non iam in amaritudinem⁶ azimi ancque in fermento /ueteris malitiaea celebrantes sed [fo. 145b] in nouam et sinceram consparsionem inmaculatas sacris altaribus hostias offerentes omnipotentem deum per unigenitum 25 filium suum dominum nostrum iesum christum depraecequi7 haec in sacri corporis et sanguinis sui oblatione benedicere et sanctificare dignatus est lorum suorum munera oblata benedicat lorum suorum munera oblata lorum suorum munera oblata lorum suorum munera oblata lorum suorum suorum munera oblata lorum suorum munera oblata lorum suorum spiritus sancti deferentibus nuntiis odor suauitatis ascendat per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium

8 ut, Mab., N.F. 7 ut qui.

a_a Cf. I Cor. v, 8.

¹_1 Aspice uultu tuo, Mab., N.F.; but the dots over tuum may be intended to cancel that word; the dot between the last two letters of Aspices may

be intended to cancel that word; the dot between the last two letters of Aspices may signify the omission of s.? Aspice sincero uultu tuo, cf. Gall. Vet, 719, or Aspice de caelo sancto tuo, cf. p. 4, l. 13.

2 qui, Mab., Vez., N.F.

4 Lazari uirtutem, Mariae pietatem, Marthae laborem, Mab., N.F.;
Lazarum uirtute, Mariae (!) pietate, Martha (!) labore, Mur.

5 immolationis, Mab., Vez., N.F.

6 amarthadine, Mab., N.F.

[206]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Eus sanctificationum et dominus caelestium uirtutum exaudi /praeces nostras et benedictam hanc [fo. 146a plebem domini nostri iesu christi aredemtam sanguinea de sede sancta inaccessibilisb clarita[ti]s exaudi per coaeter- 5

[207]

POST NOMINA

Huersis oblationibus sacris altaribus una tamen fidei deuotione conlatis mutuae inuicem sollicitudinis uota promamus a domini pietate poscentes ut corda omnium 10 offerentum ad ostiam rationabilis1 et conplacitae sibi sanctificationis emundet et quiescentium animas in sinu abrahae collocare dignetur et in parte² °primae resurrectionis° admittat per dominum nostrum

208

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

40

Eus qui asumptum hominem euicturus³ ad [fo. 146b] caelos inter praecipua mandatorum tuorum patribus tnostris† apostulis4 reliquisti Tribue nobis famulis tuis sectatoribus eorundem per exter[ior]is hominis osculum interioris hominis pacem quod ipse

[209]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est per iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum qui suorum pedes discipolorum lenteo praecintus abluit et humilitatis exemplum transiturus eisdem de mundo reliquid magister quippe uerissimus factis in- 25 format quos monitis salutaribus frequenter instruxerat /Sed ⁵quidni mirum⁵ si praecinxit se lenteo qui [fo. 147a dformam serui accipiens habitu est inuentus ut homod Aut ⁵quidni mirum⁵ si misit aquam in peluem ut lauaret pedes discipulorum qui in terra sanguinem fudit ut inmunditiam 30 delueret peccatorum Ille itaque lenteo quo erat praecintus pedes quos lauerat tersit qui carnem⁶ qua erat indutus euangelistarum uestigia confirmauit Lauit ergo pedes discipulorum dominus quorum autem pedes extrinsecus abluebat ipsorum animas indulgentiae hysopo intrinsecus 35 expiabat O admirabile sacramentum grande/mis-[fo.147b]

¹ rationabilem; cf. p. 138, l. 22.
2 subsequently erased, p...te still visible,
4 apostolis [pacem], Mab., N.F.
5—5 ms. = quidnimirum: quid mirum, Mab., Vez., N.F.; quid nimirum,
Mur.
4—a Apoc. v, 9.
5—c Apoc. xx, 5, 6.
6 subsequently erased, p...te still visible,
4 apostolis [pacem], Mab., N.F.
6 carne, Mab., N.F.
6 Cf. I Tim. vi, 16.
6 d—d Phil. ii, 8.

terium Turbatur petrus cernens exemplum tantae humilitatis in regem¹ tantae maiestatis tremiscit pauens humanitas quia ad eius uestigia sese inclinare dignatur diuinitas Sed nisi deus ad hominem humiliatus inclinaretur ad deum homo erectus numquam leuaretur ex tunc 5 enim homo uiuentium terras coepit adpetere ex quo deus in regione mortalium humanitatis est dignatus lumen ostendere ante cuius

[210]

POST SANCTUS

Ere sanctus et iustus es domine uere magnus et pius 10 es qui filium tuum dominum nostrum iesum christum /nobis lumen ad terras ex summa caeli arce misisti [fo. 148a captiuorum corporum² redemptorem Ipse enim qui

[211]

POST SECRETA

A Gnus dei qui tollis peccata mundi Respice in nos et 15 miserere nobis Factus nobis ipse³ hostia qui sacerdos ipse praemium qui redemptor a malis omnibus quos redemisti custodi saluator

212

ANTE ORATIONEM DOMINICAM.

U Iui panis alimenta et sacri sanguinis dona sumpturi 20 dominica praece mentis† et corda firmemus Agnoscat altissimus filii sui uoce[m] et uerba christi ad aures paternas concordis populi clamor adtollat et dicat PATER

POST ORATIONEM DOMINICAM [fo. 1486

L Ibera domine libera nos ab omni malo et a fortis- 25 simis aduersariis diabulo et morte ea quae cunctis fortior est uirtutis et dexterae tuae protectione defende

214

POST COMMUNIONEM

Oncede nobis omnipotens deus ut sicut temporali caena tuae passionis reficimur ita saciare† mereamur aeterna 30

INCIPIUNT ORATIONES IN BIDUANA

[215]

A nobis domine perpetuae benedictionis munus accipere pro quibus unigenitus /tuus sputis inlitus [fo. 149a palmas accepit et colaphos qui tecum

¹ rege, Mab., Vez., N.F. ² hominum, or omit. ³ in margin, by a later hand.

[216]

ORATIO NUNC AD SEXTAM

Espice domine super hanc familiam tuam propitius pro qua dominus noster iesus christus non dubitauit manibus tradi nocentium et crucis subire tormentum per eum

[217]

ORATIO NUNC AD NONAM

Eus qui pro redemptione nostra accepisti sanguinem iesu christi Solue operam diabuli et omnes laqueos disrumpe peccati ut creaturam regenerationis nulla pulluant contagia uetustatis

[218]

ORATIO SEQUITUR

Eus a quo \cdot et iudas reatus sui proditor [fo. 149bpoenam et confessionis suae latro praemium sump-Concide nobis pie petitionis effectum Ut sicut in passione sua dominus noster iesus christus diuersa utrisque intulit suspendia¹ meritorum Ita a² nobis ablato uetustatis errore resurrectionis suae gratiam largiator per dominum

nostrum iesum

[219] ITEM ORATIONES IN BIDUANA DIE SABBATI AD SEXTAM8

Eum omnipotentem patrem et filium et spiritum sanctum 20 uniuersitatis unum creatorem in hac magna magni matutina sabbati dominici scilicet corporis requiei fratres karissimi suppliciter /dipraecamur ut qui adam [fo. 150a de profundis infernalis limi misericorditer eripuit eius filius† de luto faecis huius cui inhaesimus misericordia tantum clamantes eruat Clamamus namque et oramus aNe urguat super nos inferni puteus os suum Eruti de luto peccati ne infigamura per dominum

[220]

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

Omine christe iesu deus pie exaudi nos Et praesta 30 praecamur quae corde rogamus Et hoc rogamus ut tibi placiamus Tibi hereamus sine fine Ut semper tibi gracias agamus quia domine redimisti nos /in [fo. 150b] aeternam uitam de aeterna morte Qui discendisti in lacum

¹ stipendia, Mab., N.F.

² om., diplography.

³ ms. = se; sextam (Mab.) seems the most appropriate reading; sepulchrum or sepulturam (N.F.) would be scarcely possible in the eighth century.

a_a Cf. Ps. lxviii, 15, 16.

ut ex inferis uinctus† educeris discende nunc quoque praecamur uisceribus tuae pietatis ut ex uinculis peccatorum quibus unusquisque constringitur nos absoluas saluator1

[221] PRAEFATIO IN UESPERA PASCHE

Omini graciam² per aquam et spiritum renati Et per multiplicem paternae dileccionis prouisionem innumeris laqueis abstracti huius diuinae dignacionis auctorem dominum aincensu uespertinae praecis sacrificioa Et in caelesti patina /per spiritum erecto Et igne illo [fo. 151a 16] quem ipse bin nobis accendi desideratb sollempniter assato praecariis affectibus fratres karissimi dipraecimor ut totius uitae crimina et cotidiane erroris maculas et humanae fragilitatis debita in anni³ septimanae dierum quadraginta ac sepulti corporis sui sabbato nobis concedat 15 Nos quoque in numero ueri israhelis aegypto egredi faciat et inimicis percussis in unam eclesiam⁴ catholicę domum pacis⁵ domini celebrantis† agni inmaculati sanguine corporum nostrorum postibus aspersis /in istius noctis uenerabilis [fo. 151b] sollempnitatem⁶ uastatura⁷ mundum morte defendat orantibus 20 nobis per dominum

222

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

Hriste iesu in uespera mundi 8uespertino sacrificio8 per crucem effectu9 dignare nos noua corpori tuo fore sepulchra saluator

PRAEFACIO AD INICIO+ NOCTIS SANCTAE PASCHAE

[223] Uctorem lucis principem luminis inspectorem cordis credencium redemptorem fratres dilectissimi cunc- 30 tis confessionibus ueneremur ut uergente die uoces rugitus exaudiat Et superuenientem caliginem noctis /luminis sui splendore inlustret Ne sit in nobis ulla temptandi [fo. 152a] uexandique occasio tenebrarum Sit noster defensor qui

est uerae lucis indultor ut semper simus in lumine eius qui christum dominum nostrum gloriamur auctorem per

¹ Merovingian script.

^{3 ?} fine, Mab.; cf. p. 97, l. 18.

⁵ pascha, N.F.
7 ? a uastatura.

^{9 ?} effecte; effectus, Mab., Vez., N.F.

² gratia, Mab., Vez., N.F.

⁴ ecclesiae. 6 sollemnitate, Mab., Vez., N.F.

⁸_8 uespertinum sacrificium, Mab., N.F. 40

a_a Cf. Ps. cxl, 2.

b_b Cf. Luc. xii, 49.

[224]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

REge nos domine per alternas temporum uices Et conserua nos per dispares dierum ac noctium successiones Ut adiuti sanctorum tuorum praecibus qui diem hunc per munus misericordiae tuae duximus Noctem quoque tibi animarum et corporum puritatem¹ istam placitam¹ ducamus per resurgentem a mortuis dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

BENEDICCIO CERAE BEATI AUGUSTINI [fo. 152b] EPISCOPI QUAM ADHUC DIACONUS CUM 10 ESSET EDIDET ET CAECINIT

[225]

Xultet iam angelica turba caelorum Exultent diuina mysteria Et pro tanti regis uicturia tuba intonet Gaudeat se tantis illius inradiata fulgoribus Et 15 aeterni regni² splendore lustrata³ totius urbis⁴ se senciat amisse⁵ caliginem Laetetur et mater eclesia tanti luminis adornata fulgore et magnis populorum uocibus haec aula Quapropter adstantibus uobis fratres karissimi ad tam miram sancti huius /luminis clari- [fo. 153a 20 tatem Una mecum quaeso dei omnipotentis misericordiam Ut qui me non meis meritis intra sacerdotum dignatus est adgregare Luminis sui gracia infundente caerei huius laudem implere praecipiat resurgentem filium suum? 25

CONSECRACIO CAERE

Ignum et iustum est Uere quia dignum et iustum est inuisibilem deum omnipotentem patrem filiumque eius8 unigenitum dominum nostrum iesum christum toto cordis ac mentis affectu et uocis ministerio personare nobis aeterno patri adae debitum soluit et ueteris piacoli caucionem pio cruore detersit /Haec sunt enim [fo. 153b] festa paschalium9 in quibus uerus ille agnus occiditur eiusque sanguis postibus consecratur in qua primum patres nostros filios israhel educens de aegypto rubrum mare

40

¹⁻¹ placita puritate, Mab., N.F. (as in the MS. Paris, B.N. lat. 9426 (Echternach).

² regis, Mab., N.F.
4 orbis, Mab., N.F.
5 nunserum, Mab., N.F.
6 nunerum, Mab., N.F.
7—7 Merovingian script.
7 paschalia, Mab., N.F.

inlustrata, Mab., N.F.
 amisisse, Mab., N.F.; amsisse (!) Vez.

sicco uestigio transire fecisti Haec igitur nox est quae peccatorum tenebras columnae inluminacione purgauit Haec nox est quae hodie per universum mundum in christo credentes a uiciis saeculi segregatos et caligine peccatorum reddit graciae sociat sanctitate¹ Haec nox est in qua distructis uinculis mortis christus ab inferis uictor ascendit Nihil enim nasci profuit nisi redimi profuisset O mira /circa nos tuae pietatis dignacio [fo. 154a O instimabilis² dileccio caritatis ut seruum redimeris filium tradidisti O certe necessarium adae peccatum quod re christi morte deletum est O filex+ culpa quae talem ac tantum meruit habere redemptorem O beata nox quae sola meruit scire tempus et hora[m] in qua christus ab inferis resurrexit Haec nox est de qua scriptum est aEt nox ut dies inluminabitur Et nox inluminacio mea in diliciis 15 meisa Huius igitur sanctificacio noctis Fugat scelera Culpas leuat³ Reddit innocenciam lapsis Et maestis laeticiam Fugat odia /Concordia parat Et [fo. 154b] curuat imperia In huius igitur noctis gracia suscipe sancte pater incensi huius sacrificium uespertinum quod tibi 20 in hac caerei oblacione sollempni per ministrorum tuorum manus de operibus apum sacrosancta reddit eclesia Sed iam columnae huius praeconia nouimus quam in honore dei rutilans ignis accendit Qui licet diuisus in partes mutuati luminis detrimenta non nouit Alitur liquantibus 25 caeris quam in substancia praeciosae huius lampadis apis mater eduxit Apis ceteris quae subiecta sunt homini animantibus antecellit Cum sit minima /corporis [fo. 155a paruitate ingentis† animos angusto uersat in pectore Uiribus inbecilla sed fortis ingenio Haec4 exflorata5 tem- 30 porum uicem⁶ cum caniciem proinosa hiberna posuerint Et ⁷glacialem senio⁷ uerni temporis moderata deterserit⁸ Statim prodeundi ad laborem cura succedit Disperseque per agros libratim⁹ paulolum pinnibus¹⁰ cruoribus¹¹ suspensis insedunt¹² partem ore legere flosculos 35 oneratis¹³ uictualibus suis ad castra remeant Ibique aliae inaestimabili arte cellolas tenaci glutino instruunt Aliae liquencia mella stipant Aliae uertunt flores in caera† Aliae ore natus† fingunt /Aliae collectis e [fo. 1556

¹ sanctitati, Mab., Vez., N.F.

⁸ lauat, Mab., N.F.

⁶ vice, omn., but the Gellone sacramentary has vicem.
7—7 glaciale senium, Mab., N.F.
8 deterserint, Mab., N.F.
10 pinnis.

¹¹ cruribus, Mab., N.F. 18 oneratae, Mab., N.F.

² inaestimabilis, Mab., N.F. 4 Huic. 5 explorata, omn.

¹² insidunt; ? insident, Mab.

a_a Ps. cxxxviii, 11-12.

foliis nectar includunt O uere beata et mirabilis apis cuius nec sexum masculi uiolant faetus non quassant nec filii distruunt castitatem Sicut sancta concepit uirgo maria Uirgo peperit et uirgo permansit O uere beata nox quae expoliauit aegyptios ditauit hebreos Nox in qua 5 terrenis caelestia iunguntur Oramus te domine ut caereus iste in honore nominis tui consecratus ad noctis huius caliginem distruendam indeficiens perseueret in odorem suauitatis acceptus supernis luminaribus misceatur Flammas eius lucifer matutinus inueniat /ille inquam [fo. 155*a 10 lucifer qui nescit occasum ille qui regressus ab inferis humano generi serenus inluxit Praccamur ergo domine ut nos famulos et famulas tuas omnem clerum et deuotissimum populum una cum patre nostro beatissimo uiro illo quietem¹ temporum concessa in his paschalibus 15 gaudiis conseruare digneris per resurgentem a mortuis dominum nostrum filium tuum

[226] COLLECCIO POST BENEDICCIONE CERE

SAncte domine omnipotens deus qui ad nostram² contemplacionem tenebrarum haec in mundi huius obscuro 20 luminaria emicare iussisti Praesta ut dum ad illum aeternitatis diem et unigeniti tui properamus occursum /ad hanc interim quam tenebris praeparasti lucer- [fo. 155*b nam dum nox ista transcurritur sine peccatorum offendiculo ambulemus per resurgentem 25

[227] COLLECCIO POST HYMNUM CAERE

DEus templum ignis aeterni deus uere lucis habitaculum deus sedis perpetuae claritatis Uota tibi domine sollempnia diei consummacionis et noctis inchoacionis celebrantes ac luminibus altaris tui incensis temporarium 30 lumen offerentes ut famulis et famulabus tuis uerum ac perenne lumen largiaris oramus per resurgentem

ORACIONES PASCHALIS DUODECIM CUM TOTIDEM COLLECCIONIBUS

/ORACIO PRO GRACIARUM ACCIONE [fo. 156a 35

EXpectatum fratres karissimi et desideratum nobis paschae diem adepti gracias agamus omnipotenti deo patri quod nos in hanc eandem diem per filium suum

[228]

¹ quiete, omn,

dominum nostrum iesum christum quem pro nobis hostiam dedit in sälutem aeternam uocauit Ob hoc fideli graciarum actione laudemus benedicamus honorificemus benedictum et beatum nomen dei patris in filio filique in patre et spiritu sancto in saecula saeculorum

[229]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

SAncte domine omnipotens pater exaudi tuere ac sanctificare¹ plebem tuam /praemonitam² signo [fo. 156b crucis Baptismate purificatam Crismate delibutam quos ad celebrandam praesentis sollemnitatis beatitudinem 10 congregasti uniuersisque noticiam tui participacionem sancti spiritus propicius infunde per

ORACIO PRO EXSULIBUS PREFACIO

[230]

Nianimes et unius corporis in spiritu dei patris 15 omnipotentis domini misericordiam dipraecimor pro fratribus et sororibus nostris Captiuitatibus³ elongatis Carceribus detentis metallis deputatis Ut eis dominus adiutor protector et consolator existat Neque deesse sibi reputet eos qui 4fideli in se4 innocencia perseuerant 20

[231]

/ORACIO SEQUITUR

[fo. 157a

TRibue domine relegatis patriam uinctis absolucionem captiuis libertatem Ut plebs tua et in hoc saeculo et in futuro misericordie tuae munere liberetur per

ORACIO PRO SACERDOTIBUS

[232] PRĘFACIO

I N sanctorum sancta admissi et altaris c

IN sanctorum sancta admissi et altaris caelestis sacerdocii aeterni participes effecti dei patris omnipotentis misericordiam dipraecimor ut sacerdotes suos ac ministros donis repleat spiritalium graciarum

[233] ORACIO SEQUITUR

Domine deus uirtutum iustifica et sanctifica pastores et prepositos ouium tuarum. Ut aduersarius noster diabulus fide eorum et sanctitate superatus /con- [fo. 1576 35 tingere dominicum gregem ac uiolare non audeat per resurgentem.]

3 ? Captinitate.

¹ sanctifica, Mab., N.F.

² praemunitam, N.F. (rightly). ⁴—⁴ fideles (or fideliter) in.

ORACIO PRO UIRGINIBUS PRAEFACIO

[234]

I Ncorruptae aeternitatis deum et inuiolabilis naturae dominum unianimiter dipraecimor Orantes pro fratribus nostris qui gloriosam uirginitatem corpore ac mente suouerunt uti eos usque ad consummacionem propositi sui misericordiae spiritus prosequatur per

[235]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

 $R^{\rm Espice\,domine\,uirgines\,sacras} \quad {\rm et\,spadones\,uoluntarius}^{\dagger}_{\rm id\,est\,præciosas^1\,eclesiae\,margaritas} \quad {\rm ut\,corpora\,eorum\,\,ro\,}_{\rm ac\,spiritum\,} \quad {\rm inlaesa\,\,castitatis\,\,consciencia} \quad {\rm pari\,\,exaestima-cione\,\,custodiant} \quad {\rm per\,\,resurgentem}$

ORACIO PRO AELYMOSINAS FACIENTIBUS PRAEFACIO

[236]

/S Anctum ac benedictum retribucionis deum [fo. 158a 15 unianimis² fratres dilectissimi oracione dipraecimor obsecrantes pro fratribus et sororibus nostris quorum ministerio atque sumptu inopiam non senciunt qui in eclesia sunt indigentes Ut isdem dominus spiritalis† diuicias communicet qui fidelium animarum inopiae saecularis 20 substanciae participant facultatem per resurgentem

[237]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

Plis seruorum tuorum praecibus annue³ misericors domine ut quicumque praeceptorum caelestium memores pauperibus tuis que sunt necessaria subministrant incorruptibili et caelesti gloria ⁴miseracionis tuae et⁴ misericordie coronentur per

[238]

/ORACIO PRO PEREGRINANTIBUS [fo. 158*b*

Aelestium et terrestrium et infernorum dominum 30 deum patrem omnipotentem fratres dilectissimi dipraecimor obsecrantes uti fratres nostros ac sorores quicumque peregrinacionum necessitatibus subiacent omnipotens deus auxilio suo comes adiutor reducat ac protegat

1 m1: praciosas.

³ The scribe began to write anu.

² unianimes, Mab., Vez., N.F. ⁴—⁴ miseratione tuae.

[239]

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

 $R^{\rm Estitue}$ domine peregrinis desideratum patriae solum ut contemplacionem misericordiae tuae dum ad praesens agunt beneficiis tuis gracias aciues esse sanctorum ac tui domesticia concupiscant presta per resurgentem

ORACIO PRO INFIRMIS

[240]

PRAEFACIO

I Niuersae salutis deum et uniuersae uirtutis [fo. 159a dominum dipraecimor pro fratribus et sororibus nostris qui secundum carnem diuersis aegretudinum 10 generibus insultantur ut his dominus caeleste medicinae suae munus indulgeat per

[241]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

DOmine cui uiuificare mortuos facile est Restitue aegrotantibus ²pristinae sanitati² ne terreni medicaminis 15 remedia desiderent quicumque medillam caelestis misericordiae tuae diprecantur per resurgentem

ORACIO PRO PAENITENTIBUS

[242]

[PRAEFACIO]

Confitentes bonitatis ac misericordiae deum qui bpec- 20 catorum /mauult paenitenciam quam mortemb [fo. 1596] Communicatis praecibus ac fletibus pro fratribus ac sororibus nostris domini misericordiam dipraecimor uti eos peccati sui crimina confitentes a bonitatis suae uenia non repellat per

[243]

ORACIO SEOUITUR

REx gloriae qui non uis mortem peccatoris sed ut con-uertatur et uiuat Da nobis peccatorum labe pollutis paenitenciam simul ut effere cum flentibus et dolentibus et cum gaudentibus gaudirec possimus per resurgentem

ORACIO PRO UNITATE PRAEFACIO

[244]

Num deum patrem ex quo omnia sunt et unum dominum nostrum iesum christum per quem omnia

30

¹ contemplatione, Mab., Vez., N.F.

²⁻² pristinam sanitatem, Mab., N.F. 35

a_a Eph. ii, 19. c_c Rom. xii, 15.

b_b Cf. Ezek. xviii, 23, xxiii, 11. d I Cor. viii, 6.

/fratres karissimi dipraecimor ut unitatem eclesiae [fo. 160a suae concordi congregacionis nostrae uoluntatem¹ confirper resurgentem filium suum

[245]

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

Omnipotens domine qui es adeus bonitatis et totius 5 consolacionisa te supplices dipraecamur ut hereticus† et infidelis† a perpetuis gehennae ignibus manifestacione tuae ueritatis eripias quoniam uis bomnis hominis saluos fieri et ad agnicione m l'ueritatis uenire per

> ORACIO PRO PACE REGUM PREFACIO

IO

Ominum dominancium et regem regnancium fratres karissimi oracione unianimes diprecimor ut nobis populo suo pacem regum tribuere dignetur /ut mitigatis [fo. 160b] eorum mentibus requies nobis congregacionis istius perse- 15 ueret per

[247]

[246]

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

CArnis spirituum totius sator cunctorumque regnorum mundialium³ indultor Da regum culmine³ religi[o]nis prosperitatem et pacis ut nobis regno tuo caelesti in terris 20 adhuc positis liberius liceat deseruire per resurgentem

> ORACIO PRO SPIRITIBUS PAUSANCIUM PRAEFACIO

[248]

Eum iudicem uniuersitatis deum caelestium⁴ et terrestrium et infernorum fratres dilectissimi 25 dipraecimor pro spiritibus carorum nostrorum qui nos⁵ in dominica pace praecesserunt ut eos dominus in requiem collocare⁶ /et in dparte primae resurreccionis^d resuscitet [fo. 161a

[249]

ORACIO SEQUITUR

I Esu christe uita et resurreccio nostra dona consacerdotibus et caris nostris qui in tua pace requiuerunt⁷ exoptatae mansionis refrigerium et si qui ex his daemonum fraude decepti errorum se multis maculis polluerunt Tu

b_b 1 Tim. ii, 4. a_a Cf. 2 Cor. i, 3. c_c Apoc. xix, 16. d_d Apoc. xx, 5, 6.

 ¹ voluntate, Mab., N.F.
 2 mundalium, Mur.
 3 culmini,
 4 The scribe began: caelestu.
 5 non (!), Mur.
 6 collocet, Mab., or supply [dignetur], N.F.
 7 requieuerunt, Mab., N.F. 3 culmini, omn. 35

qui solus potens es peccata eorum concede ut quos dampnacionis suae participes diabulus gloriabatur effectus† esse per misericordiam tuam socius† tuae beatitudinis ingemiscat saluator

ORACIO PRO CATICUMINIS PRAEFACIO

5

[250]

fratrum nostrorum karissimi unianimes Raecem spei adiuuemus uti dominus omnipotens /ad fontem [fo. 161b eos beatae regeneracionis suae euntes omnis1 misericordiae suae auxilio spiritus² prosequatur

[251]

COLLECCIO SEQUITUR.

Reator omnium domine et fons aquae uiuae lauacrum baptismi peccata eorum dele quibus iam donasti resurreccionis fidem ut mortem huius saeculi non timeant Reple eos spiritu sancto ut aformari in illis 15 christuma ac uiuire† glorientur per

AD CHRISTIANUM FACIENDUM

[252]

Omine dignare benedicere huius infancia⁴ famulo tuo illo quoniam nec 5condicionem quicquam⁵ nec aetate depel- 20 litur dicente dilectissimo filio tuo 6dominum nostrum6 bNolite prohibere infantes /uenire ad meb Hic7 [fo. 162a enim domine antequam bonum aut malum sciant crucis tuae siggella⁸ signentur et ⁹quae indiget dietatem⁹ sacrist nominis tui baptismum percipere mereantur ¹⁰per dominum¹⁰

a-a Cf. Gal. ii, 20, iv, 19.

b_b Mt. xix, 14.

¹ omnes, Mab.; ? omni, N.F.

³ The MS. has qui per, but qui is deleted by points, hence it is unnecessary to read deles (omn.) for dele.

^{4 ?} infantiam or huic infanti; infantiae, Mab., N.F.

⁵_5 conditione quisquam, Mab., N.F.

^{7 ?}His; Hi, Th., Mab., Vez., N.F.
8 sigilla, Mur., sigillo, Mab., Vez., N.F.
9 qui indigent pietate or aetate, Mab.; qui indigent aetate aa sacri nominis tui confessionem, baptismum, N.F.; ? qua indigent.

¹⁰_10 in large Merovingian script.

5

[253]

ITEM COLLECCIO

A Ccipe signaculum christi Suscipe uerba diuina Inluminare uerbum¹ domini quia hodie confessus es a ²per dominum² christo

[254]

ITEM COLLECCIO

CIgno te in nomine patris et filii et spiritus sancti ut sis christianus Oculos ut uideas claritatem dei audias uocem domini Nares ut odoris suauitatem christi Conuersus³ ut confitearis patrem et filium et spiritum sanctum

Cor ut credas trinitatem inseparabilem /pax [fo. 162b 10 tecum per iesum christum dominum nostrum qui cum patre et filio4 et spiritu sancto uiuit

COLLECCIO AD FONTES BENEDICENDOS

[255]

[PRAEFACIO]

CTantes fratres karissimi super ripam uitrigi⁵ fontes† 15 nouos homines ⁶adduc eis⁶ de terra litori⁷ mercatores⁸ sua conmercia singuli nauigantes pulsent mare nouo⁹ non uirga sed cruce non tactu sed sensu non baculo sed sacramentum† Locus¹⁰ quidem paruus sed gracia plenus Bene gubernatus¹¹ est ¹²spiritus sanctus¹² Oremus ergo dominum 20 et deum nostrum ut sanctificet hunc fontem ut omnes qui discenderint in hanc¹³ fontem faciat¹⁴ eis lauacrum beatissimi¹⁵ regeneracionis in remissione omnium peccatorum 16per dominum16

[256]

/COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

[fo. 163a 25

Eus qui iordanin fontem pro animarum salutem sanctificasti discendat super aquas his¹⁷ angelus benediccionis tuę Ut quibus perfusi famuli tui accipiant remissionem peccatorum ac arenati ex aqua et spiritu sancto^a deuoti tibi seruiant in aeternum ¹⁶per dominum¹⁶

2-2 in large Merovingian script. 1 uerbo, Mab., N.F. Linguam conversus, Mab., Vez., N.F.; Os versus, Martene. subsequently erased, but the two et remain. victricis, vicinfici; victrici, Mab., Vez., N.F.

6_6 adducitis, N.F.

7 laturi, N.F.

9 nouum, Mab., N.F.

11 m¹: Benedi, corrected.

13 hunc, Mab., Vez.

14 fiat.

16 — 16 in large Merovingian script.

8 mercaturos, Mab., Vez. 10 Locum, Mur.

12_12 spiritu sancto, N.F. 15 baptismi ; cf. p. 76, l. 33.

a_a Ioh. iii, 15.

[257]

CONTESTACIO

Ignum et iustum est domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus iniciatur† sanctorum crismatum et noui per unicum filium tuum dominum et deum nosindetur¹ sacramenti qui portantibus aquis spiritum ante diuiciae² mundi largires sanctum bethsaidas aquas angelum⁸ medicante procuras iordanis alueum /christo filio tuo dignante sanctificas Respice domine super has aquas quit praeparatae sunt ad delenda hominum peccata angelum pietatis tuae sacris fontibus adesse dignare uite prioris⁵ abluat tui⁶ procurans paruum habitaculum sanctificet regenerandorum uiscera aeterna floriscat7 et uere baptismatis nouitas reparetur Benedic domine deus noster hanc creaturam aque et discendat super eam uirtus tua desuper infunde spiritum tuum sanctum paraclytum angelum ueritatis Sanctifica domine huius latecis undas sicut sanctificasti fluenta iordanis ut qui in hanc⁸ /fontem [fo. 164a discenderint in nomine patris et filii et spiritus sancti peccatorum ueniam et sancti spiritus infusionem sequi mereantur per dominum nostrum iesum christum qui est benedictus aput patrem et spiritum9 sanctum omnia saecula saeculorum

Deinde facis cruce[m] de crisma et dicis

[258]

E Xorcizo te creatura aquae Exorcizo te omnes exercitus diabuli Omnes potestas aduersariae† Omnes umbra daemonum Exorcizo te in nomine domini nostri iesu christi nazarei qui incarnatus est in maria uirgine cui aomnia subiecit pater in caelo et in terra Time et treme 30 tu et omnis malicia tua /Da locum 10 spiritum [fo. 164 b sanctum 10 ut omnis qui discenderint in hanc 11 fontem fiat eis lauacrum baptismi regeneracionis in remissione omnium peccatorum per dominum nostrum iesum christum

qui uenturus est bin sedem maiestatis patris suib cum 35 sanctis angelis suis iudicare te inimice et saeculum per ignem in saecula saeculorum

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1 inditor, Mab., N.F.
2 inilia (cf. Gen. i, 2); divitias, Mab., N.F.
4 quae, Mab., Vez., N.F.
6 prioris maculas, Mab., N.F.
7 florescant, Mab., N.F.
10_10 m1: spiritus; spiritui sancto, Mab., N.F.
11 hunc, Mab., Vez.
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a 1 Cor. xv, 27. b.—b Mt. xix, 28.

Deinde insufflas aqua[m] per tres uices et mittis crisma in modum crucis et dicis

[259]

Nfusio crismae salutaris domini nostri iesu christi ut fiat fons aque salientis cunctis discendentibus in eal in uitam 5 aeternam amen

Dum baptizas interrogas 2ei et2 dicis

[260]

PAptizo te illum in nomine /patris et filii et [fo. 165a spiritus sancti in remissionem peccatorum ut habeas 10 uitam aeternam amen

> Dum crisma eum tangis dicis

[261]

DErungo te crisma sanctitatis Tonicam³ inmortalitatis qua[m] dominus noster iesus christus traditam a 15 patre primus accepit ut eam integram et inlibatam perferas ante tribunal christi et uiuas in saecula saecu-

> Dum pedis eius lauas dicis

[262]

E Go tibi lauo pedis sicut dominus noster iesus christus Tu facias hospitibus et peregrinis ut habeas uitam aeternam

Dum uestimentum ei⁴ inponis dicis

[263]

A Ccipe uestem candidam quam inmaculatam perferas 🚺 /ante tribunal domini nostri iesu christi 💎 amen⁵, ⁹ [fo. 165*b*

COLLECCIO

fratres karissimi dominum et deum nostrum pro aufetis⁶ suis quo⁷ modo baptizati sunt ut 30 cum in maiestate sua saluator aduenerit cuius8 regenerauit ex aqua et spiritu sancto faciat eos ex aeternitate uestire salutem ⁹per dominum⁹

40

20

²_2 et ei. 1 eam; eo, Mab. 3 Mab. and N.F. suppose there is some lacuna before tunicam (Vez., N.F. 35 suggest induo te or induere).

⁴ om. Vez.

⁶ neophytis, Mab., N.F.
8 quos, Mab., N.F. 9-9 large Merovingian script.

⁵ om. omn. 7 qui, Mab., N.F.

[265]

ITEM ALIA

¹BAptizatis et in christo coronatis quos dominus noster a crisma petentibus¹ regeneracione donare dignatus est praecamur omnipotens deus ut baptismum quod acceperunt inmaculatum ipsum perferant usque in finem ²per dominum²

MISSA IN UIGILIIS SANCTAE PASCHAE

[266]

[PRAEFACIO]

SAcrosanctae noctis istius gracia tenebris saecu- [fo. 166a laribus liberati et ad iusticiae atque lucis caelestis graciam promissam electi omnipotentis dei patris infatigabilem bonitatem per christum filium eius fratres dilectissimi dipraecimor ut eclesiam suam sanctam catholicam defusam† per orbem terrarum quam sibi amantissimi filii sui passione et gloriosissimo sanguine conquesiuit iuge maiestatis suae proteccione custodiat atque contra omnes mundi insidias tutam defensamque concedat ac prestet. ei tempora tranquilla in perpetuum *per resurgentem*

/[267]

COLLECCIO

[fo. 166b 20

 ${\overset{a}{R}} {\overset{Edimisti~nos^a}{nis}} {\overset{et~sanguinem~crucis.}{deta}} {\overset{per~lauacrum~regeneracio-ut~illa~caro~quae~prius~in~adam~mortalis~fuerat~effecta}{per~passionem~maiestatis} {\overset{et~sanguinem~crucis.}{deta}} {\overset{et~san$

[268]

POST NOMINA

cro sacrooro spiri-

30

Remus pro his qui offerunt munera domino deo nostro sacrosancta spiritalia pro se et pro caris suis et pro spiritibus carorum suorum in commemoracione sanctorum martyrum ut dominus deus noster preces illorum clementer exaudire dignetur per resurgentem

[269]

AD PACEM

Conple domine uota supplecum exaudi gem[it]us peccatorum /bosculetur nos ab osculo oris suib [fo. 167a pacis magister et conditor ut in nobis hoc recipientibus holocaustum pacem quam speramus habeamus per

1—1? Bapt, cr. p. e. i. ch. c. q. d. n.; a letter (?a) has been erased before quos. 2—2 large Merovingian script.

a_a Apoc. v, 9.

b_b Cant. i, I.

[270]

IMMOLACIO

Ignum et iustum est aequum et iustum est Nos tibi hic et ubique gracias agere Tibi laudes dicere et hostias immolare et confiteri misericordias tuas domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus aquoniam magnus es tu et faciens mirabilia^a Tu es deus solus Tu ^bfecisti caelos in intellectub Tu formasti¹ terram super aguas °Tu fecisti luminaria magna solem in potestatem diei /lunam et stillas in potestate[m] noctisc dTu fecisti [fo. 167b] nos et non ipsi nos^d eopera manuum tuarum non omittase fTuus est dies et tua est noxf gin die enim mandasti misericordiam tuam et in nocteg declarasti quam hodiernis uigiliis in luminis huius festiuitate celebramus Haec est enim nox salutarium conscia sacramentorum nox in qua ueniam peccatoribus praestas de ueteribus hominibus nouos 15 effecis de senibus effectis2 maturos reddes infantes in nouam creaturam renatos de sacro fonte producis nocte in aeternum diem renascentes populi pro/cre- [fo. 168a antur regni caelestis atria reserantur et beata lege conmerciis diuinis humana mutantur Haec est enim nox illa quae facta est hin diliciis in qua maxime idilectasti nos domine in factura tuai Nox in qua inferna patuerunt nox in qua absolutus est adam nox in qua kinuenta est dragma quae perieratk Nox in qua boni pastoris humeris ¹reportata est oues nox in qua diabulus occubuit et msol iusticiae 25 christus exortus est et solutis inferni nexibus claustrisque perfractis ⁿmulta sanctorum corpora de erumpencia intrauerunt in sanctam ciuitatemn /quae sola meruit scire tempus et [fo. 168b beata nox hora[m] qua christus resurrexit de qua iam in psalmo fuerat 30 prophetatum Quia onox ut dies inluminabituro Nox in qua exorta est resurreccio in aeternum Te enim omnipotens deus creaturarum pcaelestium multitudo etp innumerabilis angelorum chori sine cessacione proclamant sanctus 35

[271]

POST SANCTUS

Uo iussu domine condita sunt uniuersa qin caelo et in terra in mari et in omnibus abysisq Tibi patri-

1	2	firmasti,	NE
-	6	prmastr,	IN. I'.

2 effetis, Mab., N.F.

a_a Ps. lxxxv, 10.	b_b Ps. схххv, 5.
d_d Ps. xcix, 3.	e_e Ps. cxxxvii, 8.
g_g Ps. xli, 9.	h Ps. cxxxviii, 11.
k_k Luc. xv, 8.	¹ Luc. xv, 5.
n_n Mt. xxvii, 52, 53.	°—° Ps. cxxxviii, 12.

c__c Gen. i, 14-16. f_f Ps. lxxiii, 16. i...i Ps. xci, 5.

m Mal. iv, 2.

p.—p Cf. Luc. ii, 13.

n-n Mt. xxvii, 52, 53. q_q Ps. cxxxiv, 6.

archae prophetae apostuli martyres confessores atque omnes sancti gratias agunt quod et nos facientes has hostias spiritales et sincera libamina ut libens exaudias¹ Te oramus uti hoc sacrificium /dipraecamur tua benediccione benedicas et spiritus sancti tui rore perfundas ut sit omnibus legitima eucharistia per christum qui pridie dominum nostrum

COLLECCIO AD PANIS FRACCIONUMT

REspice ad hanc oblacionem omnipotens deus quam tibi offerimus in honorem nominis tui pro salute regum 10 et exercitu eorum et omnium circumadstancium praesta ut qui ex ea sumpserint accipiant sanitatem menintegritatem corporis tutellam salutis intellectum securitatem spei corroboracionem fidei ²praesta per eum qui tecum uiuit 15 aeternitatem spiritus sancti et regnat2 8

/MISSA PRIMA DIE SANCTUM⁴ [fo. 169b PASCHAE

[273] COLLECCIO POST PROPHETIA

/CUmmeomnipotens deus qui acornum † salutis nostrae [fo. 170a 20 in crucis tuae mysterium⁵ extulisti ut nos in domo dauid pueri tuia regali fastigio sublimaris in quo etiam trifario titulo trinitatis nobis unitas manifestata clariscens ostenditur Saluator nempe in hominem⁶ Sacerdos quippe in Rex scilicet secundum carnem ex genere tuae supplices prosternimus maiestati bper lauacrum regeneracionesb in tuo nomine prestist etiam /in esanctitate et [fo. 170b] secrare dignatus es iusticia tibi domino seruientesc unanimitatem fidei per infusionem spiritus tui sancti inuiolabiliter custodire ac per duiam pacis liberis gressibus properantes caelestia regna conscendere per resurgentem

POST PRECEM 274

in eclesia tua Eus qui euulsis supersticionum spinis plantaria fidei alta radice posuisti exaudi praecem 35

¹ At foot of page rag by a slightly later hand.

in te at foot of page by a later hand.
mysterio, Mab., N.F.

a_a Cf. Luc. i, 69. c_c Cf. Luc. i, 75.

²—² large Merovingian script.

⁴ sancto, Mab., N.F.

⁶ A later hand has inserted d(?m) (= dele m); homine, omn.

b_b Tit. iii, 5. d Luc. i, 79.

familiae tuae arespice de caelo et uide et uisita uineam istama et praesta ut te inrigante fructum accipiat in ubertate quae te plantantem¹ incrementum accipit in germine per resurgentem

[275]

APOLOGIA SACERDOTES²

A Nte tuae inmensitatis conspectum et ante tuae [fo. 171*a* ineffabilitatis oculos o maiestas mirabilis silicet ante tuos sanctos uultus magne deus et maxime pietatis et potestatis omnipotens pater quamlibet non sine debita attamen nulla officii dignitate uilis admodum 10 praecator³ accedo et reus conscienciae testis adsisto quidne rogabo quod non mereor Atne pie non sine dei pace dictum sit quod peccati magis est accusator qui pro peccatis debuit esse interuentor Accuso ergo me tibi et non excuso et coram testibus confiteor /iniusticiam meam [fo. 171b 15 tibi domino deo meo Confiteor inquam confiteor sub testibus^b iniusticiam impietatis meae ut remittas impietatem peccati mei Confiteor quod nisi remittas recte me punias Habes me confitentem reum sed scio nisi uerbis non emendantem uerbis enim placo operibus offendo Culpam sencio emendacionem differo Subueni ergo Subueni pietas ineffabilis ignusce ignusce mihi trinitas mirabilis Parce parce parce supplico deitas placabilis

Exaudi exaudi me rogo his uerbis illius filii tui clamantem /cPater aeterne deus peccaui [fo. 172a 25 et coram te iam non sum dignus uocari filius tu[u]s fac me ut unum de mercinnariis tuisc. Et nunc pater misericors unicum misericordiae tuae portum christo fauente peto ut quod per me uiliscit per illum acceptum ferre digneris qui 4in trinitate5 tecum uiuit et 30

regnat4

[276]

PRAEFACIO MISSAE

Expectatum fratres karissimi et desideratum nobis salutarem pasche diem omnipotenti deo gracias 35 agamus poscentes eius misericordiam in hac6 resurreccionis7 domini nostri iesu christi filii sui /ut tribuat temporum [fo. 172b quietem regum pagabilitatem⁸ iudicum mansuetudinem

1 plantante, omn.
2 ? peccator.

² at foot of page, sanctus, by later hand. ⁴—⁴ large Merovingian script.

⁵ aeternum, omn.

^{7 ?} resurrectione.

a_a Ps. lxxix, 15. MISSALE GOTHICUM.

⁶ hac die, Mab., N.F. 8 pacabilitatem, N.F., Mab.

c-c Luc. xv, 18.

hostium infirmitatem corporum salubritatem aeris temperiem anni benignitatem fructuum cupiam scismatum paenitenciam gencium uocacionem et conuentum eclesiasticae¹ pacifica[m] et pura[m] congregacione[m] paracliti sui sanctificacione conlustret Deuotum ac dicatum sibi uirginalem pudorem et continenciae propositum gloriosum atque beatum in omnibus custodiat Uiduarum laboriosam continenciam sua miseracione confoucat Orfanis opem /pietatis paternae inpertiat per resur- [fo. 173a gentem a mortuis dominum nostrum

[277] COLLECCIO SEQUITUR

DEus omnipotens exaudi populum tuum hac die ad gloriam resurreccionis domini nostri iesu christi filii tui in tuo nomine congregatum et maiestatem tuam suppliciter exorantem dirige ex praesentem† festiuitatem† in 15 laeticia[m] sempiternam atque ex hac hodierne sollempnitates exultacione ad gaudia incorrupta transmitte per resurgentem

[278]

POST NOMINA

Suscipe quaesomus domine hostiam ²placaciones et laudes² ²⁰ et has oblaciones famulorum famularumque tuarum /quas tibi offerimus hodie in resurreccione domini [fo. 173b nostri iesu christi secundum carnem placatus adsume Tribue etiam per intercessione[m] sanctorum tuorum caris nostris qui in christo dormierunt refrigerium in regione ²⁵ uiuorum per

[279]

· AD PACEM

A Nnue quaesomus domine supplicibus tuis ut haec nostrae seruitutis oblacio in diem resurreccionis domini nostri iesu christi et salutem nobis conferat et pacem per 30 resurgentem

[280]

CONTESTACIO

D'Ignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est Nos tibi hic et ubique semper gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus /Sed in hac die resur- [fo. 174a reccionis domini nostri iesu christi filii tui gratulacio maior exultat in cordibus nostris Hic est enim dies in quo nobis exorta est perpetuae causa laeticiae hic est dies resurrectiones humanae et uitae natalis aeterne hic est

¹ ecclesiasticum, Mab., N.F. ²—² placationis et laudis, Mab., N.F.

35

dies in quo asaciati sumus mane ¹misericordiam tuam¹ nobis ille benedictus qui uenit in nomine domini cdeus Hic enim dominus noster iesus noster inluxit nobisc christus filius tuus² adimplens prophetias temporum³ prestitutis duisitauit nos post biduum die tercia resurrexitd Hic est enim dies /tanti muneris benedic- [fo. 174b] cione signatus qui hodierna festiuitate gaudentibus in toto orbe mortalibus frequentatur quia omnium mors perimpta est in cruce christi et in resurreccione eius omnium uita surrexit Et nunc domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne 10 deus supplicis dipraecamur uti hanc oblacionem beneet sanctificare digneris per christum dominum nostrum4

[281]

POST SANCTUS

Aec te uox⁵ domine mystica luce comitatur quae cum in 15 supernis ⁶dominicae perennitatem laudes ⁶ exerceat celebracionem tanti nominis inuexit et terris ut /huiusmodi personas eSi homines tacerent saxa clama- [fo. 175a rente fUiderunt te inferi deus Uiderunt et gtimuerunt a uoce tonitrui tuig dicentes hAbsorta est mors in uicturia? 20 tua Ubi est mors aculeos tuosh adtonita paulolum miserorum stetere supplicia nec habuerunt tormenta cruciatum et iudicem suum ipsa etiam poena contremuit quia natura terribilium tenebrarum praesencia tui fulgoris habita tunc timuit iudicari iExultauerunt sancti in gloria laetantes in cubilibus suisi quod auctore[m] promissae sibi lucis agnoscerent quorum tu domine stipatus agminibus /et tibi tantum noti⁸ splendore perfusus sacrificia [fo.175b] per te instituta sanctifica non inuitantes⁹ merito sed sanctificantes¹⁰ exemplo ut cunctis rite perfectis nostro ab inferis iam reuerso et mors se intellegat uicet uitam¹¹ reuocatam ¹²per christum dominum nostrum qui pridie quam pateretur¹²

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stemporibus, Mab., N.F. cui mereto added by a later hand, in Tironian notation.
5 nox (!), N.F.
6-6 dominicas perenniter laudes; laudis, Mab., N.F.
7 ? uictoria, ubi est mors uictoria, Mab., N.F.
8 noto, Mab., N.F.
                                           9 inuitantis, Mab., ? inuocantis, N.F.
                                                                                               40
10 sanctificantis, Mab., Vez., N.F.
                                          11 uita, Mab.
12—12 Large Merovingian script.
a Ps. lxxxix, 14 (Vet. Itala). b Mt. xxi, 9.
d d Cf Hos. yi. 3. e—c Luc. xix, 40.
                                                                   c_c Ps. cxvii, 27.
f Ps. lxxvi, 17.
                                    h_h I Cor. xv, 54, 55.
g Ps. ciii, 7.
                                                                   i—i Ps. cxlix, 5.
                                                                                               45
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1—1 misericordia tua, Mab., Vez. 2 m2: tus.

MISSA MATUTINALIS PER TOTAM¹ PASCHA PRO PARUOLIS QUI RENATI SUNT SECUNDA FERIA

[282]

DEus qui credentes in te populus† graciae tuae largitate 5 multiplicas respice propicius ad electionem tuam ut qui sacro baptismate sunt renati regni caelestis mereantur introitum per dominum

[283] /COLLECCIO [fo. 176a

FAmuli tui domine qui ad tuam sunt graciam uocati 10 tuo indesinenter protegantur auxilio ut qui diuino sunt baptismo regenerati numquam a tui regni potencia possint euelli per

[284] POST NOMINA

A Desto domine supplicacionibus nostris et oblaciones 15 famulorum ac famularum tuarum quas tibi offerimus placidus ac benignus adsume per

[285] AD PACEM

Oncide quaesomus omnipotens deus ut festa paschalia quae deuocione colimus moribus exsequamur per 20

[286] IMMOLACIO

U Ere dignum et iustum est quia uerus ille agnus qui³ pro nobis est immolatus /qui mortem nos- [fo. 1766 tram moriendo distruxit et uitam nostram resurgendo reparauit iesus christus dominus noster cui merito omnes 25 angeli

ITEM MISSA PASCHALIS TERCIA FERIA

DEus qui omnes in christo renatos agenus regium et sacerdotalea esse fecisti da nobis uelle et posse quod praecepis ut populo ad aeternitatem uocato una sit fides mencium et pietas accionum per

[288] COLLECCIO

OMnipotens sempiterne deus per quem nobis redemcio praestatur et adopcio Respice in opera pietatis 35

1 totum, Mab., N.F.
a_a Cf. 1 Pet. ii, 9.

² omit.

tuae et quae dignatus es conferre conserua ut in christo aeterna tribuatur /hereditas et uera [fo. 177a libertas per

[280]

POST NOMINA

SUscipe domine munera nomine¹ tuo oblata qua[e] in filii tui 5 resurrectione triumplantes² in gloria uniuersalis eius adquisita sanguine offert eclesia per

[290]

AD PACEM

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui per unigenitum tuum aeternitatis nobis aditum deuicta morte resaction asti Erige a[d] te corda credencium Ut omnes in christo renati ex aqua et spiritu sancto regnum caelorum ingredi mereantur per

[291]

IMMOLACIO

In Ignum et iustum est nos tibi gracias agere om ni- 15 per iesum christum/ [fo. 1;7b] per quem humanum genus uiuificans pascha etiam per moysen et aaron famulos tuos immolacione iussisti celebrari Consequentibus temporibus usque ad aduentum domini nostri iesu christi qui asicut agr. us 20 ad uictimam ductus esta Ea[n]dem consuetudinem in memoriam obseruare praecepisti Ipse est agnus inmaculatus qui prioris populi prima³ pascha in aegypto fuerat immolatus Ipse est aries in uerticem montis excelsi de ueprae prolatus sacrificio distinatus Ipse est uitulus saginatus qui in tabernaculo patris nostri abrahe propter hospites est uictimatus / Cujus passionem et resurrec- [fo. 178a cionem celebramus Cuius et aduentum speramus Et ideo cum angelis et archangelis clamamus dicentes

ITEM MISSA PASCHALIS QUARTA FERIA

[292] Eus qui populum tuum sacrum iordane flumine transacto terram tuae4 fecisti repromissionis intrare Concede quaesomus ut et nos quoque maiestatis tue releuato⁵ mysterio diuina semper beneficia senciamus per

a_a Ier. li, 40.

40

¹ nomini, Mab., Vez., N.F.
2 triumphantis, Mab., Vez., N.F.; triumphantes, Th., Mur.
3 primum, Mab., N.F.
4 with deleting dots over the last letter, ?=tuam, or = omit.
5 rewelato, Mab., N.F.

[293]

COLLECCIO

A Nnue nobis quaesomus domine ut quemadmodum mysteria resurreccionis domini nostri iesu christi sollempnia colimus ita et in aduentu eius gaudire cum sanctis omnibus mereamur per

[294] /POST NOMINA [fo. 1786]
A Uditis nominibus offerentum debita cum ueneracione beatissimorum apostulorum et martyrum omniumque sanctorum commemoracione decursa et offerentum et pausancium commemoremus nomina ut aeternalibus indita 10 pagines† sanctorum coetibus adgregentur per

[295] AD PACEM

DEus per cuius os prolatum est quod pacem omnibus dares et pacis statuta relinqueris infunde in cordibus nostris pacis studium et piae uoluntatis affectum ut 15 uiciorum omnium labe purgati pacem quam labiis ore¹ prosequimur inmaculatis cordibus teneamus per

[296]

CONTESTACIO

Dignum et iustum est nos tibi semper laudes [fo. 179a et gracias agere omnipotens sempiterne deus per iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum aqui sicut oues ad occisionem pro nobis ductus est et ut agnus coram tondentem se sine uoce sic non aperuit os suuma Hic enim est bagnus dei unigenitus filius tuos† qui tollit peccatum mundib qui se pro nobis offerendo non desinit nosque aput 25 te perpetua aduocacione defendit quia numquam moritur immolatus sed semper uiuit occisus cpascha enim nostrum immolatus est christus ut iam non in fermento ueteri neque in carnalium sanguine uictimarum /sed in azimis [fo. 179b sinceritatis et corporis ueritatisc immolemus per 30 christum dominum nostrum

ITEM MISSA PASCHALIS QUINTA FERIA

[297]

DEus qui sollempnitatem† paschali caelestia mundo remedia benignus operaris annue² festiuitatis huius dona 35 prosequere ut per observanciam temporalem ad uitam nobis proficiat sempiternam per

¹ ? oris, N.F.
² annuae, Mab., Vez., N.F.

² - Act. viii, 32.

^b - b Ioh. i, 29.

^c - c 1 Cor. v, 7-9.

5

[298]

COLLECCIO

Eus qui et libertatis nostre auctor es et salutis Exaudi supplicancium uoces atque eos1 quos sanguinis tui effusione redimisti praesta ut per te uiuere et perpetua in te facias incolomitate gaudire saluator

[299]

/POST NOMINA

[fo. 180a

A Uditis nominibus offerentum aeternitatis dominum dipraecimor ut in nobis uel timor eius uel cordis puritas uel acaritas quae casum non habeta inmobilis perseuerit Ouia haec est salutaris oblacio haec uera haec 10 pinguis hostia ista sunt pura libamina quae et pro nobis et pro requie defunctorum contritis et humiliatis cordibus offeruntur per

[300]

AD PACEM

Ribue domine ut ita aput uniuersos redempcioni[s] tuae 15 famulos infracte caritatis exundet affectus ut nihil odiorum interpellacio³ praeualeat adpetitus /sed [fo. 180b testimonium osculi quod per4 perfeccione mansurae pacis inpenditur nulla deinceps simultatis fraude frustretur saluator 20

[30I]

IMMOLACIO

Ere dignum et iustum est unianimes et concordes omnipotentem deum profusius dipraecaret cum unico filio eius domino iesu christo saluatore nostro qui eclesiam suam secunda liberauit a morte quando sanguis 25 ipsius effusus est super cruce per ipsum te rogamus omnipotens deus ut eclesiam tuam augeas in fide custodias in spe protegas in caritate et sacrificia nostra libens suscipere digneris cum gloria et honore 5et ideo cum angelis et archangelis te⁶ laudamus dicentes⁵ 30

/ITEM MISSA PASCHALIS SEXTA FERIA [fo. 181a [302]

Eus qui ad aeternam uitam in christi resurrectione nos reparas da nobis caelestia sapere et a terrenis cupiditatibus abstinere per

^{3 ?} interpellare or interpolare.

¹ eis.
2 el.
4 pro, Mab., N.F., but there is a deleting dot.
5—5 Large Merovingian script, as before.
6 om. omn.

a_a Cf. I Cor. xiii, 8.

[303]

COLLECCIO

DEus gloriae acui conplacuit in unigenitu tuo omnem plenitudinem habitaria omnes bprincipatus et potestatesb exuere catque in eo reconciliare omniac in quo decondedirast uniuersa. Aspice festiuas subditae congregacionis excubias. Accipe praeces paschalis¹ supplicacionibus uotiuas et qui dedisti nobis dominice resurrectionis temporum reuolucione uictoria² /da nobis ipsius festiuitatis operum sanctifi- [fo. 1816 cacione laeticiam per

[304]

POST NOMINA

DA misericors deus ut in resurrectione domini nostri iesu christi — percipiamus ueraciter porcionem per

[305]

AD PACEM

DEus qui populum tuum tuae fecisti redempcionis participem Concede nobis quaesomus ut ³de resurreccionis 15 dominicae³ in perpetuo gratulemus⁴ per

[306]

IMMOLACIO

DIgnum et iustum est Nos tibi gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus per iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum quem pro nobis omnibus tradi 20 hostiam uoluisti O'mira circa nos pietatis tue dignacio /O ineffabilis dileccio caritatis ut seruum rede- [fo. 182a meris filium tradidisti O certe necessarium adae peccatum quod christi morte deletum est O filex† culpa quae talem ac tantum meruit habere redemptorem Numquam 25 enim quanta circa nos pietatis tuae dileccio esset cognusceremus nisi ex morte unici et coaeterni fili tui domini ac dei nostri iesu christi probaremus Uicit malicia[m] diabuli pietatis tuae dignacio quia eubi habundauit peccatum superhabundauit et graciae Sed plus nobis tua misericordia 30 reddedit quam inuidus inimicus abstulerat Ille paradysum inuidit /tu caelos donasti ille mortem [fo. 182b] temporalem intulit tu uitam perpetuam tribuisti propterea profusis gaudiis totus in orbe terrarum mundus exultat

¹ paschalibus, Mab., N.F. ² uictoriam, Mab., Vez., N.F.

³⁻³ de resurrectione dominica; de [die] resurrectionis dominicae, Mab. 4 gratulemur, omn.

a_a Col. i, 19. b_b Col. ii, 15. c_c Col. i, 20. d Cf. Col. i, 16. c_e Rom. v, 20.

25

sed et supernae concinnunt potestates hymnum gloriae tuae sine fine dicentes

MISSA DIE SABBATO OCTAUA¹ PASCHAE [307]

Conserua domine familiam tuam quos ex aqua et spiritu 5 sancto propicius redimisti ut ueterem hominem cum suis actibus expoliantes in ipsius conuersacione uiuamus ad cuius substanciam per haec paschalia dierum octauarum tuae resurrectionis mysteria transtulisti per

COLLECCIO [308] [fo. $183a_{10}$

PAc omnipotens et misericors deus ut quod octauarum dierum resurrectionis tuae paschalibus celebramus officiis fructiferum nobis omni tempore senciamus saluator

POST NOMINA [300]

Eus misericordiae sempiterne qui in ipso paschalis 15 2 festę recursum² fidem sacratę tibi plebis accendis auge graciam quam dedisti ut digna omnes intellegencia conprehendant quo labacrum† abluti quo spiritu regenerati quo sanguine sunt redempti per

AD PACEM

Eus qui per unigenitum tuum aeternitatis nobis aditum deui[c]ta morte reserasti /deduc nos ad societatem [fo. 183b] caelestium gaudiorum ut spiritu sancto renatos regnum tuum facias introire per resurgentem

[311] CONTESTACIO

Ignum et iustum est necessarium et salutare est Ut te dominum ac deum totis uisceribus humana condicio ueneretor Rex mirabilis christe cuius condamnacione tartareis uinculis absoluta credencium turba libertatis insignia gratulatur qui uere ut aleo de tribu iudaa mundo ostensus animarum deuoratorem extinctum leonem diabulum omnes terra laetatur permittes te clauorum nexibus alligatum ad stipitem crucis tereri³ /ut non sit parua quem im-[fo. 184a pius quondam expauiscat potencia Ad cuius uocem emitten[ti]s spiritum bterra tremuit caelum expauit dies fugit csol obscuratus est astra abscondentes radios suos simul omnia migrauerunt cuius discensu confractis portis lugit†infernum quo resurgente laetantur angeli exultat terra cum habitatoribus suis in quo triumpho conspicitur

¹ octauae, Mab., N.F.
4 absconderunt.

2—2 festi recursu, Mab., N.F.
5 nigrauerunt or nigruerunt.

b Ps. lxxv, 9. c I

c Luc. xxiii, 45.

comitacio¹ illa prophetico ore promissa aEro mors tua^a inferne bubi est ergo uicturia tuab Nec enim ab alio poterat nisi a uita mors deuorari qui discensu suo eos qui tenebantur a morte /superis reddedit resurgendo ut [fo. 184b] eius resurreccio uiuorum uel mortuorum testimonio formaretur² Unde sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum Gloria tibi qui in te et ex te et tecum semper est a³uem te laudant³

> MISSA CLAUSUM PASCHAE [PRAEFACIO]

[312] Eum qui pro ruina totius mundi unicum filium suum adsumptam ex carne uirginis uiri⁴ hominis formam suppliciter exoremus ut sicut in hac resurrectiones⁵ eiusdem nos a morte perpetua 15 cum illo resuscitauit ita pietatis suae dono ab omnibus nos /inimici tutans insidiis inlaesos faciat in matris [fo. 185a eclesie gremio resedere et conscienciae integritate de regeneracione gaudentes aeterne primitiuorum eclesiae quemadmodum deuocione ad praesens ita et remuneracione 20 adsociet in aeternum et haec munera plebis suae benedicere dignetur saluator

[313] COLLECCIO

Eus totius claritatis conditor et moderator quem caelestia mirantur et terrena pauitant inferna tremiscunt cui angelorum turmae et archangelorum exercitus militant non uti mundum expugnes quem ipse fecisti sed ut subruas /mundi peccata quem6 diabulus adin- [fo. 1856] quia ita dignatus es cdiligere hunc mundum ut unigenitum tuum traderis pro nostra salute Cuius cruce redempti 30 sumus morte uiuificati passione saluati resurrectione Per ipsum itaque te supplices inuocamus familiae tuae in omnibus adesse digneris sicut adfuisti patribus nostris sperantibus in tua misericordia omnibus adesse dignare ut sit in sensibus eorum deuocionis tuae in corde fides in opere iusticia pietas in lingua ueritas in moribus disciplina /ricteque⁸ inmortalitatis sibi praemium consegui [fo. 186a mereantur per

two dots over the t, = cominacio, as in Bob.

Large Merovingian script.

8 recteque, Vez., riteque, Mab., N.F.

² firmaretur, N.F. ⁴ ueri, N.F. ⁶ quae, N.F. 5 resurrectione, omn. ⁷ The scribe began to write adu.

b_b I Cor. xv, 55. a_a Osee, xiii, 14. c Ct. Ioh. iii, 16.

40

[314]

POST NOMINA

Oncide quaesomus omnipotens deus ut qui resurrectionis dominicae sollempnia colimus per innouacione[m] tui spiritus a morte animae resurgamus

[315]

AD PACEM

EXaudi nos domine sancte pater omnipotens¹ deus et his oblacionibus praecibusque susceptis °praesencie tuae uirtutis² intersere ut quod singuli ad maiestatis tuae obtulerent³ honorem cunctis proficiat ad salutem resurgentem

[316]

IMMOLACIO

Ignum et iustum est necessarium et salutare est /Nos tibi gracias agere omnipotens deus licet⁴ [fo. 186b] gloriae tuae mortalium membra non congruant redempcionis nostrę perferre⁵ praeconia dum hominum genus mancipa- 15 tum ⁶morte infernorum⁶ sedibus tenebrarum uincola⁷ restringerent spiritali⁸ uerbum per quod in principio omnia fuerant constituta Discendit in mariam quae dum partum suum uirgo miratur inclusum hominem ededit deum Ouae⁹ tamen tuum¹⁰ esse summe omnipotens deus quam nasceretur cognouerat quippe quae sciebat mundi esse principium His¹¹ namque crucem spontanea /uolun- [fo. 187a] tate propter redemcionem humani generis de inimico tyranno triumphaturus ascendit et relicto paulisper corporis templo inferorum claustra confringens pristine ut ante fuerat uitae restituit Nec sufficerat solum hominem¹² emendasse peccatum sed per ablucionem caelestem renatus† rediuiuo ac nouo natiuitatis genere remeans ad originem suam nos ad caelestia regna perduxit O consilium diuinae prouidenciae O inaestimandum reparacionis auxilium per uirginem nobis gloriosa uita restituetur /quae [fo. 187b] per ligni inoboedienciam credebatur extincta per aquam mundi peccata deluuntur per quam ante senserat mundus ipse naufragium Tibi ergo summe genitor pura deuocione inmaculatum munus offerimus et aeleuacione ma- 35 nuum nostrarum iuxta filii tui iesu christi disposicione[m] pium sacrificium celebramus ¹³per christum dominum nostrum¹³

^{1 ?} omnipotens aeterne. 2_2 p. t. uirtutem, Mab., praesentiam tuae uirtutis, N.F.

^{*} obtulerunt, omn.

* et licet.

6—6 m¹: inferorum; ? morti in infernarum.

6 spiritale, Mab., N.F.

9 Quem, N.F.

11 Îs, Mab., N.F.

12 hominum.

13—13 Large Merovingian script.

a Ps. cxl. 2.

MISSA IN INUENCIONE SANCTAE CRUCIS

[317] [PRAEFACIO]

^aC Loriemur in crucem domini nostri iesu christi^a fratres karissimi et tota mentis exultacione laetemur et huius diei festiuitatem cum grande reuerencia et spiritali 5 gaudio celebremus in qua cruce ipse /dominus [fo. 188a noster et saluator pro nostra salute pependit et diabulum triumphauit Per hanc ergo crucem male concupiscenciae adpetitum quod¹ dulcido arbores† inlexit amaritudo fellis coercuit et gulae desiderium quod suauitas pomi de- 10 cepit aceti asperitas refrenauit saluator

[318] COLLECCIO

Dona nobis omnipotens pater per mysterium crucis unigeniti tui et² uenenum ³serpentes antique³ ⁴quo fidelis⁴ nitetur propinare per illud medicamentum quod ¹5 christi manauit latere possit a fidelium pectoribus expurgari quosque transgressio praecepti de paradyso expulit /confessio nominis christi in paradyso reformit [fo. 1886 saluator

[319]

POST NOMINA

D^Omine iesu christe qui in patibulo cruce⁵ suspensus patrem ex formam serui quam susciperas ^but quid te dereliquerit adclamasti et⁶ ut persecutoribus ueniam tribuerit postulasti Tuam supplices inploramus clemenciam et⁷ quod tunc pro susceptae⁸ carnis humilitate a patre expetere ²⁵ uidebaris nunc cum eodem conexa semper diuinitatis potestate consistens praestare digneris saluator

[320] AD PACEM

DEus qui eclesiam tuam catholicam quam tuo sancto sanguine redimisti numquam derelinquis nobisque 30 indignis/in eadem concurrentibus criminum indulgen-[fo. 189a ciam placatus concedas9 et qui latronis tecum in cruce pendentes confessionem iustificare dignatus es Quaesomus ut omnium in te credencium fidem augeas multiplices et solita pietate pacem quam custodire iussisti 35 inlibatam in nos conseruare digneris saluator

¹ quem.

3-3 serpentis antiqui, Mab., N.F.

5 crucis, Mab., N.F.

² ut, Mab., N.F. ⁴—⁴ quod fidelibus, Mab., Vez., N.F.

⁵ crucis, Mab., N.F.
⁷ ut, Mab., N.F.
⁹ concedis, Mab., N.F.

a_a Gal. vi, 14.

⁶ om., Vez.
8 suscepta (!), omn.

b Cf. Mt. xxvii, 46.

[321]

CONTESTACIO

Ignum et iustum est omnipotens deus tibi sacrificiorum uota persoluere Te in laudes praeconio indesinenter ¹hac de utriusque ad¹ illius scilicet habitatores et istius redemtores humanigeneris /exempla [fo, 189b] paradysi Ille quidem prior sed iste melior Ille proponere iste caelestis Ille de limo factus iste uerbo conceptus Tunc diabulo suadente eua decepitur Nunc angelo nunciante maria clarificatur Tunc per inuidia[m] serpentes homo qui fuerat creatus peremetur Nunc per 10 misericordiam redimentes homo qui perierat liberatur Tunc homo mandatum non custodiendo de paradyso pellitur Nunc latro christum dominum confitendo paradyso² meretur Unde supplices rogamus clementissime pater inclyte crucis ³innarrabili sacramento³ et per domini nostri 15 /iesu christi filii tui admirabilem regnum ⁴ut hodiernum [fo. 190*a* diem in quo cruces eius festiuitatem celebramus omnes cum laeticia spiritali et modesta exultacione agere⁵ Et inter caelestium uirtutum laudes humilitates nostre uoces suscipias multiplici confessione ita dicentes sanctus

MISSA SANCTI IOHANNIS APOSTULI ET **EUANGELISTE**

[322]

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui huius diei festiuitatem 25 fecisti ad laeticiam beati iohannis euangeliste da eclesiae tuae et⁶ amare quod crededit et praedicare quod docuit per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[323]

/COLLECCIO

[fo. 190b

40

Eus qui per os beati iohannis euangelistae uerbi tui arcana 30 reserasti praesta quaesomus ut quod ille nostris auribus excellenter infudit intellegenciae conpetenti erudicione capiamus per

[324]

POST NOMINA

PRaesta omnipotens deus ut uerbum caro factum beatus iohannis euangelista predicauit per intercessionis suae praesidium habitet semper in nobis per

^{1—1} ac utriusque et, Mab., ac utriusque Adae, N.F., rightly.
2 paradisum, Mab., N.F.
3—3 innarrabile sacramentum, Mab., N.F.

⁴⁻⁴ ut ejus festivitatem celebramus, hodiernum diem, in quo crucis nos, Mab.

⁵ teragere concedas, N.F. ⁶ etiam, Mab., Mur., N.F.

[325]

AD PACEM

DAcem tuam domine de caelo da nobis et posside nos ut non hereat in uisceribus nostris fraudolentus osculos¹ proditores sed pax illa quam tuis reliquisti discipulis /semper inlibata permaneat in cordibus nostris per [fo. 191a s

[326]

IMMOLACIO

TEre dignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est Nos tibi omnipotens deus gracias agere beati iohannis apostuli tui et euangeliste natalicia² uenerantes qui domini nostri iesu christi filii tui uocacione suscepta Terrenum respuit 10 patrem ut possit inuenire caelestem Retia saeculi quibus implecabatur abiecit ut aeternitatis dona mente libera Natantem in fluctibus nauem reliquit siasticae gubernacionis tra[n]quillitate consisterit A piscium capcione cessauit ut animas mundanis gurgitibus in- 15 mersas /calamo doctrinae salutaris abstraheret Dis-[fo. 1918] tetit† pelagi profunda rimari secretorum scrutator redditur³ diuinorum eo usque procedens ut et in caene mysticae sacrosanctae⁴ conuiuio ipsius recumberet pectoris⁵ saluatoris et cum⁶ in cruce dominus constitutus sui magistri⁷ uirginis filius⁸ subrogaret et ain principio uerbum quod deus erat apud deuma ipse prae ceteris ostenderet praedicando per christum dominum nostrum

MISSA PRIMA DIE IN ROGACIONIBUS

[327]

I N ieiunio hoc afflicti corpore et corde contriti frequentamus ad te praeces /clementissime deus [fo, 192α ut cum abstinencia corporale abstinencia nobis uiciorum donetur ut restricto corpore ab epulis tu qui es refeccio uera in nostris cordibus oriaris per

[328]

[COLLECCIO]

Racias tibi agimus domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne Geus qui nos post transgressionem ieiuni uetita contingendo ad continenciam salutis reparasti per christum Te in hoc ieiunium supplices ac prouoluti rogamus ut donis nobis 35 rectam a uiciis mentem et bspiritu principalib qui est

¹ osculus, N.F.

³ redditus.

⁵ pectore, Mab., Vez., N.F.
⁷ matris, N.F.

a-a Ioh. i, I.

² natalia, Mab.

⁴ sacrosancio, Mab., N.F. 6 eum, Mab., N.F.

⁸ filium, Mab., N.F.

b_b Ps. I, 12.

20

mortificacionis amator nos conroboris ut post actum ieiunium ad aeterne refeccionis nos pascua perducas per

/POST NOMINA [320] [fo. 192b

Tua sunt domine alimonia quibus in cotidiano uictu ad sust[ent]acionem reficimur tuaque ieiunia quibus 5 carnem a lubrica uoluptate te praecipiente restringimus tu ad consolacionem nostram uicissitudines temporum disposuisti ut tempus edendi corpora nostra refeccio[ne] subria et ieiunandi tempus ea in iusticiam tibi placitam macerata hanc hostiam ob ieiunio¹ triduanae 10 maceracionis a nobis oblatam sanctificans dignanter adsume et praesta placatus ut sopita dilectacione corporea mens ab iniquitatibus pariter conquiescat per

AD PACEM [330] fo. 193a

R Efeccio tua domine restrictis corporibus in spiritu contribulato gustatur supplices exoramus restrictis corporibus in spiritu contributatione et ideo prostrati ieiunii paenitencia misericordia sola petentes quod opere non meremur ut senciamus in spiritu dilectionis tuae ²pabulo suauem² quod corda nostra ab epulis uacancia ad proximi dilectionem succendat per

[331] IMMOLACIO

TEre dignum et iustum est Te in observacione ieiunii quaerere qui es panis uerus et uiuus de caelo discendens Te itaque humiliatis ieiunio corporibus mente famulantes deuota per 3hoc /sacrificii immolacione3 [fo. 193b 25 rogamus ut humiliacionem iciunii huius quam pro nostris reatibus in hac triduana obseruacione persoluimus ita intueares placatus ut a delictis ieiunantes absoluas quos incontinencia uorarum in prauitatis transgressione inmersit per christum dominum 30

ITEM MISSA SECUNDA DIE IN ROGACIONIBUS

Eus cuius exemplo ieiunium datum est post gustum prohibicionis per inoboedienciam ligni ingressum Tibi domine corda nostra in ieiunii maceracione subiecta per inlustracionem tuae inspiracionis sanctifica et de caeles-

¹ ieiunium, Mab., N.F. ²—² pabulum suaue, omn. ³—³ hanc s. immolationem, Mab., N.F.

tibus /sedibus tuis nos in lutu† fecis ac squalore [fo. 194a ieiunii substratus† intuens in uirtutum successibus releua per

[333]

COLLECCIO

Mnipotens sempiterne deus mundentur quaesomus 5 uiscera nostra a cunctis carnis delictis ieiunii adtenuacione confecta et¹ in ipsius ieiunii humilitate prostratis non ualeat carnis infirmitas dominari quia tu institutor subrietatis si uis potes nostri cicius miserire† ut spiritalia cogitemus et concupiscencias carnis te adiuuante uin- 10 camur² per

[334]

POST NOMINA

Eus qui mentis puritatem adprobas non ieiunium /a cybis solummodo gloriam humanam captantem† [fo. 194b] dignare oculos cordis nostri in hoc ieiunio ita inluminare 15 introrsus ut tibi in his quae homines nesciunt in occulto a uiciis ieiunio pleceamus³ quia doni tui est hoc ipsud quod a cybis abstenemus sit muneris4 tui ut a peccatis etiam cum ieiunio emundemur et desiderabile⁵ fonte ubertatis ita haec munera ymbrem⁶ sancti spiritus perfunde ut a 20 ieiunantibus percepta cuncta uicia mundent et uirtutes inserant morum per

[335]

AD PACEM

TN ieiuni humilitate substratis omnipotens sempiterne deus absterge omnem labe[m] peccati /ut [fo. 195a 25 mundata nostri cordis arcana cum abstinencia cyborum iurgiorum etiam inquietudines exclusas dileccio tua et proximis⁷ nostris in cordibus pura succrescat per

CONTESTACIO

TEre dignum et iustum est te tota cordis contricione in 30 ieiunio omnipotens sempiterne deus per christum dominum nostrum qui nos mysteriorum tuorum secretis informans pacificum nemus ore columbe gestatum noe oculis ostendens nobis de uirente arbore crucis gloriosum signum expressit quem columbe species in christi decora- 35 uit honore cunctis colendum spiritus sanctificacione demonstrans Cuius animalis innocencia esse similis⁸ [fo. 195*b*]

¹ ut, Mab., N.F.
2 uincamus, omn.
3 first e deleted by dots=placeamus.
4 numeris (!), Vez.
5 m1=dedesiderabile.
6 imbre, Mab., N.F.

⁷ proximi, Mab., N.F.

⁸ similes, omn.

praeoptantes ab eoque sanctificari spiritu cuius ipse sumpsit in speciem exorantes in hoc iciunio triduana humiliacione instituto cuneis praeferentes atque maiestatem tuam psallencii² modolacione laudantes petimus omnipotens deus ut accipias cuncta plebis uota quaeque quoquo rito tibi reddit subiecta et ita eos in hoc ieiunio sanctifices ut a cunctis mereantur exui peccatis per christum dominum

MISSA TERCIA DIE IN ROGACIONIBUS

[337] Eus quem nullus mortalium /sensus usus³ carnis [fo. 196ainlecebra pręgrauatus nisi a te ieiunii expiacione fuerit inlustratus agnuscit pelle de cordibus nostris cum abstinencia turba[m] uiciorum de ingluuiae saturitate gignencium ut pura tibi seruiat etiam post exactum ieiunium quam tu 15 propicius donaueris deuocio nouitatis per

[338]

TAm in triduani ieiunii fine conclusa sinceritatem tuam domine dipraecamur in uisceribus nostris maceracione ieiunii adflictis aduenire et ut de atria tua sancta exaudias 20 peccatores in squalore miseriarum iacentes i4 /roga- [fo. 196b] mus ut des nobis fontem graciarum tuarum et pandas quo post ieiunium escarum carnalium itur ad refeccionem pascuae sempiternam⁵ per

[339] POST NOMINA

TEiunancium domine quaesomus supplecum uota propicius intuere et munera praesencia sanctificans per percepcionem earum⁶ occulta cordis nostri remedia⁷ tuae clarifica pietatis ut opera carnalia nec fluxa non8 teneant institutor ieiunii christus reparauit redemptor per

340] AD PACEM Eus qui intemperanciam saturitatis tuae abstinenciae dedicacione superasti /et puritatem castimo- [fo. 197a niae ut cognuscaris dedisti Serenus nos tuo uultu circumspice et ieiunantibus pacem proximi et tua9 largiaris ad patrem ascendens nobis reliquisti sectandam

2 psallendi.

¹ om. Mab., N.F.

³ esus, or omit.

^{*} erus, or omit.

4 ? part of the first letter of rogamus on the next page,

5 sempliernae.

6 corum, Mab., N.F.

7 remedio.

8 nos (!), Mab., N.F. 5 sempiternae.
7 remedio.

⁹ tuam, Mab., N.F. MISSALE GOTHICUM.

[341] IMMOLACIO

Ere dignum et iustum est satisque est dignum Te solum a ieiunantibus quererel qui es magister abstinenciae et continenciae remunerator aeterne quique a ieiunantibus fidele tantum corde exposcant abstergis omnem 5 maculam quam saturitas contrahit indecens hoc itaque sanctum ieiunium in leuiticis apicibus per famulum tuum moysen /euidencius declarasti in quo iussisti ut [fo. 197b humiliaremus animas nostras ne exterminarimur sicut esu[s] gule deditus populus exterminatur quod etiam nobis 10 unigenitus tuus ita sanctificauit implendo et ut regnum perdetum per ieiunium panderet et jeccatis ueniam daret et ideo quae instituisti ieiunia suscipe libens per ea nos a reatibus cunctis absoluens per christum dominum nostrum

[342] POST SANCTUS PER TOTAS TRES MISSAS DICIS

H Anc igitur oblacionem familiae tuae tibi adstantes†
quorum tibi fides cognita est et nota deuocio quam
tibi offerunt pro deuocione /animorum suorum pro [fo. 198a
quorum tibi placitis desideriis supplecamus memor esse
dignare domine sancte pater aeterne deus in diebus 20
ieiuniorum ipsorum ut a cunctis eos peccatis abstergas et
residuum temporis quo eis alimoniorum percepcio concedetur ita eos conseruare digneris ut subriam uitam
habentes non inuoluantur peccatorum laqueis ab epulis
excitatis per christum dominum nostrum quam oblacionem tu deus in omnibus quaesomus benedictam
ascriptam et reliqua

COLLECCIONES IN ROGACIONIBUS PER DIUERSA LOCA SANCTORUM

[343] IN SANCTO PETRO NUNC

DEus refugium pauperum Spes humilium Salusque miserorum /interueniente pro nobis beatissimo [fo. 198b] fundatorem eclesiae tuae petro supplicaciones supplecum tuorum in die triduani huius ieiunii clementer exaudi et tranquillitatem a uiciis pariter et hostibus nostris 35 concede temporibus ut quos iusticia flagellorum tuorum iuste facire potest esse adflictos habundancia misericordiae tuae ipso beato petro obtinente faciat consolatus per

[344] COLLECCIO

OMnipotens sempiterne deus qui beato petro apostulo conlatis clauibus regni caelestis animas legandi²

¹ quaeri.

² ligandi, omn.

atque soluendi pontificium tradedisti Exaudi propicius praeces nostras /in die ieiunii huius et [fo. 199a intercessione cius quaesomus ut a peccatorum nostrorum nexibus liberemur per ...

[345] COLLECCIO IN SANCTO PAULO

U Ide domine quaesomus infirmitatem nostram et in diebus ieiuniorum istorum quos trina consecracio trino numero facit extensos interueniente beato apostulo tuo paulo celere nobis pietate succurre ut quos iusticia correpis misericordia consoleris per

[346] ITEM COLLECCIO

E Xaudi domine quaesomus gemitum nostrum in diebus ieiuniorum trino numero trinitate¹ sacratorum et intercedente beato paulo magistro nostro /atque doctore [fo. 199b quaesomus ne aput te plus ualeat offensio delinquencium 15 quam miseracio tua semper indulta fletibus supplecancium per

[347] ORACIO IN SANCTO STEPHANO

PRaesta quaesomus omnipotens et misericors deus ut fragilitati nostre adflicte in diebus istorum ieiuniorum 20 magnificus leuita ac beatus stephanus auxilium interuencionis exhibeat qui imitator dominicae passionis et pietatis primus in cruore martyrii enituit et semper sit perfectus suffra[ga]tur atque te concedente prumptus adiutor per

[348] . ITEM COLLECCIO

PRaeces nostras in hoc ieiunio protentas quaesomus domine /beati leuitae et martyris tui stephani prosequatur [fo. 200a oracio et ut adsit nobis adflictis misericordia tua eius precibus adiuuemur per

[349] ORACIO IN SANCTO MARTINO

Porrege dexteram tuam quaesomus domine plebi tuę in die ieiuniorum suorum misericordiam postulanti et² intercedente beato martino terrores inminentes declinemus et solacia uitę inmortalitatis accipiamus et sempiterna gaudia conpraehendamus per

2 ut, Mab.

H 2

¹ trinitati, Mab., N.F.

[350]

ITEM ALIA

DEus auctor ieiunii institutor abstinenciae qui ieiunii forma[m] conplectens submouisti ingluuiem saturitatis /ut in nobis castimoniae subrietas regnaret [fo. 2006] Respice domine propicius super hos supplices tuos ieiunio 5 triduane abstinenciae uacantes et intercedente summo uiro beato martino graciam tuam¹ benediccionis tuae nobis omnibus ab eo exoratus infunde ut sicut hoc ieiunium ad cultus tui timore[m] constitutum uincit ingluuiem gulae ita inluminacio tua in sensibus nostris superet omnem nostrorum 10 fomitem uiciorum per

[351] — ORACIO IN SANCTO GREGORIO

Mnipotens sempiterne deus ieiuni de tuis etiam donis saciati uel qualibet maceracione confecti maiestatem² tuanı /supplices exoramus ut expulsis de cordibus [fo. 201a 15 nostris peccatorum tenebris in die hac ieiunii intercedente summo antestete nostro et diuinorum mysteriorum capacem† gregorio ad ueram lucem quae christus est nos facias peruenire

[352]

COLLECCIO

Mnipotens sempiterne deus cuius iussu caro a uoluptatibus ieiunii maceracione restringitur et satorem suum caro nostra³ per subrietatem restricta cognuscit per intercessionem summi apostolici patris nostri gregorii in hoc ieiunio tribue cunctis inmaculatum in te credentibus exercere cultum ut etiam si ieiunantibus uicia succedunt /et dese- [fo. 2016/runt uirtutes tua erga eos pater omnipotens custodia perseueret per

MISSA IN ASCENSIONE DOMINI

[353]

DEus qui eclesiam tuam euangelice exortaciones doctrine aquae sursum sunt iubes saperea et ad eam se altitudinem ad quam saluator mundi conscendit erigere da supplicibus tuis subsequi intellectum quod multi uiderunt conspectum ut in secundo mediatoris aduentu ditentur 35 donis qui tuis crediderunt promissis per

¹ omit

³ m1: nostro.

⁵ intellectu, omn.

² The third letter was originally g.

⁴ exhortatione, omn.

⁶ conspectu, omn.

[COLLECCIO]

[354]

PRaesta nobis omnipotens et misericors deus ut sicut /humani generis saluatorem consedere tecum [fo. 202a in tua maiestate confidimus ita usque ad consummacionem 5 saeculi manere nobiscum quemadmodum est pollicitus senciamus per

[355]

POST NOMINA

SAcrificium domine pro filii tui in caelis hodie ascensione deferimus praesta quaesomus ut ad tuam gloriam 10 per ipsum his conmerciis uenerandis surgamus per

[356]

AD PACEM

DEus qui dudum¹ subsellia dietatis² ascendis obseruare nos pacem euangelica auctoritate non desinis docere da nobis placidus pacem tuam ut dum discordiae /prona [fo. 202b 15 refugimus caeli ardua consequamur per

[357]

IMMOLACIO

Ere dignum et iustum est per christum dominum nostrum aqui mortuus est propter peccata nostra et resurrexit propter iustificacionem nostrama. Ascendit super comnis caelos et exaltatus throno gloriç tuae sedetque ad dexteram tuam promissum sanctum spiritum in filios adopcionis effudit. Unde laetantes inter baltaria tua domine uirtutumb hostias tibi laudes† offerimus, cum angelis et archangelis per christum dominum

MISSA IN DIE SANCTO PENTECOSTEN

[358]

DEus inluminacio et uita credencium cuius munerum /ineffabilis magnitudo hodiernae festiuitatis [fo. 203\alpha testimonio celebratur Da populis tuis capire intellectu quod dicere⁴ miraculo ut adopcio quam in eos spiritus sanctus aduocauit nihil in dileccione tepidum nihil habeat in confessione diuersum per

[359]

COLLECCIO

M Entes nostras quaesomus domine paraclytus spiritus qui 35 de te procidet⁵ inluminet et ad omne opus bonum perducat sicut nobis promisit filius ueritatis per

¹ dum, Mab., N.F.

² deitatis, Mab., N.F.

^{3 ?} sedensque.

⁴ didicere, Mab., N.F.

⁵ procedit, Mab., N.F.; procedet, Th., Mur., Vez.

b_b Ps. lxxxiii, 4.

a_a Rom. iv, 25.

[360]

POST NOMINA

/ Unera nostra quaesomus domine sancti spiritus tui M Unera nostra quaesonius domino dignacione sacrentur per que a peccatis omnibus¹ ²adopciones tui² filii renascamur per

[361]

AD PACEM

Tfo. 203b 5

Omine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus cuius spiritu totum corpus eclesiae multiplicatur et regitur Conserua in nouam familiae tuae progeniem sanctificacionis graciam quam dedisti Ut corpore et mente renouati puram tibi animam cum securitatem pacis et purum 10 pectus semper exhibeant per

[362]

IMMOLACIO

TEre dignum et iustum est nos tibi semper hic et ubique graci[as] agere et gloriari in operibus tuis domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus in hoc precipue 15 die in quo sacratissimum pascha quinquaginta dierum mysteriis tegitur et per sua uestigia recursantibus /dierum spaciis colleguntur et dispersio lingua- [fo. 204*a* quae in confusione facta fuerat per spiritum sanctum adunatur Hodie enim de caelis repente sonum 20 audientes apostuli unius fidei³ symbulum exceperunt et linguis uariis euangelii tui gloriam gentibus tradiderunt ⁴per christum dominum nostrum⁴

MISSA SANCTORUM FERREOLI ET FERRUCIONIS

[PRAEFACIO] [363]

Ominum deum nostrum fratres karissimi supplices exoremus qui sanctis martyribus suis ferreolo et ferrucione⁵ quaedam tribuit futurorum premia gaudiorum in ipsa pręsencium condicionem certaminum dum ⁶perire extinguibilem⁶ sui amoris ardorem /intellegunt suaui- [fo. 204*b* 30 tatem uitae damnis adquirere et mortem moriendo quibus dum praeteruolans hic dies perurgencium⁷ poenarum aceruitate⁸ concluditur aditus aeterne lucis aperitur Det nobis famulis suis ut sicut illos nulla tormen-

omnibus [absoluti], N.F. om. Mur.

⁵ Ferrucioni, Mab., N.F. 7 per urgentium, omn.

²-² adoptione tui; adoptionis tuae, Mab., N.F. 35 4_4 Large Merovingian script.

^{6—6} per inextinguibilem, Mab., N.F. 8 acerbitatem, Mab., N.F.

torum genera corpore licet deserente fregerunt Ita nos nulle mundi huius inlecebrae a suae praeposito¹ seruitutis perniciosa securitate deflectant Ut uirtutem fidei nostrae diuinus ille² suae caritatis accendat et omnia in nobis corporalium uiciorum fundamenta consumat per

[364]

COLLECCIO

/ DEus cuius amore³ piissimi confessores et [fo. 205a martyris† tui ⁴ferreoli et ferrucionis⁴ cruore adserunt et morte confirmant qui dum tibi tam libenter sumptum a te uite munus inpendunt neminem non pro uitae⁵ mori testan- 10 tur Concide ut fidem quam cordibus nóstris proprio inscribtam sanguine reliquerunt uitae meritis excolamus Et quod in eis admiramur imitemur quod colimus diligamus quod laude prosequimur conucrsacione sectimur† per

[365]

POST NOMINA

R Ecensitis nominibus fratrum carorumque nostrorum oremus dominicam /misericordiam ut in medio [fo. 205bhierusalem in congregacione sanctorum haec nomina sibi faciat ab angelo sanctificacionis in beatitudinem aeterni gaudii recensiri Sacrificiumque hoc nostrum sicut in 20 praeformacionem melchisedech in uirtute sanctificet Praeces quoque offerencium 6in hac6 oblacionem7 propiciatus Commemoracionem⁸ beatissimorum martyrum ferreoli et ferrucionis omniumque sanctorum praecibus adiuti non solum uiuentibus praesidia uerum 25 etiam defunctis caris nostris requiem obtenere mereantur per

[366]

COLLECCIO AD PACEM

/ $\overline{\text{M}}$ Irabilisa in sanctis tuis domine uirtutum et [fo. 206 α peccatoribus nobis beatissimorum martyrum tuorum 30 ferreoli et ferrucionis patrocinio largire Illiº coronas insignis† gemmibus¹⁰ lapidibus praeciosis martyrii uirtute meruerunt Nos eorum suffragiis te donante dilectorum ueniam consequamur Et concede nobis ut coniunccio labiorum cupula efficiatur animarum et ministerium osculi perpetuae 35 proficiat caritati per

¹ proposito, Mab., Vez., N.F.
³ amorem, Mab., N.F.
⁵ uita, Mab., N.F.
⁷ oblatione, Vez.
⁹ ut sicut illi, N.F.

² Ps. lxvii, 36.

² illae, Mur., ignis, Mab., N.F.

⁴⁻⁴ Ferreolus et Ferrucio, Mab., N.F.

⁶_6 hanc, Mab., N.F.

⁸ In commemorationem, Mab., N.F. 40 gemmis.

[367]

CONTESTACIO

Ignum et iustum est Uere dignum et iustum est Quocienscumque pugna[s] sanctorum recolemus te laudamus /et in quo martyres tuos ¹ferreoli et [fo. 206b] ferrucionis¹ proferimus tuis uirtutibus adscribamur² quia illorum corona tua est gloria qui per unicum filium tuum iesum christum dominum ac saluatorem nostrum mortalia corpora docuisti³ praeciosi palmam portare martyrii Iuste autem tuis meritis exhibemus quo fortissimorum martyrum facta ucneramur qui humanas mentes ad certamen caelestis 10 gloriae amorem4 tuae pietatis accendis Tuae namque uirtutis est praemium poena sanctorum Nam in qua⁵ subiacuerunt saeui membra /carnificis tibi seruit [fo. 207a martyrum effusus sanguis Tibi triumphum reportat manus cruenta lictoris quique gaudio6 uoluntaria colla subpo- 15 suit tibi uicit quique ungulis flammisque subiacuit tui palmam nominis reportauit Habes ergo domine in quo exultes quocienscumque tantae uirtutes memoriam recolimus nec inmeritu⁷ singulis quibusque caelestia dona disqui tantum per sanctos tuos undique amorem ad- 20 quires Quis non post tanta[m] pietatis tuae magnificencia[m] animum ad martyrii uota conponat aut quis non piouocitur⁸ ad pugnam /cum uideat magno laboris fructum† [fo. 207b] martyrium⁹ fuisse uicturiam Rogamus ergo remuneratam domine ut in commemoracionem sanctorum tuorum ferreoli 25 et ferrucionis illorum praeciose uirtutis memoriam recolentes partem¹⁰ remuneracionis admittas haec¹¹ prestis† ut familia tua perseuerare cursum coepti laboris expediat quatenus qui in te credunt et tibi seruiunt Et si non in prima uel in secunda remuneracionis sorte locum aput 30 te mereantur obtinere iusticiae Et ideo cum angelis atque archangelis clamant dicentes

MISSA IN NATIUITATE SANCTI [fo. 208a IOHANNIS BAPTISTAE

[368]

Eus qui beatum iohannem baptistam ueritatis testimonium¹² decorasti da nobis quaesomus humilitatis eius

¹_1 Ferreolum et Ferrucionem, Mab., N.F.

³ m¹: nocuisti.

⁵ quo; cf. l. 17. ⁷ immerito, Mab., N.F.

⁹ martyrum, omn. 11 ac, Mab., N.F.

² adscribimus.

⁴ amore, omn.

⁶ gladio, omn. ⁸ prouocetur, Mab., N.F. 10 in partem.

¹² testimonio, Mab., N.F.

exemplum audire ut desiderimus intellegere quod exercuit et adsequi toto amore quod meruit per iesum

[369]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui beatissimum precur- 5 sorem tuum iohannem baptistam ad apraeparandas /unigeniti tui uiasa nasci iussisti Praesta quaeso- [fo. 208b] mus ut intercessionis eius auxilium, tribuas¹ ad² implenda mandata prepares uoluntates per dominum nostrum

[370]

POST NOMINA

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui hunc diem honorabilem nobis in beati iohannis baptistae natiuitate fecisti insignem quaesomus ut tuus praecursor qui³ binter natos mulierum omnibus⁴ maior surrexit^b nostram fragilitatem tuae pietate⁵ commendet et caris nostris . ⁶quorum ₁₅ sunt nomina recitata⁶ ita refrigerium pietatis impetret ut ibi /recipiantur uel ultimi ubi summus praemanet⁷ in [fo. 208*a regno caelorum baptista : quod ipse

[371]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Eus qui praesentem diem honorabilem nobis in beati 20 Diohannis natiuitate8 da populis tuis spirițalium gratia[m] gaudiorum Et omnium fidelium mentes edirige in uiam salutis et pacis per ·

[372]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

TEre dignum est Nos tibi semper hic et ubique gratias 25 agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus qui in omnium sanctorum tuorum es splendore mirabilis qui praesentem diem honorabilem nobis in beati /iohannis natiuitate fecisti Ut gratiae tuae [fo. 208*b operante uirtute ille quo inter natos mulierum nullus 30 maior oriretur Da populis tuis eruditionem spiritalium gaudiorum et omnium fidelium mentes edirige in uiam salutis

¹ ibu, m2 above the line.

² et ad, Mab., N.F.

³ quo (1), Mab., Vez. ⁴ non, Mur., Mab., Vez.; added in the MS. unnecessarily, above the line.

⁶—⁶ Here a cross, m², above the line. ⁸ natiuitate [fecisti], Mab., N.F.

⁵ pietati, omn.
⁷ praeminet, Mab., N.F.

a_a Mt. xi, 10.

ь_ь Mt. хі, 11.

c Cf. Luc. i, 79.

et pacis ut quem¹ manifestauit testificatio nuntii impleat praesentia nuntianti² per christum dominum nostrum per quem maiestatem tuam

[373] ³BENEDICTIO POPULI

DEus qui per . zacharie, loquilla† manifestasti, natiuitate† . sancti iohannis, ⁴Presta quesumus, ut qui natalicio⁵ . eius . deuotisseme. colimus. intercessionem† illius. gaudiamus⁴
[b] /Ut populus tuus qui ad natiuitatem eius, [fo. 209a conuenerunt saluintur . meretis, per interuentu[m], omnium sanctorum deprecacionem⁶ illius, meretis, adiuuintur.
[c] ⁴Da domine ut illi⁷ angelus, gabriel qui⁸ zacharie⁹ . loquente, obmotuit. intercessor adsistat et meretis, ¹⁰ adiouintur . et moribus: ¹¹illi uos, ³ ¹¹

/MISSA SANCTORUM PETRI ET PAULI [fo. 209*b* [374]

Omnipotens sempiterne deus qui hunc diem beatissimorum apostulorum petri et pauli martyrio consecrasti Da eclesiae tuae toto terrarum orbe diffusa[e] eorum semper magisterio gubernari per quos sumpsit relegionis exordium per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium tuum

[375] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

EXaudi quaesomus domine populum tuum cum sanctorum apostolorum tuorum petri et pauli patrocinio supplicantem Ut tuo auxilio seruati secura tibi possi[n]t deuotione seruire per iesum

[376] /COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

[fo. 210a

A Postulorum tuorum domine beatorum petri et pauli desiderata sollemnia recensemus pra[e]sta quaesomus ut honona¹² gloria passionis sicut illis magnificentiam tribuit sempiternam ita nobis ueniam largiatur optatam et nomina 30 eorum quae recitata sunt in libro uitae censeas deputare† per eum qui tecum uiuit

1 quae, N.F.
2 nuntiati, Mab., N.F.
3 This Benedictio is inserted by a later hand on the lower half of fo. 208b and the upper half of fo. 209a, with irregular punctuation as in No. 185.
4 Here, m¹, is a form of the P, to denote the place of the episcopal benediction.
5 natalitia, Mab., N.F.
6 tadeprecationem, Mab., N.F.
9 Zacharias, Mab., N.F.
10 meritis illius, Mab., N.F.
11—11 om. Mab.; ? illius, N.F.
2 honora, Mab., hodierna, N.F.

35

40

[377]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Eus pacis conditor deus caritatis indultor da nobis placidus pacem tuam et praselsta ut dum sanctorum tuorum apostulorum petri et pauli festa /celebramur† [fo. 210b] per eorum intercessione[m]. pacis securitatem cum peccatorum ueniam consegui mereamur per dominum nostrum

[378]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

TEre dignum et iustum est nos tibi semper et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne 10 deus praecipue hodie in honorem beatissimorum apostolorum et martyrum tuorum petri et pauli quos ita electio tua sibi¹ consecrare dignata est saecularem piscandi artem in diuinum dogma conuerteret quatinus humanum genus /hac² de profundo istius [fo. 211a 15 praeceptorum tuorum retibus liberares Nam cumapostulum³ eius paulum⁴ mentem cum nomine commutasti et quema prius persecutorem metuebat eclesia caelestium mandatorum laetatur se habere doctorem caecatus est ut uideret petrus negauit ut crederet claues caelestis imperii tradedisti illum⁵ ad euocandas gentes diuinae legis scientiam contulisti nam ille introducit aperit ambo igitur uirtutes† aeternae praemia sunt adepti /hunc dextera tua gradientem in elemento liquido ne [fo. 211b mergetur⁶ erexit illum autem^b tertio naufragantem profunda 25 pelagi fecit uitare discrimina hic portas inferni ille mortis uicit aculeum paulus capite plectitur quia gentibus caput fidei conprobatur petrus autem praemissis in cruce uesticaput omnium nostrum⁷ secutus est christum merito omnes

[370] BENEDICTIO POPULI IN NATALE APOSTULORUM PETRI ET PAULI

DEus qui membris eclesiae uelut gemellum lumen /quo caueantur tenebrae fecisti petri [fo. 212a lacrimas pauli litteras coruscare AMEN [b] Hanc plebem placitus⁸ inspice qui caelos facis aperire

petro in claue paulo in dogmate AMEN

¹ tibi, Mab., N.F.
2 erased.
3 cum apostolum, Th., Mur., Vez., coapostolo, Mab., N.F.
4 Paulo, Mab., N.F.
5 illi, Mab.
6 mergeretur, Mab., Vez., N.F.
7 nostrorum
9 placidus, cf. 107, l. 2, etc.; ? placatus, N.F. 5 illi, Mab., N.F. 7 nostrorum.

a Cf. Gal. i, 23. b Cf. 2 Cor. xi, 25.

[c] Ut praeuianturl ducibus illic grex possit accedere peruenerunt pariter tam ille pastor suspendio quam iste doctor per gladium in congresso per dominum nostrum

MISSA IN NATALE UNIUS APOSTULI ET MARTYRIS

[380]

Omine deus omnium sanctorum /splendor mira- [fo. 212b] bilis qui hunc diem beati apostuli tui illius martyrio consecrasti da eclesiae tuae digne de tanto gaudere apostulo ut aput misericordiam tuam et exemplum² eius 1 iuuemur et meritis per dominum nostrum filium tuum

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR [381]

M Aiestatem tuam domine suppliciter exoramus ut sicut eclesiae tuae beatus ille apostolos praedicator et doctor extetit ita sit pro nobis per[pe]ttuus† suffragator per 1 dominum nostrum iesum

[382] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

/ Aetificet nos quaesomus domine munus obla- [fo. 213a tum ut sicut in apostulo tuo te mirabilem praedicamus sic per illum praesumamus³ indulgentiae largitatem

[382*] 4[COLLECTIO AD PACEM]

DRaesta nobis eius desiderata commercia ut cuius perpedignitatem sacrosancto misterio frequentamus in terris et praesentia nobis subsidia postulet et aeterna dominum nostrum

[383] CONTESTATIO

Ere dignum et iustum est te laudare omnipotens deus praecipue in beati apostuli tui illius festiuitate in qua gloriosus⁵ eius sanguis pro christo /effusus est cuius [fo. 213b uenerabilis annuae recursionis sollempnitas et perpetua semper et noua est quia et ain conspectu tuae maiestatis permanet mors tuorum praeciosa iustoruma et restaurantur

praeuiantibus, Mab., N.F.
 exemplo, Mab., Vez., N.F.
 tuae sumamus, N.F.

⁴ This prayer follows the preceding one without a break. 5 m1, groriosus.

a-a Ps. cxv, 15.

incrementa laetitiae cum felicitatis aeternae recoluntur exordia Supplices te rogamus omnipotens deus ut nobis donare digneris apostulum tuum illum pro peccatis nostris intercessorem necessitatibus patronum ut qui pro ueritate sacrum sanguinem fudit ipse ante conspectu[m] maiestatis tuae uota nostra suscipiat et ita ei obsequeorum¹/nostrorum officiositate placeamus ut dum nos ei [fo. 214a/supplicamus in terris ille nos commendare dignetur in caelis domino iesu christo Cui merito omnes angeli

MISSA IN DIEM PASSIONIS SANCTI IOHANNIS 10 BAPTISTAE ET MARTYRIS

[384] · [PRAEFATIO]

DEum patrem et filium et spiritum sanctum humili confessione et supplici deuocione fratres karissimi unianimes obsecremus ut nos hodie uaticinate uocis uerbi praecursoris legum limitis lucernae lucentis /sancti [fo. 214b martyris baptiste iohannis passionem celebrantibus² eiusdem intercessione inluminet defendat et sanctificet ut qui pro ueritate sacrum sanguinem fudit pro nobis ad deum preces fundere dignetur per dominum nostrum

[385] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

In honorem beatissimi martyris tui baptistae iohannis cuius hodie passionem celebramus his maiestati tuae omnipotens deus laudibus seruientes sollempnia festa concininemus³ Suppliciter diprecantes ut cuius meritis obsequimur eius 25 te donante aput elementiam tuam praecibus adiuuemur per

[386] /POST NOMINA [fo. 215a

M Unera populi tui omnipotens deus quae tibi in hac beatissimi martyris tui baptistae iohannis festiuitate deferimus⁴ quaesomus propitiatus intende ut perfecti⁵ 30 huius sacrificii sanctificatione purgati nostrorum a te mereamur consequi ueniam delictorum per

[387] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

SUscipe quaesomus domine preces nostras et intercessione martyris tui baptistae iohannis quem in tuo honore 35 ueneramur eclesiae tuae uota confirma qui etiam dignus

¹ The contraction marks after q usually denote que not qui. 2 celebrantes. 3 concinimus, Mab., N.F. 4 mu added above the line. 5? perfecte.

est habitus ut¹ te /baptizandum mundi saluator [fo. 215b offerres Dignum est enim hoc mereri ut omnes nos baptismatis tui gratia[m] consecutos meretorum suorum intercessione conciliet saluator mundi

[388] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

DIgnum et iustum est aequum et salutare est Nos tibi semper agere gratias omnipotens et misericors deus inter has sacramentorum aepulas martyris tui caput cum euangelica recordatione misceri Et uelut in disco metalli radiantis ita super mensam tuae propitiationis offerre³ Sit ergo nobis domine iocunda laudatio /Sit [fo. 216a in honore martyris recordatio cantici triumphalis Et cum his caelestibus supernisque uirtutibus fidelis populi sinphonia misceatur que a dextris tuis consona uoce sub trina repetitione estan³ dicentes (sanctus sanctus sanctus)

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTI SIXTI PAPAE URBIS ROMAE

[389]

D^Omine deus fidelium insuperabilis fortitudo qui inter mundana⁴ conuersationes aduersa sanctorum nos maxime glorificatione /solaris⁵ tui indesinenter ac- [fo. 216b cendis Excita domine in aeclesia tua spiritum cui ille seruiuit ut studeamus diligere quod amauit et opera⁶ exercere quod docuit per dominum nostrum iesum filium tuum

[390] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

PRaesta nobis omnipotens et misericors deus ut beati sixti martyris tui repetita sollempnitas et liberationem nobis perfectam tribuat et salutem per dominum nostrum

[391] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

A Desto domine supplicationibus nostris et intercessionem⁷ 3 martyris tui sixti perpetuam nobis misericordiam /benignus inpende Et nomina quae recitata [fo. 217a sunt nostrorum carorum in caelesti pagina iobeas intimare† per dominum nostrum

1 ut ei, Mab., N.F. 2 offerri, Mab., N.F.

Mab., N.F.

⁵ The lacuna in the sense of this collect can be supplied from Leon.: [et ad sublimia exempla patientiae, triumpho nos sancti Sixti].

6 opere, Mab., N.F.

³ m¹: testan; ? testantur or more probably stant; cantant, Mab., N.F.

⁴ A dot over the middle of the word shows that it needs correction; mundanae, ab., N.F.

⁷ intercessione, omn.; ? per intercessionem.

40

[392]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

A Ccipe quaesomus domine munera dignanter oblata beati sixti episcopi et martyris suffragantibus meritis nostrae salutis augmentum prouenire concide Et illa¹ quae in eo flagrauit fortis dilectio in nobis adspira benignus per eum quem²

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

| Ere dignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est tibi assiduas laudes canere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne /deus per christum dominum nostrum [fo. 217b 10 qui per aduentum suum credentes in se homines caelestia regna transire permisit Quoniam hii qui se tuae testes offerunt ueritatis inimicum dum occiduntur occidunt ex quibus est sanctus ac uenerabilis syxtus martyr

cuius hodie sollempnitas celebratur qui dum apostolicae 15 sedis excepisset insignia et se primum esse conspiceret sacerdotum occansionem salutaris passionis excipiens non tantum saeculares³ exuit sordes contagii uerum etiam exemplum fuit ceteris Nam mox suus quoque minister /eximius uenerabilis laurentius uicturiae palmam [fo. 218a 20 imitatus accepit ornamentum 4quod debuit poena4 subire ut gloriam mereretur aeternam consequere⁵ per christum

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTI LAURENTI MARTYRIS

[394] Eus fidelium tuorum saluator et rector omnipotens 25 sempiterne deus adesto uotis sollemnitatis hodiernae Et eclesiae gaudiis de gloriosa martyris tui passione beati6 laurenti conceptis benignus aspira Augeatur omnium fides tantae uirtutis /ortu⁷ et corda lactantium [fo, 218b supplicio martyrum igniantur Ut aput misericordiam tuam illius iuuemur merito cuius exultamus exemplo per dominum nostrum

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Eus mundi creator et rector qui hunc diem in leuitae tui laurenti martyrio consecrasti Exaudi propitius 35 supplices tuos et concide ut omnes qui martyrii eius merita ueneramur intercessionibus eius ab aeternis gehennae incendiis liberemur per dominum

¹ illam, Mab., Vez., N.F.
2 The contraction marks after and over q usually represent quem not qui.
3 The contraction marks after and over q usually represent quem not qui.
4—4 quo debuit poenam, Mab., N.F.

saecularis, Mab., N.F.
 consequi. 6 The scribe began to write bei. 7 ? os[ten]t26.

[396] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Oncide nobis domine gratiam tuam in beati laurenti martyris /celebritate multiplicem ut de tanti [fo. 219a agonem† certaminis discat populus christianus et lfirmam solidare patientiam¹ et pia exultare uicturia

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

CAncti laurenti nos domine quaesomus praecatio iusta tueatur et quod nostra conscientia non praesumit eius nobis qui tibi placuit oratione donetur per dominum nostrum filium tuum

[398] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Tere dignum et iustum est omnipotens sempiterne deus tibi in tanti martyris 2laurenti laudis2 ĥostias qui hostiam uiuentem /quit hostiamt [fo. 219b hodie in³ ipsius laeuitae tui beati laurenti martyris uiuentem† ministerio per florem casti corporis accepisti Cuius uocem ⁴per hymnidicum⁴ modolamini⁵ psalmi audiuimus canentis atque dicentis ^aProbasti cor meum deus et uisitasti noctem⁶ in tenebris saeculi igne me examinasti et non est inuenta in me iniquitașa O gloriosa certaminis uirtus O inconcussa con- 2 stantia confitentis Stridunt membra uiuentia super graticulam inpositam† et prunis saeuientibus anhelantes†incensum suum in modum timiamatis /diuinis naribus exhibent odo- [fo. 220a rem Dicit enim martyr ipse cum paulo bchristi bonus odor sumus deob Non enim cogitabat quomodo in terram† posi- 2 tus a passionis periculo liberaretur Sed quomodo inter martyres in caelis coronaretur per christum dominum nostrum per quem

MISSA SANCTI YPPOLITI MARTYRIS

[399]

A nobis omnipotens et misericors deus ut beati yppoliti martyris tui ueneranda sollemnitas et deuotionem nobis /augeat et salutem per dominum nostrum [fo. 220b] filium tuum

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR 400

Raesta nobis omnipotenst† et misericors deus ut beati yppoliti martyris tui repetita sollempnitas et liberationem nobis perfectam tribuat et salutem per dominum nostrum

^{1—1} firma solidari patientia, Mab., N.F.
2—2 Laurenti festivitate laudis, N.F.
3 om.
4—4 hymnidicam. 5 ? modulamen ox modulamina; modulum ox modulati, Mab. 6 nocte, Mab., N.F.

[&]quot;_a Ps. xvi, 3.

b_b 2 Cor. ii, 15.

5

25

[401]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

DEus tuorum gloria ¹martyri tuo yppolito quaesomus omnia nobis prospera concide per dominum nostrum filium tuum

[402]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

T nobis tua domine remedia dent salutem beatus yppolitus martyr quaesomus /pro nobis supplicans [fo. 221a cupiosus audiatur per dominum nostrum

[403]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

TEre dignum et iustum est omnipotens aeterne deus 10 Qui beatum yppolitum tyranicis adhuc obsequiis occupatum subito fecisti laurenti socium qui spiritali ardore succensus dum unigenitum filium tuum dominum nostrum coram potestatibus ueraciter confitetur uinculis inligatur cardis configitur aequorum feroc aequorum ferocitate 15 disiungitur et adepta palma martyrii uita perpetua cum lucratore et magistro laurentio coronatur per christum dominum nostrum

/MISSA IN NATALE SANCTORUM [fo. 221b MARTYRUM CORNILI ET CYPRIANI

[404]

CAncte domine ²omnipotens quem² cornilius et cyprianus triumphali sanguine confitendo uenerabiles extiterunt Praesta quaesomus ut uterque nobis iugiter suffragentur per

[405]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

CAnctus cornilius et cyprianus 3suffragia nos4 domine consueta3 dependant et pari semper intercessione nos foueant per dominum

[406]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

BEatorum martyrum pariterque /pontificum cornili [fo. 222a et cypriani nos quaesomus festa tueantur eorum nos tibi domine commendet oratio ut caris nostris qui in christo dormiunt refrigeria aeterna concedas per

1_1 ? iustorum, martyre t. Y. q. p. n. supplicante.
2_2 omnipotensque, Th., Mur., Vez.
3_3 suffragiis . . . consuetis.
4 nobis, Mab., N.F.

MISSALE GOTHICUM.

Ι

[407]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DRaetende nobis misericordiam tuam et esto populi tui defensor et custos¹ et² sanctorum tuorum tuorum cornili et cypriani ueneranda sollemnia securo possunt³ frequentare conuentu per.

[408]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est semper et ubique tibi gratias agere omnipotens aeterne deus Teque in sanctorum martyrum /praedicare uirtute quos discretis terrarum [fo. 222b] partibus greges sacros pascentes. una 4eademque fide de⁴ diuersis licet temporibus consonante parique nominis tui confessione coronasti per dominum nostrum per quem

MISSA IN NATALE SANCTORUM GERMANORUM IOHANNIS ET PAULI

[409]

O Uaesomus omnipotens et misericors deus ut nos geminata laetitia hodiernae festiuitatis excipiat qua[e] de beatorum martyrum tuorum iohannis /et pauli glori- [fo. 223a ficatione procedit quos eadem fides et passio fecit esse germanus per

[410]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Mnipotens sempiterne deus ne aput iustitiam tuam peccata nostra nos adgrauent germanorum martyrum suffragiis adiuuemur quos et partus una⁵ et par martyrii palma coniunxit per

411

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

CUscipe domine propitius praeces nostras et tuorum depraecatione iustorum iohannis et pauli pietate⁶ tuae⁷ perfice benignus acceptas et quos sanguis⁸ propinquitas coniunxit et fides patrocinium nobis deferant solaminis per

412

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

fo. 223b

Ntende domine munera quaesomus altaribus tuis pro beatorum martyrum tuorum iohannis et pauli commemoratione praeposita⁹ ut sicut per haec beata mysteria illis

¹ m¹: custus. ³ possint, Mab., N.F. ⁵ unus.

⁷ e above the line.
9 proposita, Mab., N.F.

² Ut, Mab., N.F.

^{4-4?} eademque die; fide eademque die, N.F.

⁶ pietati, omn. 8 sanguinis, Mab., N.F.

gloriam contulisti nobis indulgentiam largiaris per dominum

[413]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

TEre satis est dignum atque iustum in horum martyrum iohannis et pauli¹ germanitate pariter et beatitudo² tibi omnipotens deus dicere laudes et fratres sorte nascendi et magnifica praestetisti passione /germanos ut simul essent uenerandae gloria [fo. 224\alpha genetricis et florentissima prolis eclesiae In quorum memoria passionis oblatum sacrificium accepe libens domine et per eum nos cum ipsorum martyrum intercessione emunut liberis uocibus et consonis mentibus hymnum dicere laudis mereamur cum angelis et archangelis clamantes SANCTUS

MISSA IN NATALE BEATISSIMI SINFURIANI MARTYRIS

[414]

/[PRAEFATIO]

[fo. 224b

15

CAcr[a]tam misteriis caelestibus diem ad officium deuotionis nostrae sollempnitatis ingressi fratres dilectissimi laudemus adominum in sanctis suisa Cumque in beatissimi 20 sinfuriani martyris honore ueneremur agentes ei gratias pro triumphis eius et groriam⁶ quam⁷ aduersus corporis infirmitatem paen[a]rumque⁸ saeuitiam Spiritus fortitudinem⁹ demigantem f spei uiribus roborauit muro credulitatis inclusit

Successuque uicturiae ad praemia inmortalitatis inuexit Oremus quoque /ut nos10 in hoc saeculo etsi [fo. 225a non pari agone certantibus¹¹ similis fortitudo non desinat¹² Et sicut illum exhortatio pie matris extulit ad peragendam certaminis huius uicturiam Ita nos catholicae fides aeclesiae inrepraehensibiliter custodita perducatad ueniam prouehat 30 ad coronam per dominum nostrum iesum christum

[415]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

Anctorum omnium gloriosal3 protectio deus qui beato martyri tuo sinfuriano auxilium non negasti et per iniqua

- ¹ pauli [festivitate].
 ³ consortium.

- 5 Eunque, Mab., N.F.
 6 gle
 7 quem, Mab., Vex., N.F.
 8 m¹: paeniarumque, ia subsequently erased.
 9 fortitudine, Mab., N.F.
 11 tan above the line.
 12 ?
- 13 m1: groriosa.
- a_a Ps. cl, I.

- ² beatitudine, Mab., Vez., N.F.
- 4 emunda, Mab., Vez., N.F.
- ⁶ gloria, omn.
- 10 nobis. 12 ? desit. 40

mortis ludibria ad hanc gloriam uocare dignatus es /praesta ut similes¹ nos fides martyrio² copulet quos [fo. 225b] tempus passionis in stadio non reliquit Ac sicut illum iter durum et scupolosum† per erumnas passionum paradyso conlocauit Ita nos praesentium uoluptatum contemptus⁸ per dominum nostrum

COLLECTIO SEOUITUR4 [416]

R Ecitatis nominibus offerentum fratres karissimi omnipotentis dei misericordiam dipraecemur ut plebi quae in honore beati sinfuriani martyris uota reddit alta- 10 ribus diuinae credulitatis infundatur affectus ut eius administratione firmentur qui martyris/meritis non [fo. 226a iunguntur⁵ ac sicut ille post carceris septa post paenarum ligamina postque famis inaediam aeternitatis gaudia infinita perfruitur ita defunctorum animae laxatis inferni 15 praessuris abrahae ⁶patris gremio ⁶ conlocentur quod ipse pra[e]stare dignentur [†] qui

[417] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

L Argitor bonorum omnium deus qui inter illas martyrum splendentium niueis⁷ fide cateruas toto orbe terra- 20 rum gratia coruscante⁸ diffusas praeciosum peculiaremque nobis beatum sinfurianum martyrem indulsisti Largire cotidianis /supplecum tuorum uotis Ut in cuius festa [fo. 226b] deuoto exultamus trepudio eius in posterum consortio coniungamur hominum osculis corporalibus spiritalibus 25 alligari mereamur affectibus per

[418] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est aequum et salutare est Nos tibi in honore beati martyris tui sinfuriani laudem⁹ hostias immolare domine deus aeterne in cuius nos sollempnitate 30 uel ratio manifesta rerum uel eruditio perfecta uirtutum qui splendere meruit Non solum terrenorum /claritate natalium Uerum etiam sublimitate caeles- [fo. 227a tium uirtutum Et fausti fulgidus genere fausto¹⁰ martyrii

¹ similis, N.F., ²? martyri.
³ Mab., N.F., print as if there were something missing here; there is no lacuna in the MS. and the present text is sufficiently clear.

⁴ Collectio post nomina, Mah., N.F.
⁵ gun, above the line; junsuntur, Th., Mur., Vez.
⁶—⁶ m¹, gremio patris.

⁷ nivea, N

⁷ nivea, Mab., N.F. e m1, coroscante. 9 laudis; laudum, Mab., Vez., N.F. 10 fausti (!), Mab.

40

leuatur in culmine qui beatos patres andochium benig-numque secutur¹ per martyrii flagrantiam electus peruenit ad palmam Oui dum adflictionem seguitur praesentium instructionem effecit posterorum et materno conloquio pietate² transfertur ad praemium Cum ei insinuatur non debere mortem metuere quia martyribus uita non tollitur sed mutatur O admiranda /gratiarum fides qui3 de 4beato filio uitam glorioso4 exultat affectu et quae lugere credebatur gaudere cognoscitur secura de regni tui praemiis filium exhortatur cum ingenti laetitia morientes in christo uiuere Et amissam uitam eo restaurante recipere Digne ergo hic honoratur in nomine tuo qui te honorauit in sanguine suo qui pro te afflictus est in supplicio per te glorificatus est in sepulchro qui te honorauit in tecum regnat in caelo Qui per angustiam praesen- 15 tium tribulationum peruenire meruit ad amplitudinem caelestium /gaudiorum per christum dominum [fo. 228a nostrum per quem

MISSA SANCTI AC BEATISSIMI MAURICII CUM SOCIIS SUIS

[419] [PRAEFATIO]

Omnipotentis domini misericordiam in huius diei sex milium sexcentorum martyrum sollemnitate fratres karissimi depraecemur ut qui tante plebi suae gloria[m] martyrii contulit ita nobis⁶ 7diei inmensa peccaminum⁷ 25 misericordiae suae largitate laetefecit⁸ per dominum nostrum iesum

[420] /COLLECTIO SEQUITUR [fo. 228b

DEus qui sanctis tuis acauninsebus pro tuicione christiani nominis persecutionis audaciam sustulisti eorumque 30 animum ⁹adepiscendam dignetatis tuae martyria perfulgentem gratia ⁹ incetasti Exaudi supplecis † tuos Et praesta ut sicut illi tuo munere meruerunt beatifece coronari Ita eorum suffragiis ab omni conluuione peccati te auxiliante reddamur innoxii per dominum

[421] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus karorum nostrorum omnipotentem dominum depraecemur Ut plebis /suae minis- [fo. 229a trorumque uota suscipiens oblationis nostras quas in com-

1 secutus, omn.
2 ? a pietate.
3 quae, Mab., N.F.
4 beati filii uita gloriosa.
5 Sciens.

⁷_7 ? de immensa peccatorum mole, N.F. 8 m¹: laetifecit; laetificet, omn. 9_9 ad adipiscendam martyrio praefulgentem gratiam, Mab., N.F.

memorationem sanctorum acauninsium ac pro spiritebus karorum nostrorum offerimus in odorem bonae suauetatis accepiat Unde supplecis simus ut beatissimorum patriarcharum prophetarum apostolorum¹ et martyrum omniumque sanctorum piis praecibus adiuuemur per

[422]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DEus cui acceptissimum ac iocundissimum sacrificium esse² sanctorum tuorum fides atque deuocio adesto familiae tuae tibi suppleci³ misericordia[m]⁴ /tuam per sanc- [fo. 229b] torum tuorum acauninsium suffragia postolanti Et da ut qui 10 te peccatorum suorum errore laeserunt placere tibi per sanctorum tuorum intercessione mereantur per

[423]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est uere aequum et iustum est Nos domine sancte pater omnipotens 15 aeternaet deus Tu enim domine thebeorum exercitum populi tui supplicium distinatum ita subita iussionis tuae gratiam⁵ reuocasti ut plus elegerent sedola deuocione interfice† quam de christianorum sanguinem /saci- [fo. 230a ari nec ⁶cum tantis ut⁶ te auxiliante ⁷persecucione sonus⁷ 20 excepere8 ceruices suas persequentibus inclinare8 et cum rabies inimici decernerit[†] ut dei populus denummerationis instantia deperirit ille reptus⁹ est decemus qui antecepacione martyrii fierit primitiuos Clamur in castris oretur¹⁰ uirtus demigandi† contemnetur de adsummatione ²⁵ martyrii contentio ardua commouetur dei populus ferroll confodetur sanguis innocentum effundetur fides inlibata Sic domine militis proteges tuos ut nec defuerit in passione /pacientia nec infesione¹² constantia¹³ [fo. 230b inter beatorum bella et beata certamena plus metuit gloriosa 30 quam 15 mano confessio ¹⁴de cummiletonum¹⁴ consortio diuidi carnefecis gloriari¹⁵ Totus namque dei populus tante¹⁶ ardoris fidei alacretate flagrabat ut se¹⁷ tardaretur persecutio corporis praecederit deuocio passionis tanta enim fuit

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1 lo, above the line.
                                                                2 est, Mab., Vez., N.F.
      3 m1: supplici.
                                                               4 m1: misericordiae, but final e erased.
      5 gratia, Mab., Vez., N.F.

6—6 cunctati sint; ? cunctantes ut, Mab, ?—7 persecutionis onus, Mab., Vez., N.F.; there is a red dot in the middle of
the o of sonus.
     o of sonus.

8-8 ? exciperent . . . inclinarent, N.F. needlessly.

9 raptus omn.

10 The scribe began to write ori.
                                                                                                                          40
```

¹¹ ferre, Th., Mur.

12 in confessione, Mab.,

13 n above the line.

14—14 decum miletonum,

15—15 manus c. g., Mab., ? manu c. lacerari, N.F.

16 tanta, Mab., N.F. 12 in confessione, Mab., N.F. 14_14 decum miletonum, Th., Mur., Vez.

15

constantia populi et... linimici utnec furor inuenirit postmodum quod occiderit nec gloriosum remanserit quod peririt Factus est sacer ille /agauninsium locus [fo. 231a per suffragia martyrum salus praesentium praesidium futurorum² ⁸quam sanguis³ unda perfudit praeciosorum corporum societas⁴ consecrauit Unde merito tibi domine inter chorus martyrum et uocebus⁵ angelorum laudis tibi debitas agemus cum exultatione dicentis sanctus

[424]

COLLECTIO POST SANCTUS

Remus fratres dilectissimi ut dominus ac deus 10 noster speciem istam suo⁶ ministerio consecrandam caelestis gratiae inspiratione sanctifecit et humanam benediccionem /plenitudinem⁷ diuini fauoris adcomolit⁸ per [fo. 231*b* dominum nostrum iesum

MISSA SANCTI LEUDEGARII MARTYRIS

[425]

Summe omnipotens aeterne deus qui uitam beati antestetis tui laudegarii martyris per istius saeculi aerumnas transire iussisti Cuius annua festa deuota mente celebramus Quaesomus ut per eius intercessionem plebi⁹ tuae 20 clementiae famulantem ita /in praesenti foueas ut [fo. 232a ad caelestia regna perducas per dominum

[426]

COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

DEus qui beatum martyrem tuum laudegarium in agone probasti et probatum in dolore sustentasti quem 25 hodierna die in caelestibus gaudiis recipere dignatus es Praesta nobis famulis tuis ut qui gloriam non meremur indulgentiam peccatorum ipso interueniente adepisci mereamur per

[427]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus offerentum fratres karissimi domini maiestatem depraecemur ut qui uitam summi antestites sui /laudegarii martyris transtulit ad coronam per [fo. 2326 interuentu[m] sanctorum patriarcharum prophetarum apostulorum et martyrum anachoritarum et uirginum om- 35

40

30

¹ et omn.; the erased word may be insania.

² ro above the line. ³—³ quem sanguinis, Mab., N.F.

⁴ e above the line.
6 ? nostro, N.F.
7 plenitudine, omn.
8 adcumulet, omn.

⁹ plebem, Mab., N.F. Cf. Gerbert, Mon. lit. aleman., I, p. 184.

niumque sanctorum concidere dignetur ut sacrae praesentis oblatio quae offertur uiuentibus emendationem Et defunctis remissionem obteneant¹ peccatorum Et quorum nomina hic recitatione patefacta sunt in caelestibus paginis conscribantur quod ipse praestare

[428] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

PAcem tuam domine nostris inlabere pectoribus /qui² beatum martyrem tuum leudegarium in hoc [fo. 233a saeculo commorantem per pacis studium hodie caelestis aula suscepit Nobis quoque peccatoribus pacis uin- 10 culum et caritatis studium eius meretis suffragantibus largire iubeas in euum per dominum

[429] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est uere aequum et pulchrum est Nos tibi hic et ubique semper laudes et gratias agere laudesque adtollere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus per iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum ab inicio saeculi /procreatum. uerbum editum pa- [fo. 233b] tris principia³ saeculi istius conlocatum per⁴ totum orbem terrarum contulisti ubi beatus martyr tuus laeudegarius 20 episcopus de altitudinem saeculi huius per alternas musitationis⁵ discerptus pompas sae[cu]li fragilitatisque calcauit Cuius6 tu domine auxilium ferre dignatus es ut praesentis saeculi amorem dispicerit et caelestia adepiscere promererit Uerumtamen acrucem suam tollensa bte pastorem 25 sequens^b ut paradysi dilicias possideret praesentia omnia dereliquit O beatum uirum leudegarium antestitem /qui per nefandorum consilia corpus nexibus absolutum. [fo. 234a ora7 labiis minuatum oculisque orbatum exilium perpetratum lubricitatis saeculi postpositum diuersis tormentis 3º Exemplum reliquit episcoporum per suam passionem uel pacientiam et⁸ ad extremum uitae perpetuae restitutus

caelestia regna penetrauit angelorum choro sociatur coronam⁹ inmarciscibilibus^c floribus remuneratur unde post multae reliquiae floruerunt in galleis Praecamur ergo te 35 domine ut nos famulos tuos omnemque plebem reminiscentes talem /pastorem eius meretis suffragantibus [fo. 234b]

¹ obtineat, Mab., Vez., N.F.
2 et quia; et cum, Mab., N.F.
3 ? principium, Mab.
5 muttlationes, Mab., N.F.
6 Cui, Mab., Vez., N.F.
7 oris; os, Mab., N.F.
8 above the line.
9 coronae, Mab., N.F.

a_a Cf. Mt. xvi, 24. b_b Ier. xvii, 16. c_c Cf. 1 Pet. v, 4.

ueniam mereamur obtenire peccaminum per christum dominum nostrum cui omnes angeli

[430] POST SANCTUS

Osanna [in] excelsis Benedictus qui uenit in nomine domini quem¹ angelorum et archangelorum 5 concinunt uirtutis quae nos hodie in passione beati martyris tui leudegarii uox una prorumpit in laude ut tu deus pater omnium qui² nobis ueniam tribuas de peccatis Quaesomus da obliuione[m] preteritorum facinorum qui dedisti martyribus post /3triumpho corona per dominum nostrum [fo. 235a 10 qui pridie

[431] POST SECRETA

Haec facimus pater iesu christe⁴ qui nobis de lege ueteris⁵ nouam tradedisti Concide nobis intercidente 15 beato antestite tuo leudegario martyre Cuius hodie 6annuae commemoratione⁶ celebramus ut discendat hic benedictio tua super hunc panem et calicem in transformatione spiritus tui sancti uti haec benedicendo benedicas. sanctificando sanctifices ut quicumque ex utraque benedictione sumpseri- 20 mus eterni[ta]tis /praemium et uitam consequi [fo. 235b] mereamur aeternam per

MISSA UNIUS MARTYRIS [1]

[432]

S^Ancti martyris tui *illius* quaesomus domine nos oratio 25 sancta conciliet quae sacris uirtutibus ueneranda refulget per

433 COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

BEatus ille martyr quesomus domine pia nos intercessione commendet et tibi placito fulti suffragio quam non 30 meremur indulgentiam consequiamur† per dominum nostrum

[434] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

 $A^{\,\rm Desto}$ domine supplicationibus /nostris et inter- [fo. 236lpha perpetuam nobis misericordiam benignus inpende et munera superinposita 35

¹ quam, omn.

8_3 triumphum coronam, Mab., Vez., N.F.

6_6 annuam commemorationem, Mab., N.F.

dignanter¹ adsume ut defu[n]ctis ad refrigerium uiuentibus² proficiat ad salutem per

[435] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DEus pacis conditor deus caritatis indultor da nobis placidus pacem tuam Et presta ut dum sancti 5 martyris tui illius passionem celebramus per eius intercessionem pacis securitatem cum peccatorum ueniam consequi mereamur per

[436] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

DIgnum et iustum est uere dignum /et iustum [fo. 236b 10 est Nos tibi agere gratias . domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Tibi enim festa sollemnitas agitur Tibi dies sacrata celebratur quam beatissimi martyris tui illius sanguis in ueritatis tuae testificatione profusus magnifico nominis tui honore signauit . per christum dominum 15 nostrum per quem

ITEM MISSA UNIUS MARTYRIS [II]

[437]

SAncti martyris tui domine nos quaesomus interuentio gloriosa commendet ut quod nostris actibus /non [fo. 237a 20 uale³ eius praecibus consequamur per

[438] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

T Uus sanctus martir ille nos quaesomus domine ubique laetificet ut eius dum merita in praesenti festiuitate recolimus patrocinia in augmentum uirtutum sentiamus 25 per

[439] COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

I Nterueniat pro nobis domine petimus sanctus tuus martyr ille qui sanguinem suum pro tuo nomine groriosum† fudit et ipso interueniente nomina quae recitata sunt 3º nostrorum carorum in caelesti pagina iubeas intimare per

[440] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

SAncti martyris tui domine *illius* nos /quaesomus [fo. 237b praecatio sancta tueatur et quod nostra conscientia 35

¹ an above the line. ² abbreviation mark over the first u. ³ The erased letter after uale appears to be a; ualemus, Mab., N.F.

5

35

non praesumit eius nobis qui tibi placuit oratione donetur Et praesentia munera ita serena pietate intuere ut sancti spiritus perfunda[n]tur benedictione Et in nostris cordibus eam dilectionem ualidam infundant per quam sanctus martyr ille omnia corporis tormenta deuicit per

[441] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Dignum et iustum est uere dignum et iustum est omnipotens et misericors deus te semper in laude martyrum honorare et in presenti festiuitate sancti martyris tui te confitentil gratias agere /cui dedisti [fo. 238a 10 caelestis palmam triumphi nobis quoque eo suffragante emundationem ac ueniam concide peccatis² ut in te etiam exultemus in mise[ri]cordia in quo ille laetatur in gloria per

ITEM MISSA UNIUS MARTYRIS [III]

DA quaesomus domine ut sancti martyris tui *illius* annua sollemnitate laetemur ut³ tantae fidei proficiamus exemplo per

[443] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

 $E_{\mathrm{sancto\ martyre\ tuo\ }\emph{illo}}^{\mathrm{Xaudi\ domine\ praeces\ nostras\ quaesomus}}$ Et interueniente sancto martyre tuo \emph{illo} eas ante conspectum maiestatis tue placatus admitte per

[444] /4COLLECTIO SEQUITUR4 [fo. 238b

Netret domine quaesomus fidelibus tuis auxilium oratio iusta sancti martyris illius ut in cuius sumus celebritate deuoti simus eius sorte† participes proficiant haec quae offerimus pro incolomitate uiuentium et pro requie defunctorum per

[445] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Suscipe domine propitius orationem nostram cum oblationibus hostiarum superinpositis et martyris tui *illius* depraecatione pietate† tuae perfice benignus acceptas et illa[m] que in eo /flagrauit fortis dilectio in nobis [fo. 239a adspira benignus per

¹ confitentis, Mab., ? confitendo, N.F.; confitentes.

² peccati, Mab., N.F.; ? peccantibus or peccatoribus, Vez.

³ et, Mab., N.F.

⁴ Post nomina, Vez., N.F.

[446]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ere dignum et iustum est omnipotens aeterne deus Te in omnium martyrum triumphis laudare quoniam tuis donis atque muneribus beati martyris tui illius passionem hodierna sollemnitate ueneramur qui pro confes- 5 sione iesu christi filii tui diuersa supplicia sustenuit Et ea deuincens meruit coronam perpetuitatis per christum dominum nostrum - cui merito omnes¹

MISSA DE PLURI[BU]S MARTYRI[BU]S [I] /[447]

Eus qui sanctam nobis huius diei sollempnitatem commemorationem beatissimorum martyrum tuorum illius et illius passionem² fecisti adesto familiae tuae praecibus et da ut quorum hodie festa celebramus eorum meritis et intercessionibus adiuuemur per dominum

[448] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

A Nnue nobis quaesomus domine sanctorum martyrum tuorum illius et illius 3 ut opem nobis tuae 4 dipraecationis impendant et iram tuam quam nostris prauitatibus meremur eis interuenientibus euadamus per

[449] POST NOMINA

/ M Unera quae deferimus domine benignus ad- [fo.240 α sume et quia de nostris impediuntur 5 offensis sanctorum tuorum martyrum illorum praecibus adiuuemur

[450] COLLECTIO AD PACEM

DRopiciare domine supplicationibus nostris et his populi tui oblationibus intercidentes† martyres tuos illum et illum praesentiam⁶ tuae uirtutis inlustra et celebrantibus tuorum memoriam eam dilectionem infunde per quam illi cuncta inlata corporis tormenta deuicerunt per eum

[451] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est omnipotens /sempiterne [fo. 240b] deus te uictorem mortis et triumphatorem martyrum conlaudare et in festiuitate praesenti in qua martyrum tuorum illius et illius memoriam frequentamus quorum nos 35

¹ omnium, Mab.

² passionis; passione, omn. ³ illius intercessione. 5 impedimur.

⁶ praesentia, Mab.

dilectat et certaminis recordare¹ constantiam et uicturiae contemplare² praemia Et ideo te petimus ut beatis istis martyribus illo et illo fieri nos imitatores concedas Ut uel ultimos in remuneratione eorum participando constituas qui illis pro certaminis constantiam† beatitudinem tribuisti sempiternam per christum dominum nostrum cui merito

/ITEM MISSA MARTYRUM [II] [fo. 240*a

[452]

A Desto domine praecibus nostris quas in sanctorum 10 tuorum martyrum *illius* et *illius* commomoratione† deferimus Ut qui nostrae iustitiae fidutiam non habemus eorum qui tibi placuerunt meritis adiuuemur per dominum nostrum filium tuum

[453] COLLECTIO SEOUITUR

Propiciare domine supplicationibus nostris et exemplo sanctorum martyrum tuorum illius et illius flammam in nobis tuae caritatis accende ut quorum nos feceris imitatores iubeas esse consortes per

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA [454]

/CAnctorum martyrum tuorum illius et illius [fo. 240*b] quaesomus domine praecibus adiuuemur Ut quod nostra possibilitas non obtenit eorum qui ante te iusti inuenti sunt nobis oratione donetur Et quorum nomina ante altare sanctum sunt recitata eos quies aeterna suscipiat per dominum nostrum

[455]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Mnipotens sempiterne deus qui in sanctorum cordibus flammam tuae dilectionis accendis da mentibus³ eandem fidem⁴ caritatisque uirtutem ut quorum gaudemus 30 triumphis proficiamur⁵ exemplis per

/IMOLATIOT MISSAE [456] Tfo. 241a

JEre dignum et iustum est Nos tibi gratias agere omnipotens aeterne deus per christum dominum nostrum aqui glorificaris in concilio sanctorum tuorum 35 martyrum Magnus et terrebiles super omnes qui in circuitu

¹ recordari, Mab., N.F. 3 mentibus nostris.

⁵ proficiamus, Mab., N.F.

a Ps. lxxxviii, 8.

² contemplari, omn. 4 ? fidei, N.F.

tuo sunt Tibi enim seruiunt omnes creaturae tuae quia te solum auctorem et dominum recognuscunt et in omni factura eorum te conlaudant et benedicunt omnes sancti tui qui magnum illud unigeniti tui anomen quod est super omne nomena Coram regibus et potestatibus saeculi huius uoce libera confitentes de persecutoribus tuis¹ et diabulo /triumpharunt et praeciosum tibi sangui- [fo. 241b nem gloriosa morte fuderunt Unde benedicimus te domine in operibus tuis teque in sanctorum tuorum martyrum illius et illius commemoratione laudamus cum angelis et arch- 1 angelis thronis et dominationibus cherubin quoque et seraphin qui gloriam tuam non cessant clamare dicentes SANCTUS SANCTUS SANCTUS

ITEM MISSA MARTYRUM [III]

[457]

Eus qui nos sanctorum martyrum tuorum temporale /tribues commemoratione gaudere praesta [fo. 242a quaesomus ut in ea numeremur sorte saluati in qua illi sunt confessione tui nominis gloriosi per

[458]

COLLECTIO SEOUITUR

Eus bin cuius conspectu mors est praeciosa sanctorumb tribue ut nobis fidelibus² uita conferat quicquid illis mors deuota concessit

[459]

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA

Xaudi domine offerentium praeces uota suscipe 29 E peccata demitte anctorum martyrum Tribue quoque tuorum intercessione caris nostris qui in christo dormiunt refrigerium /in regione uiuorum per dominum [fo. 242b] nostrum

[460]

COLLECTIO AD PACEM

Mnipotens sempiterne deus Tribue nobis famulis tuis Ut sicut martyres tui cad bradium supernae uocationisc tetenderunt ita nos superato hoste uicturiam consequamur quam in labiis oris exsequimur inmaculatis et pacem cordibus teneamus per dominum

[461]

IMMOLATIO MISSAE

Ignum et iustum est omnipotens sempiterne deus quoniam a te constantiam fides a te uirtutem sumit

1 suis, N.F.

2 ? fidelis, N.F.

a—a Phil. ii, 9. b—b Ps. cxv, 15.

c—c Phil. iii, 14.

infirmitas et quicquid in persecutionibus saeuum quicquid in morte terribile est nominis tuifacis confessione superare†
/Unde benedicimus te domine in operibus tuis [fo. 243a
Teque in sanctorum martyrum tuorum illius et illius glorificatione laudamus Obsecrantes ut interuenire pro se
excolentibus iubeas quos perpetua remuneratione exaltas per christum dominum nostrum per quem

MISSA UNIUS CONFESSORIS

[462]

DEus fidelium remunerator animarum praesta ut cèlebritate 10 praesenti sancti confessoris tui et episcopi illius sit nobis ueneranda sollempnitas et placitorum tibi praecibus indulgentiam /consequamur per dominum nostrum [fo. 243b

[463] COLLECTIO SEQUITUR

EXaudi domine praeces nostras quas in sancti confessoris 15 tui illius com[me]moratione deferimus Ut in conspectu tuo et qui tibi digne meruit famulari clarus semper exsistat et supplicatio nos adiuuet tibi grata iustorum per

COLLECTIO POST NOMINA [464]

L Aetificet nos quaesomus domine sancti confessoris tui et 20 episcopi illius annua deuotione repetita sollemnitas Ut per haec pie oblationis officia et illum retributio beata cometetur² et nobis sacrae tribuatur sufficientia seruitutis per

/COLLECTIO AD PACEM 465

PEr studium caritatis non fictae et intercessione beatis-simi confessoris tui et episcori "" domine familiam tuam et per dilectionis uinculum spiritalibus instrue disciplinis per

[466] IMMOLATIO MISSAE

U Ere dignum et iustum est Nos tibi semper et ubique gratias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus qui glorificaris in confessione sanctorum et non solum excellentioribus premiis martyrum tuorum merita gloriosa prosequeris Sed etiam sacrum ministerium /conpeten- [fo. 244b 35 tibus seruiciis exsequentes agaudium3 domini sui tribues benignus intrarea Ut qui in modicob hoc est in paruo

1 ra added over the line. ² m¹: cometu. 3 ? in gaudium. a__a Mt. xxv, 21. > Cf. Luc. xix, 17.

uitae praesentes excurso fidelis apparuit supra multa bona utique in sempiternum mansura beatitudine dispoper christum dominum nostrum

MISSA DE PLURES† CONFESSORES†

[467]

DRotege nos quesomus domine tuorum dipraecacione iustorum ut quorum circumdamur suffragio foueamur auxilio per

[468]

. COLLECCIO

A Dsit nobis domine quaesomus pręcacio sancta iustorum quae nos a terrenis effectibus¹ incessabiliter expeditus celestia desiderare perficiat per

/POST NOMINA

fo. 245a

CAcrificium tibi domine laudis offerimus in uenerabilium Commemoracione sanctorum tuorum Da quaesomus 15 domine ut quod illis contulit ad gloria[m] nobis proficiat ad salutem per

[470]

AD PACEM

Blaciones familiae tuae domine quaesomus beatissimorum sanctorum tuorum confessio beata conciliet Et quae 20 nostris minus apta† sunt meritis fiant tibi placitae tuorum dipraecacione iustorum per

[471]

IMMOLACIO

Dignum et iustum est uere dignum et iustum est Qui sed etiam confessorum tuorum es 25 uirtute mirabilis Licet enim illi passione sint clari qui manifeste acerua supplicia²/sustenuerunt tormenta³ [fo. 245b] etiam isti tamen occulte proposito castigacionis afflicti cruciati⁴ spiritali⁵ obseruanciae disciplinis illorum sunt uestigia subsecuti per christum dominum

MISSA SANCTI MARTINI EPISCOPI

CUmmi sacerdotis tui patris nostri martini episcopi hodie deposicione[m] celebrantibus Tribue nobis domine ut sicut commemoracionem eius deuotissime colimus ita et opus 35 fideliter imitemur per

¹ affectibus, Mab., N.F.

³ et tormenta, Mab., N.F. ⁵ spiritalis, Mab., N.F.

² supplicii. 4 cruciatu.

[473]

COLLECCIO

Eus qui sanctam nobis diei huius sollempnitatem praedicandi Deus qui sanctam nobis diel nuius sonempia.

ac uenerabilis sacerdotis tui deposicione martini episcopi

(T. il processorus, ut quod [fo. 246a] praestare dignatus es /Tribue quaesomus ut quod [fo. 246a nostris obtinere praecibus non possumus ipsius meriamur 5 obtinere suffragiis per

POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus offerentum fratres karissimi omni-potentis dei ininnarrabilem¹ misericordiam supplices postulemus Ut nomina nostra qui in hunc celeberrimum 10 diem in honorem sancti antestitis sui martini offerimus benedicere et sanctificare ipso suffragante dignetur et quod illi hodie conlatum est ad gloriam nobis quoque proficiat ad salutem per

[475]

AD PACEM

Nclina domine aurem tuam ad preces familiae tuae et da pacem /quam permanere iugiter precepisti [fo. 246b] illut etiam specialiter praestare digneris ut parem caritatem teneamus quam pontifex tuus martinus in hoc saeculo te opitulante meruit obtenere per

476

IMMOLACIO

Ignum et iustum est Nos te domine deus noster in laudibus sancti martini honorari† qui sancti spiritus tui dono succensus ita in ipso tyrocinio fidei perfectus² ut christum texisset in pauperem et uestem quam egenus acce- 25 perat mundi dominus induisset O filex† largitas qua diuinitas operitur O clamides gloriosa diuisio quae militem texit et regem Inaestimabile donum est quod uestire deum³ /meruit deitatis praemium commisisti Digne huic confessionis tuae [fo. 247a Digne arrianorum non subiacuit feri- 30 tate† Digne tanto amore martinus persecutores tormenta non timuit securus quia tanta erat gloriacio passionis 4ut per⁴ quantitate uestis exiguae⁵ et vestire deum meruit et uidere O animi imitanda benignitas O uirtutum ueneranda potencia Sic egit suscepti pontificatus officium ut per formam probabilis uitae observanciam exegerit disciplinae Sic apostolica uirtute sperantibus contulit medi-cinam ut alios supplicacionibus alios uisu saluaret

20

¹ inenarrabilem, omn.

³ added at foot of page, usque hic. 5 exigua.

MISSALE GOTHICUM.

² perfectus inuentus est, N.F. ⁴—⁴ et pro.

⁶ m1: probalilis.

⁴⁰

Haec tua domine ueneranda potencia /cui cum lingua [fo. 247b] non supplet meritis exorare operibus sancti martini te opetulante mereamur imitari per christum dominum nostrum

MISSA DOMINICALIS [I]

[477]

DEus qui nobis omnipotenciam tuam parcendo maxime et miserando manifestas multiplica super nos graciam tuam ut ad tua promissa currentes caelestium bonorum facias esse consortes per

[478] COLLECCIO

Mnipotens sempiterne deus cui potestas est sine fine miserendi Respice propicius ad humilitatis1 nostrae supplicem seruitutem ut tibi ²subditas mentes² perpetuum defensiones† tuae seruet auxilium per

/POST NOMINA [fo. 248a

I Stis et omnibus in christo quiescentibus domine loc refrigerii lucis et pacis ut indulgeas diprecamur Ac si qui peccatorum meritis inferni tenebris ac suppliciis detenentur misericordiae tuae oramus indulge clemen- 20 ciam eosque ad requiem transire praecipias et in³ prima anastasi cum sanctis et electis tuis iubeas sociari ut aporcio tua sint in terra uiuenciuma per

AD PACEM

DEus cui* summum sacrificium est consciencia concede nobis quaesomus ut coniunccio labiorum [fo. 248b] Eus cui⁴ summum sacrificium est concordans anima Cui 25 copulam† efficiatur animarum /et ministerium [fo. 248b osculi perpetuae proficiat caritati per

IMMOLACIO [481]

Ignum et iustum est Nos tibi gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Tibi debitas laudes pio honore deferre et mirabilium tuorum inenarrabilia praeconia deuote mentis ueneracione celebrare Te igitur ineffabilem rerum omnium conditorem laudamus benedici- 35 mus adoramus per christum dominum nostrum

40

5

li, added over the line.
 2-2 subdita ments, Th., Mab., Mur., Vez.
 om. Mab., Mur., N.F.
 cuius, Mab., Mur., N.F.

a-a Ps. cxli, 6.

[482]

POST SANCTUS

Ere sanctus uere benedictus dominus noster iesus christus filios† tuus qui uenit de caelis ut conuersaretur in terris homo factus ut habitaret in nobis hostia effectus ut nos faceret sacerdotes ipse enim qui pridie¹

[483]

/POST SECRETA

[fo. 249a

Ostende omnipotens deus graciam agnusce doctrinam
Tu es mysterium pro salutem Tu precium doce²
perseueranciam cum docueris disciplinam ut in hac
oblacionem nos liberis† qui pro occidentibus et moreris
per

[484]

ANTE ORACIONE DOMINICA

N On sufficimus tibi gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus pro tantis misericordiae tuae donis quibus nos uiuificas sanctificas aeternitates³ praeparas et⁴ institutis unigeniti tui iesu christi domini ac saluatoris nostri indulgenciae⁵ pietatis tuę cum inmerita poscendi orare concides Cuius praecepta recolentes dicemus pater

[485]

POST ORACIONEM DOMINICAM

/L Ibera nos ab omni malo omnipotens deus [fo. 249b 20 et quia tibi soli est praestandi potestas tribue ut sollemni hoc sacrificium sanctificet corda nostra dum creditur deleat peccata dum sumitur per

[486]

POST COMMUNIONEM

CIbati panem uitae et salutaris puculum propinati fratres 25 karissimi agamus gracias omnipotenti deo patri obsecrantes misericordiam eius uti hoc sanctum benediccionis suae dono⁶ quod in nominis sui honore percepimus inlesum atque inuiolatum in nobis semper seruare dignetur per 30

[487]

CONSUMMACIO MISSAE

REfecti corporis et sanguinis domini nostri iesu christi in aeternum restituti hilares domini misericordię?

¹ usque hic added at foot of page.

³ aeternitati.

⁵ indulgentiam, Mab., N.F. ⁷ misericordiam, Mab., N.F.

² ? dona, N.F.

⁴ sed et.

⁶ donum, omn.

³³

/ITEM MISSA DOMINICALIS [II] [fo. 250a

Mnipotens deus dirige nos in uiam iusticiae ut haec geramus et illa cogitemus qui¹ tibi in diem iudicii excusare possimus per

I Nmensam tremendamque pietatis tuae clemenciam omnipotens deus supplices exoramus ut auxilio tuo uniuersa a nobis terrenorum uiciorum saeculariumque discriminum temptamenta discedant atque in eclesia tua catholica 10 religionis semper maneat inlibata deuocio per

[490]

POST NOMINA

A Uditis nominibus recensitis dilectissimi fratres deum pietatis et misericordiae dipraecimor /ut haec [fo. 250b] quae oblata sunt benignus adsumat Nullum umquam ex 15 his pro quibus holocausta franguntur muneris sui exterum esse paciatur tam uiuencium quam defunctorum uel uel ad peccata respiciens alios iubeat ad graciam alios ad ueniam pertinere per

491

AD PACEM

40

T Nlabere in animas nostras omnipotens aeterne deus templa quas² lapes ille angulares³† struxit⁴ ingredere Et⁵ maiestati hostias praeparatas per ipsum tibi possimus offerre qui sanctam⁶ constituit et pacem nobis propiciatús indulsit per

[492]

IMMOLACIO

Ignum et iustum est maiestatis⁷ tuae sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus /laudes pio honore [fo. 251a deferre et mirabilium tuorum inenarrabilia praeconia deuote mentes ueneracione celebrare hensibilem atque ineffabilem dominum

Te namque inconprae- 3º et creatorem omnium semper tremendum per iesum christum filium tuum deum ac dominum saluatoremque nostrum sentimus credisequimur et oramus Tibique purum hoc sacrificium offerimus gloriae tuae cum angelis et archangelis et innumera multitudine nunciorum nostris laudibus prosequentes qui in conspectu maiestatis tuae sine cessacione proclamant dicentes

¹ quae, Mab., N.F. ³ angularis tuus, Mab. ⁵ Ut, Mab., N.F.

⁷ maiestati, omn.

² quae, omn. ⁴ extruxit, Mab., N.F.

[493]

POST SANCTUS

U Ere sanctus Uere in excelsis dominus deus noster filius tuus rex israhel qui pridie

[494]

/POST SECRETA

[fo. 251*b*

PEr hunc te deus pater omnipotens dipraecamur ut sicut 5 sacri mysterii oboedicione retinemus ita ad tutellam nostram caelestis uirtus operetur per

[495]

ANTE ORACIONE DOMINICA

Once[de] domine famulis tuis ut orantes cum fiduciam dicamus sicut ipse iubere dignatus es dicere pater 10

[496]

POST ORACIONEM DOMINICAM

L Ibera nos a malo omnipotens deus et custodi in bono qui uiuis et regnas

[497]

POST COMMUNIONE

A Ccepto caelesti[s] corporis sacramento et salutis aeternae 15 calice recreati deo patri omnipotenti gracias agamus laudesque dicamus per

[498]

CONSUMMACIO MISSAE

DEus gracias tibi agimus per quem mysteria sancta celebramus /a te sanctitatis et misericordie dona [fo. 252a 20 deposcimus per dominum

ITEM MISSA DOMINICALIS [III]

[499]

[PRAEFACIO]

SEmpiternam dei maiestatem fratres karissimi dipraecimur ut sancta[m] per totius orbis spacia tueatur eclesiam conuersacionem sacerdotibus concedat honestam uitam populis tribuat sempiternam uirginibus uiduis orfanis ac paenitentibus uel in quibuscumque necessitatibus constitutis oportuna praesidia tribuat et sibi placita uota concedat in perigrinacionibus praemia¹ in doloribus medicamenta in laboribus praestet auxilium ²per dominum nostrum iesum christum filium suum qui secum semper uiuet et regnat deus in unitate spiritus sancti per omnia saecula saeculorum²

[500]

COLLECCIO

DEus qui ^adiues es ad ignuscendum^a /Et propterea [fo. 252*b* 35 uoluisti carnis humilitatem adsumere ut nobis

¹ peruia or praeuia.

^a—a Is, lv, 7.

²_2 In Tironian notation; om, omn.

humilitatis exempla relinqueris et in quibuscumque passionibus nos facires esse constantes Praesta ut semper bona quae a te percipimus teneamus et quociens in peccatis labimur per paenitenciam releuemur per ¹dominum nostrum iesum filium tuum qui tecum semper uiuet et regnat deus in unitate spiritus sancti per omnia saecula saeculorum¹

[501] POST NOMINA

 $R^{\,\mathrm{Ecensitis}}$ offerentum nominibus diuinam misericordiam exoremus. Ut offerentes sibi placitos esse faciat et quae offerunt in odorem² in odorem incensi bene flagrantes 10 adsumat defunctis pro quibus haec offeruntur aeternam beatitudinem uiuentibus graciam suae pietatis /con-[fo. 253a cedat et quia gratis non merentibus quae sunt oportuna praestare non desinit et illis pro quibus oblacio non offertur remuneracio beatitudinis non negetur per ¹dominum ¹⁵ nostrum¹

[502] AD PACEM

Eus pater omnipotens tuae pietatis ac si indigni misericordiam dipraecamus³ ut universos pacificos esse facias quos in sancta eclesia ut te diprecentur inuitas Con- 20 cordia4 in se alimenta nutriant et iurgiorum incrimenta succidant uel qui se affectant osculis purum⁵ semper corde conplectant Atque etiam illi studeant esse pacifici qui se non uidentur labiis osculari per

IMMOLACIO [503]

25 Ignum et iustum est Uere aequum /et iustum [fo. 253b] est ineffabilis inconpraehensibilis sempiterne deus Nos tibi semper gracias agere quos inmensa non desinis ⁶miseracioni foueri⁶ Nam quis tuam possit digne laudare potenciam Cuius nec diuinitas mortali aspectu cernitur nec inmensitas sermonibus explicatur Sufficit ergo te patrem diligimus dominum ueneramur creatorem amplectimur redemtorem Praesta clementissime dominator ut angusti callis quam praecepis semitam possimus ascendere per quam ad aeternam ualeamus beati- 35 tudinem peruenire Nec ullis inpediti obstaculis teneamur /Sed sit nobis cursus ipsius itineris aeter- [fo. 254a nitas salutaris per christum dominum nostrum per ⁷quem maiestatem7

² Deleted by later points.

¹⁻¹ In Tironian notation; om. omn.

depraecamur; second a, m².
 puro, Mab., N.F.
 added in Tironian notation.

^{*} a above the line; ? Concordiae. 6_6 miseratione fovere, omn.

[504]

POST SANCTUS

| Ere sanctus | Uere benedictus in excelsis dominus deus noster iesus christus filius tuus rex israhel qui sicut aoues ad occisionem¹ ductus aet sicut agnus coram tondente se sine uoce sic non aperuit os suuma ipse enim qui pridie 5

[505]

POST MYSTERIUM

Magnum hoc munus misericordie est qui nobis docuit redempcionis nostre sacrificia celebrare sicut obtulit dominus noster iesus christus in terris per quem te pater omnipotens dipraecamur ut supraposito² altario tuo munera 10 laetus aspicias atque haec omnia $\sqrt[3]{}$ obumbres sancti [fo. 254b filii tui spiritus 3 ut quod ex hac tua benedictione acceperimus aeternitatis gloria[m] consequamur per

[506]

ANTE ORACIONEM DOMINICAM

M Emoris praeceptorum tuorum domine oramus et dicimus 15

POST ORACIONE DOMINICA

Libera nos a malis auctor bonorum omnium deus Libera nos ab omni temptacione ab omni scandalum ab omni herese ab omni opere tenebrarum Et constitue nos in omni opere bono et da pacem in diebus nostris 20. auctor pacis et ueritas4 deus per

[508]

POST COMMONIONEM+

S Piritalibus pasti aepulis Oremus patrem et filium et spiritum sanctum ut mortificatis desideriis carnis in omnibus /sit nostra conuersacio spiritalis per [fo. 255a 25]

[509]

CONSUMMACIO MISSAE

CUstodi intra nos domine gloriae tuae munus ut contra omnia praesentis saeculi macula⁵ eucharistiae uiribus quem⁶ percipimus muniamur ⁷quod ipse praestare⁷

ITEM MISSA DOMINICALIS [IV]

[510]

A D aures clemenciae tue deus uox nostrae supplica-cionis ascendat et tua nos misericordia consequatur

30 .

¹ occasionem (!), Mab., Vez.
2 supraposi
3-3 obumbret or spiritu, Mab.
4 ueritatis.
5 mala.
7-7 added

² supraposita, omn.

⁷⁻⁷ added in Merovingian script.

a_a Act. viii, 32.

[511]

COLLECCIO

A Ccepta tibi sit domine nostre seruitutis oblacio quae nos et a reatibus nostris absoluat et ab inminentibus malis eripiat per

[512]

POST NOMINA

Fferunt tibi domine uirtutum munera et uota credentes /Suscipe nomine¹ tuo debita honoris obse- [fo. 255b] quia pro pacem eclesiae tuae pro conmemoracionem omnium sanctorum pro sacerdotum et ministrorum puritatem pro regum pacabilitatem pro sufficiencia rerum et temporum tranquillitate pro perseuerancia uirginum et continencia uiduarum pro orfanorum tuicione et paenitencium subleuacione pro salute omnium uiuencium et pro requiem defunctorum per

[513]

AD PACEM

15

A cunctis iniquitatibus nostris exue nos omnipotens deus et in tua nos fac pace gaudire per

[514]

CONTESTACIO

Dignum et iustum est inuisibilis /inaestima- [fo. 256a bilis inmense deus et pater domini nostri iesu 20 christi qui formam sacrificii perennis instituens hostiam se tibi primum obtulit et primus docuit offerri Te enim omnipotens deus omnes angeli

[515]

POST SANCTUS

SAnctus in sanctis benedictus in terris dominus noster 25 iesus christus qui pridie

[516]

POST SECRETA

Redimus domine credimus in hac confraccione corporis et effusione tui sanguinis nos esse redemptus

Confidimus etiam quod² spe hic interim iam tenemus in 30 aeternum perfrui mereamur per

[517]

ANTE ORACIONE DOMINICA

 $D^{\text{Iuino maiesterio docti}}_{\text{audemus dicere}}$ et salutaribus monitis instituti

1 ? nomini, N.F.

2 ut quod.

[518]

/POST ORACIONEM DOMINICAM [fo. 256b]

L Ibera nos omnipotens deus a malis et constitue nos in bonis Euacua nos a uiciis et reple uirtutibus tuis per

[519]

POST COMMUNIONEM

Orpus tuum domine quod accipimus et calicem tuum quem potauimus hereat in uisceribus nostris presta deus omnipotens ut non remaneat macula ubi pura et sancta intrauerunt sacramenta per

[520]

CONSUMMACIO MISSAE

Xaudi praeces familiae tuae omnipotens deus et presta ut sancta haec quae te donante sumpsemus incorrupta in nobis te donante seruemus per

ITEM MISSA DOMINICALIS [V]

[521]

Eus qui nos regendo conseruas parcendo iustificas¹ /et a temporale tribulacione nos eripe et gaudia [fo. 257a nobis aeterna largire per

[522]

COLLECCIO

Eus in te sperancium misericors eruditor ab omni nos 20 consorcio prauitatis absolue Nec ullis nos iniquitatum uinculis paciaris adstringi ut unde nobis est tota pietas inde sit tuta libertas per dominum

[523]

POST NOMINA²

E xaudi domine offerentum praeces uota suscipe peccata 25 dimitte tribue tuorum intercessione sanctorum caris quoque nostris qui in christo dormierunt refrigerium in regione uiuorum per⁸

[524]

AD PACEM

Mnipotens sempiterne deus largitor pacis et generis 30 humani formator /Da seruis tuis ueram uolun- [fo. 257b] [ta]te[m] concordiae et indulgencie tuae pietatis infunde per

1 usque hic, added at foot of page.

followed by audiamus nomen [h]orum in Tironian notation.
 per dominum, Mab., Mur., N.F.
 indulgentiam, Mab., N.F.

$[525]^{1}$

IMMOLACIO

DIgnum et iustum est aequum et iustum est Nos tibi hic et ubique semper gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Qui nobis pietate pater es cum dominus potestate permaneas quoniam quos origo fecerat seruos adoptare dignatus es in filios et quos generacio terrena dimerserat in mortem regeneracio celestis erexit ad uitam Te enim omnipotens deus omnes angeli

[526]

POST SANCTUS

Uere in excelsis benedictus dominus deus moster per quem te supplices dipreçamur /uti hanc oblacionem quam tibi offerimus pro eclesie tue [fo. 258a catholicae fide stabilitate concordia pro emundacione uiciorum et remissione peccatorum pro gloria martyrum et requiem defunctorum propiciatus aspicias Aspiciendo sanctifices Sanctificando benedicas per sanctum et benedictum iesum christum filium tuum dominum nostrum qui pridie

[527]

POST SECRETA

M Emores gloriosissimi domini passionis et ab inferis 20 resurrectionis Offerimus tibi domine hanc inmaculatam hostiam Racionalem hostiam Incruentam hostiam Hunc panem sanctum et calicem salutarem obsecrantes /ut infundere digneris spiritum tuum [fo. 258b sanctum edentibus nobis uitam aeternam regnumque 20 perpetuum conlatura potantibus per

[528]

ANTE ORACIONEM DOMINICAM

N On nostro merito omnipotens deus sed iesu christi filii tui oboedientes praecepto audemus dicere pater

[529]

POST ORACIONEM DOMINICAM

Libera nos a malis praesentibus et futuris omnipotens deus Libera nos a periculis ab infirmitatibus ab scandalis et praepara nos ad omne bonum per bonum et benedictum dominum nostrum

¹ In the margin, in Tironian notation, Pax et karitas domini nostri iesu christi 35 sit semper uobiscum.

a Cf. Rom. viii, 23.

[530]

POST COMMUNIONE

Diuinam misericordiam concordi oracione poscamus ut haec salutifera sacramenta nostris recepta uisceribus /purificent animam corpusque sanctificent atque [fo. 259a ad spem caelestium uiscera pariter et corda confirment per

[531]

ITEM COLLECCIO

DEus iusticiae deus misericordiae deus inmortalitatis et uitae deus splendoris et gloriae quaesomus te et oramus ut diuinis muneribus recreati in illam beatitudinem seruemur a te tibi per

ITEM MISSA DOMINICALIS [VI]

[532] [PRAEFACIO]

M Ultiplicibus 'innixi uinculis dilectorum' fratres karissiini ad singularem† confugiamus absolucionis diuinae
remedium et humiliati in sacrificium dominum dipraecimor quem cotidie prauis inamaricamus operibus
/qualiter nos sua protegente dextera ab omni con- [fo. 259b
tagione ereptus regnorum caelestium heredis efficiat per

[533] COLLECCIO

I Nclina aurem tuam omnipotens deus et esto nobis praesentis uitae rector ut sis remunerator futurae per²

[534]

POST NOMINA

OFferentum nominibus recensitis fratres karissimi dominum diprecimur ut eorum oblacione[s] inter sanctorum dona suscipiat quorum a nobis facienda commemoracio est ut et nostri memores esse dignentur Petamus et pro his qui nos in dominica pace praecesserunt Ut tartario horrore segregatus in sinu abrahae conlocatus resuscitare omnipotens dignetur /in prima sua resur- [fo. 260a receione quam facturus est per

[535]

AD PACEM

D^Eus per cuius os prolatum est quod pacem omnibus dares et pacis statuta relinqueris infunde in nostris 35 sensibus pacis studium et piae uoluntatis³ ut uiciorum

¹_1 innexi u. delictorum.

² audiamus nomen [h] orum, added in Tironian notation. ³ uoluntatis effectum, cf. p. 86, l. 15.

omnium labe purgati — pacem quam labiis oris prosequimur inmaculatis cordibus teneamur† — per¹

[536] IMOLACIO

DIgnum et iustum est aequum et iustum est Nos tibi hic et ubique semper gracias agere domine sancte pater omnipotens aeterne deus Qui nos a morte perpetua atque ab ultimis inferni sedibus liberasti Uenerat quidem mors per mulierem Sed uenit uita per uirginem /interitus [fo. 2606 per lignum Sed in ligno salus in iesu christo facta est finis moriendi qui perennitatem uitae suae corpori restituit Cui omnes caelorum cum multiplici uirtute miliciae hymnum debitum. 2et gloria tua sine cessacione proclamant dicentes

[537] POST SANCTUS

OSanna in excelsis Benedictus qui uenit de caelis ut conuersaretur in terris caro factus ut per passionem suam uitam credentibus daret Ipse enim qui pridie

[538] POST SECRETA

Explente[s] sacrosancta caerimoniorum sollemnia ritu melchesedech summi sacerdotes oblata praecamur mente deuota te maiestas /aeterna ut operante [fo. 261a uirtute panem mutatum in carne puculum uersum in sanguine illum sumamus in calicem qui de te fluxit in cruce ex latere saluator³

[539] ANTE ORACIONE DOMINICA

A Gnusce domine uerba qua[e] praecipisti Ignusce praesumpcioni quam imperasti Ignorancia est enim non nosse me(ri)tum Contumacia non seru(a)re praeceptum quibus iubemur dicere

[540] POST ORACIONE DOMINICA

3 In Merovingian script.

L Ibera nos a malo domine christe iesu Co(r)pus tuum pro nobis cruci(fix)um ędimus Et sanguinem sanctum

¹ In the margin, in Tironian notation, Pax fidis† karitas domini [nostri iesu] christi et omnium sanctorum sit semper [uobiscum].—Sursum corda. +

²—² gloriae tuae; et gloriam tuam, Mab., N.F.

tuum pro nobis effusum bibimus Fiat nobis corpus sanctum tuum ¹(in) salute¹ et sanguis sanctus tuos² in re(mis)sione peccatorum hic et in ete(rn)a secula seculorum

[541] /POST COMMUNIONEM

[fo. 261*b*

A Gamus om(ni)po(tenti deo) gracias quia refecit nos pane 5 caeleste et puculo spiritali sperantes ab eius benigna clemencia ut per effusionem spiritus sancti sui in quibus cybi caelestis uirtus introibit† sinceritatis gracia perseueret per

[542]

CONSUMMACIO MISSAE

TO.

 (D^{Eus}) tibi gracias agimus per quem mysteria sancta celebramus a te quoque sanctitatis et sanitatis per \$\frac{3}{2}\$spiritus [s]ancti\$ tui gracia dona deposcimus per

MISSA, COTIDIANA ROMIN(SIS)

[543]

15

DEus qui culpa offenderis penitencia placaris afflic(torum ge)mitus res(pice) et mala quae (ius)te inroga(s) (mise)ricorditer auerte per

^{1—1} ad salutem, omn.
3—3 \$\overline{s}ps\overline{c}i\$; MS. very indistinct.



APPENDIX TO THE TEXT.

[In order to complete the record of the readings of previous editions.]

Ŧ.

Bibliotheca patrum et ueterum auctorum ecclesiasticorum, &c. per Margarinum de la Bigne. Ed. I, Paris, 1575, Tom. IV, c. 147; Ed. II, Paris, 1589, Tom. VI, c. 251; Ed. III, Paris, 1610, Tom. VI, c. 211; Ed. IV, Paris, 1624, Tom. VI, c. 155.

ORATIONES MISSALLES DEUOTISS. EX UETUSTISSIMO MANU SCRIPTO GOTTICO MISSALI.

Ordo missae in caena domini. Cf. No. 205 sqq.

p. 62, l. 18, ORATIO SUPER OBLATA; 21, immolationis; 24, conspersionem.

p. 63, l. 5, per eundem dominum, &c.; 12, partem; 18, exteri; 21, Dignetur per; uerissimis, informabat; 26, quid enim mirum; 31, carne; 34, ablueret.

p. 64, l. 2, rege; 4, humilitatis; 7, om. ante cuius; 19, om. saluator; 23, uoces; 26, om. a; 31, om. IN BIDUANA.

p. 65, l. 4, per eundem, &c.; 14, stipendia for suspendia; 17, 18, ORATIONES IN DIE SABBATI PASCHA; 23, deprecemur; 25, om. eius filius, qui for cui; 26, clamante servet; 29, COLLATIO for COLLECCIO.

p. 66, l. 4, om. saluator; 6, Per domini gratiam aquam; 10, patria for patria; precum for precariis; 13, quotidiani; 14, donari for in anni; 17, et percussis, ecclesiae, pacem; 20, solemnitate, a uastatura; 22, ORATIO for COLLECCIO; 24, effecto, facere for fore, amen for saluator; 26, AD NOCTEM SANCTAM; 29, Ductorem; 32, om. noctis.

p. 67, l. 9, CEREI; 16, illustrata, orbis; 17, amisisse; 23, numerum; 24, 25, per dominum, &c.; 26, COLLATIO CEREI; 33, paschalia.

p. 68, 1. 5, et gratiae; 9, inaestimabilis; 26, cereis; 30, explorat; 34, paruis (for pinnibus) cruribus; 35, incedunt par ore l. f. et; 38, liquantia; 39, aliae ornatus fingunt.

p. 69, l. 7, honorem; 8, deficiens; 15, N. for illo, quiete; 17, om. filium tuum; 18, COLLATIO; 19, nostrarum; 30, mensis for incensis; 32, per resurrectionem; 35, ORATIONIS for ORACIO, and similarly on p. 70, ll. 13, 26; p. 71, ll. 1, 13, 28; p. 72, ll. 6, 18, 30; p. 73, ll. 10, 22; p. 74, l. 5.

p. 70, l. 5, saeculorum, Amen; 8, sanctifica, praemunitam.

p. 71, l. 12, per Iesum Christum; 13, PARIENTIBUS for FACIENTIBUS; 21, per dominum.

p. 72, l. 1, ORATIO SEQUITUR; 5, per dominum; 11, caelestis; 15, pristinam sanitatem; 19, add after PAENITENTIBUS, PRAEFATIO.

p. 73, l. 2, concordis; 3, tuum; 32, requieuerunt.

p. 74, l. 4, ingemiscat, per dominum, &c.; ejus infantiam, N for illo; 20, conditione; 21, domino nostro; 22, Hi for Hic;

24, sigillo, qua indigent pietatem.

p. 75, l. 3, uerbo domini qui; 9, Os for Conuersus; 11, om. nostrum; 11, 12, qui uiuit, &c.; 15, uictricis fontis; 16, adhuc, mergentes for mercaturos; 19, sacramento; 20, gubernat for gubernatus est; 22, hunc, beatissimae; 23, remissionem; 26, Iordanis, salute; 27, has for his.

p. 76, l. 1, CONTESTAN; 5, ignis for aquis; 6, diuites for diuiciae; 7, angelo; 9, quae; 11, prioris sordes abluat; 12, tibi; 13, florescant, ueri; 18, hunc; 31, 32, spiritui sancto;

32, hunc; 33, remissionem.

p. 77, l. 1, aquam; 3, chrismatis; 6, om. ei; 7, N for illum; 12, chrismate; 13, chrismate, tunica; 14, quam; 27, om. amen; 30, amphibiis for aufetis; 31, quos for cujus; 32, uestra for uestire.

p. 78, 1. 16, jugi; 18, om. ei; 19, dominum for resurgentem; 24, om.

saluator; 30, per dominum.

p. 79, l. 9, potestatem; l. 16, effecis, d. s. effectis; 21, in quam. p. 80, l. 15, sancti, per eundem dominum nostrum Iesum Christum.

II.

Rerum liturgicarum libri duo, &c., auctore Iohanne Bona.

Ed. Romae, 1671, pp. 78, 81; ed. Paris, 1672, pp. 86, 89; ed. Colon. Agripp., 1674, pp. 154, 161; ed. Augustae Taurinorum 1747-1753, Tom. I, pp. 241, 249, 302.

also in Opera Omnia, ed. Paris, 1677, Tom. III, pp. 116, 121.

(a.)
Missa S. Martini.
Cf. No. 472 sqq.

p. 129, l. 9, inenarrabilem, postulamus; 14, om. per; 20, om. per; 25, paupere; 29 and 33, Dominum for deum.

(b.)
Missa S. Stephani.
Cf. Nos. 25–36.

p. 7, 1. 36. Dominum for deum.

p. 8, 1l. 3, 4, om. iesum suum; 23, Tribue; 25, om. Praesta tuum; 34, et for cum; 35, 36, om. per . . . tuum.

p. 9, l. 10, fauore; 13, testimonium.

- p. 10, l. 6, numerauit for munerauit; 9, after pateretur add accepit panem, &c.; 12, et for Haec; 15, et for ac; 16, om. iesum tuum; 33, after per add eumdem dominum nostrum.
- p. 11, l. 5, fide; 8, 9, quae pro inimicis orabat; 12, digneris qui uiuis et omnia regis in secula seculorum Amen; 15, et for ac; 16, ac for et.

(c.)
Apologia sacerdotis.
Cf. No. 275.

p. 81, l. 8, sanctos uultus tuos for tuos sanctos uultus; 11, peccator; 11-14, om. quidne interuentor; 14, om. ergo; 19, non nisi uerbis for nisi uerbis non; 26, caelum; 30, 31, uiuis et regnas in saecula saeculorum for in trinitate tecum uiuit et regnat.



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- 1893.* V. MISSALE AD USUM ECCLESIÆ WESTMONASTERIENSIS, fasc. ii. Edited by Dr. J. WICKHAM LEGG, F.S.A. 8vo. [Aug. 1893.]
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^{*} The books issued for 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895 are out of print.

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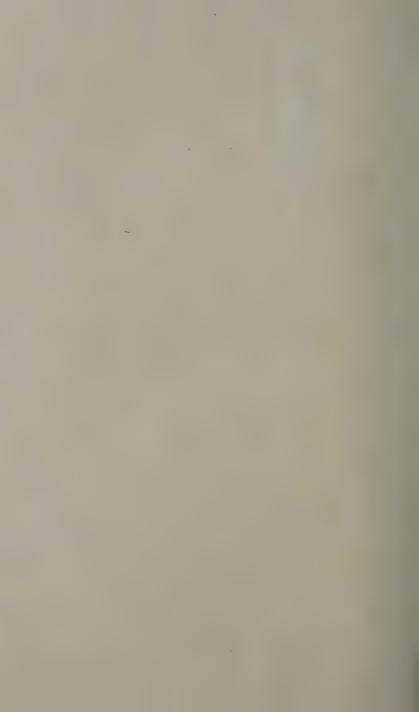
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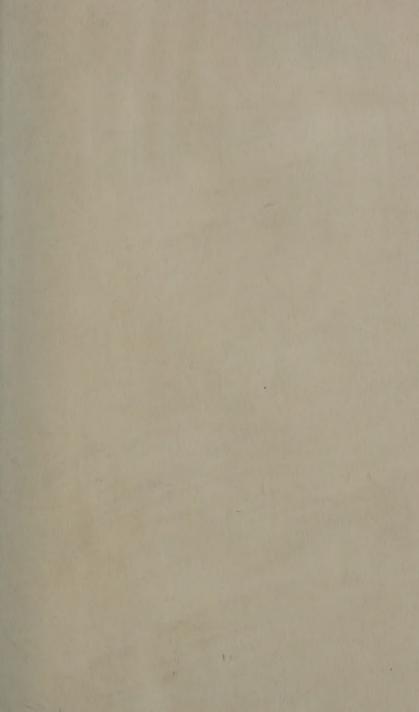
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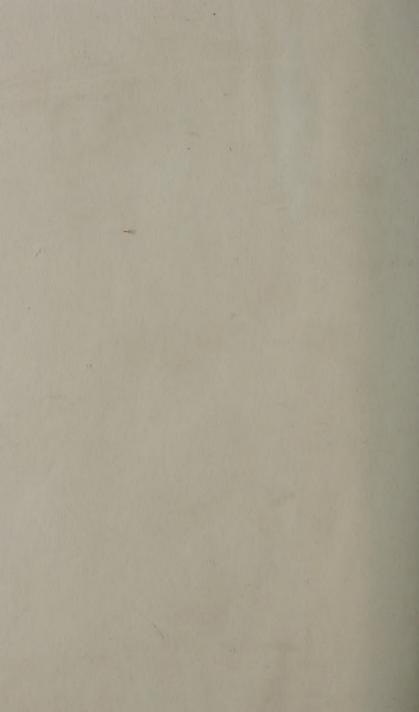
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